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ABSTRACT

Many adolescents need basic health care and other services that address risky behaviors such as sexual activity, violence, alcohol and drug abuse, and the consequences of these behaviors. This publication summarizes laws and resolutions on adolescent health issues passed in 1997 state and territory legislative sessions. No 1997 legislative session was held in Kentucky; therefore, adolescent health legislation from this state is not included. Nor was any legislation related to adolescent health passed in 1997 in American Samoa, the District of Columbia, Guam, New Mexico, the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Wyoming. Brief descriptions of laws are provided pertaining to the following topics: (1) abortions; (2) abstinence, sexuality education, and pregnancy prevention; (3) adolescent general health; (4) community health, including immunizations; (5) HIV/AIDS; (6) insurance; (7) Medicaid; (8) mental health; (9) pregnancy, parenting, contraception, and family planning; (10) school health and school-based health services; (11) sexual conduct; (12) sexually transmitted diseases; (13) substance abuse, including date rape drugs, drinking and driving, penalties, and prevention; (14) tattooing and body piercing; (15) tobacco; and (16) violence prevention. The summary indicates that during the 1997 legislative session teen pregnancy, school health programs, substance abuse, and tobacco were the top adolescent health issues addressed by state legislatures. The summary's appendices include a state-by-state summary of 1992-1996 health legislation, resource directory, and a list of state adolescent health coordinators/directors. (KB)

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# ADOLESCENT HEALTH ISSUES

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# 1997

## STATE ACTIONS

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# ADOLESCENT HEALTH ISSUES
## STATE ACTIONS 1997

BY

NICOLE KENDELL
PREVENTION PROJECTS PROGRAM

NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF STATE LEGISLATURES
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JANUARY 1998

The National Conference of State Legislatures serves the legislators and staffs of the nation's 50 states, its commonwealths and territories. NCSL is a bipartisan organization with three objectives:

- To improve the quality and effectiveness of state legislatures,
- To foster interstate communication and cooperation, and
- To ensure states a strong, cohesive voice in the federal system.

The Conference has offices in Denver, Colorado, and Washington, D.C.

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# Acronyms and Abbreviations

| | |
|---|---|
| **AB** | Assembly bill |
| **ACR** | Assembly concurrent resolution |
| **AIDS** | Acquired immune deficiency syndrome |
| **ARKIDS First Program** | Arkansas Medicaid program |
| **BAC** | Blood alcohol content |
| **Badger Care** | Wisconsin health insurance program |
| **CHAP** | Children's health assistance program |
| **CHIP** | Children's health insurance program |
| **HB** | House bill |
| **HCR** | House concurrent resolution |
| **HIV** | Human immunodeficiency virus (the virus that causes AIDS) |
| **HJM** | House joint memorial |
| **HJR** | House joint resolution |
| **HMO** | Health maintenance organization |
| **HR** | House resolution |
| **HUSKY** | Connecticut health insurance program |
| **Kids First** | Arkansas Medicaid program |
| **MassHealth** | Massachusetts Medicaid program |
| **Medi-Cal** | California Medicaid program |
| **RAVE** | Private party where youth often congregate |
| **SB** | Senate bill |
| **SBHC** | School-based health clinic (or center) |
| **SCR** | Senate concurrent resolution |
| **SJR** | Senate joint resolution |
| **SR** | Senate resolution |
| **STD** | Sexually transmitted diseases |
| **TANF** | Temporary assistance to needy families |

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# ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The National Conference of State Legislatures is indebted to many state legislative staff who identified relevant legislation and sent copies of acts. This publication also includes legislative summaries produced by Lee Sanchez and Jacob Herstek and other members of the Health Policy Tracking Service in NCSL's Washington, D.C. office. Thanks to those individuals and states.

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The internal illustrations are the creative works of students in grades 7 and 8 at Wood Middle School in Wilsonville, Oregon and Hazelwood Central High School in Florissant, Missouri. Special thanks to educator Ms. Geri Gates for organizing the artwork for our use. Thanks also to Bruce Holdeman of 601 Design Inc., for designing the cover.

This publication is made possible through a cooperative agreement with the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Division of Adolescent and School Health (DASH) (U87/CCU810205).

Please notify NCSL about mistakes or missing information. If you have questions or requests for further information, call NCSL's Prevention Projects Program in the Denver office at (303) 830-2200.

# ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Nicole Kendell is a research analyst in NCSL's Prevention Projects Program. She holds a bachelor of arts degree in public affairs and sociology from the University of Denver.

# PREVENTION PROJECTS PROGRAM

The National Conference of State Legislatures works in partnership with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention to educate state legislators about the human immunodeficiency virus, prevention of sexually transmitted diseases and adolescent and school health issues. NCSL's Prevention Projects Program serves state legislatures as an information resource and as a forum for communicating with legislative colleagues, experts and government officials around the country.

NCSL encourages legislators and legislative staff from the nation's 50 states, commonwealths and territories to request assistance from NCSL's Prevention Projects Program. These products and services are available at no cost to legislators and legislative staff:

- Information clearinghouse with extensive state and topic files and referral to state contacts and other resources;
- Issue briefs, reports and legislative summaries;
- Testimony for legislative committees;
- Meetings for legislators and state health and education agency directors;
- Internet access to HIV, STD, school health and adolescent health state laws and information; and
- Database of school health funding in the 50 states, commonwealths and territories.

The Health Policy Tracking Service at the National Conference of State Legislatures has a new public web site that provides information on the Internet concerning state policies and legislation on adolescent health, HIV/AIDS, Sexually Transmitted Diseases, welfare reform and immigrants, youth access to alcohol and underage drinking. The web site (StateServ.hpts.org) provides current, exclusive information on developments in state legislation, and policies and programs affecting these health and policy topics. Funding for this web site is provided by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and The Ford Foundation.

**Adolescent Health**—A growing number of America's 30 million adolescents face high risks for substance abuse, violence and sexual activity leading to pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV infection. Many adolescent health problems are behavior-related and preventable. The project addresses a number of adolescent health issues including mental health, violence, and alcohol and drug abuse. In addition, the project provides legislators information on state issues and research related to coordinated school health programs. The coordinated school health programs model includes eight components: health education, physical education, health services, nutrition services, health promotion for staff, counseling and psychological services, healthy school environment, and parent and community involvement.

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Nicole Kendell (nicole.kendell@ncsl.org) Phone (303) 839-0286

**Health Promotion Project**—addresses state tobacco issues as they relate to youth access. Youth smoking continues to increase and the state role in prevention and control is critical. The project also addresses physical activity and nutrition issues primarily aimed at state legislators. As elected leaders, state legislators can be effective public role models of healthy behavior.

**Staff contacts**: Melissa Hough (melissa.hough@ncsl.org) Phone: (303) 839-0271

**HIV/AIDS**—HIV/AIDS has surpassed accidents, cancer and heart disease as a leading killer of all Americans aged 25 to 44. While the spread of HIV appears to be leveling off, the epidemic is making disturbing inroads in women, adolescents and young gay and bisexual men. Increased knowledge and progress in prevention has stimulated the most recent state legislation. Advances in HIV/AIDS drug treatments compel legislatures to assess funding levels for AIDS drug assistance programs.

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**School Health Program Finance Project**—Collects and reports 50-state information on state and federal funding for school health programs.

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Stephanie Wilson (stephanie.wilson@ncsl.org) Phone: (303) 894-3192

**Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STDs)**—are among the most prevalent infectious diseases in the United States, according to the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases. More than 50 infections and syndromes can be sexually transmitted. Among the most preventable diseases, they affect more than 13 million people throughout the nation annually. Although STDs infect people of every age, background and socioeconomic level, patients under age 25 account for nearly two-thirds of all reported STDs.

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Tracey Hooker (tracey.hooker@ncsl.org) Phone: (303) 894-3198

**Teen Pregnancy Project**—Every year in the United States, almost one million teenagers become pregnant. This project disseminates information on teen pregnancy prevention strategies, including legislation, state experiences, innovative pregnancy prevention programs and current research and evaluations.

**Staff contact**: Nicole Kendell (nicole.kendell@ncsl.org) Phone (303) 839-0286

These activities are funded through a cooperative agreement with the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. For further information call Tracey Hooker, director of the Prevention Projects Program, (303) 830-2200 or e-mail: (tracey.hooker@ncsl.org).

NCSL's World Wide Web page, www.ncsl.org, contains a Prevention Projects Program page.

**ERRATA**

**Adolescent Health Issues: State Actions 1997**

| | | |
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| • Page 17 | Medicaid | ND 1995 Sess. Laws, 406 (HB 1036) change to ND 1997 Sess. Laws, 406 (HB 1036) |
| • Page 19 | Mental Health | ND 1995 Sess. Laws, 406 (HB 1036) change to ND 1997 Sess. Laws, 406 (HB 1036) |
| • Page 32 | Substance Abuse Date Rape Drugs | ND 1995 Sess. Laws, 123 (HB 2285) change to ND 1997 Sess. Laws, 123 (HB 2285) |
| • Page 34 | Substance Abuse Drinking and Driving | ND 1995 Sess. Laws, 334 (HB 1111) change to ND 1997 Sess. Laws, 334 (HB 1111) |

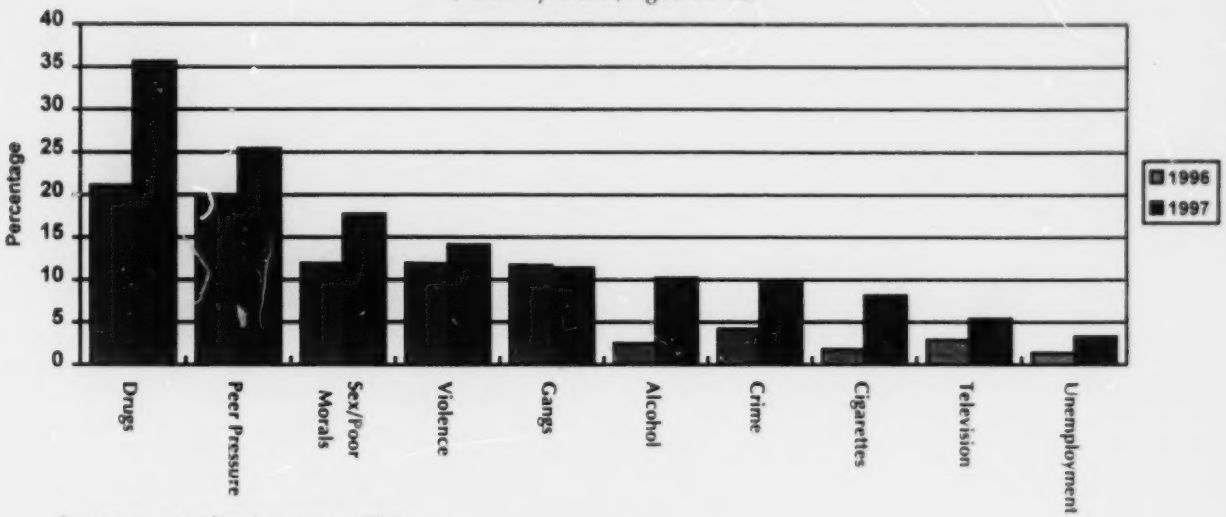
3/9/98

# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The 10 worst influences from the viewpoint of teens aged 14 to 18 are drugs, peer pressure, sex and poor morals, violence, gangs, alcohol, crime, cigarettes, television, and unemployment. Improving the lives of adolescents continues to be a priority in state legislatures. During the 1997 legislative session teen pregnancy, school health programs, substance abuse and tobacco were the top adolescent health issues addressed by state legislatures.

**Ten Worst Influences Facing Youth**

(Rated by Youth, Aged 14-18)

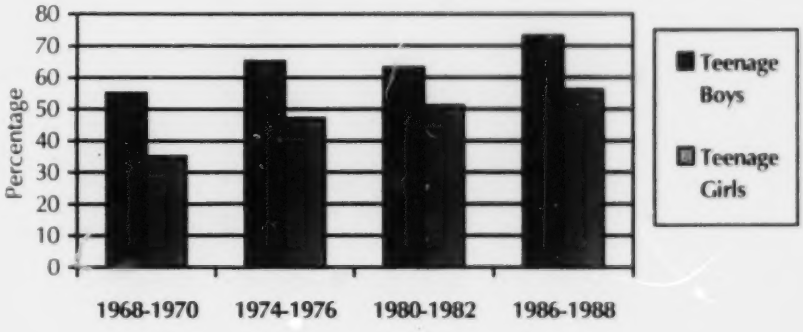



**Source:** Horatio Alger Association, 1997.

### *Abstinence Education*

Although many teens are not sexually active, more teens today are having sex than in previous decades, according to the National Campaign to Prevent Teen Pregnancy. In the 1997 legislative session, nine states passed legislation regarding abstinence education programs for teens. **Georgia** provides funds to ensure the primary emphasis of teen pregnancy education is focused on abstinence. **Iowa** emphasizes abstinence during adolescent years as the only safe and effective means of avoiding pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases. "Chastity Awareness

**Teenage Boys and Girls Who Reported Having Intercourse by Age 18**




**Source:** National Campaign to Prevent Teen Pregnancy, 1997.

Week" was created in **Pennsylvania,** and **Rhode Island** created the Teen Pregnancy Prevention Partnership Act to integrate statewide involvement in a comprehensive abstinence education program.

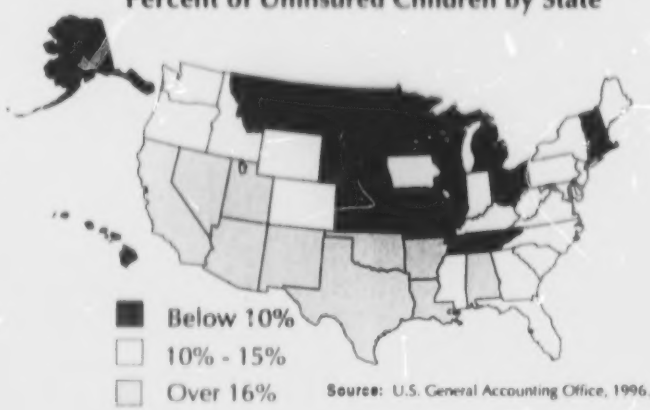
## *HIV/AIDS/STDs*

A study by the MTV cable network and Yale University found that 53 percent of unmarried respondents said they did not use a condom the last time they had sex, yet 87 percent of young people do not believe they are vulnerable to the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). According to the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, HIV infection and AIDS is the sixth leading cause of death among young people between the ages of 15 and 24. Sixteen states passed HIV/AIDS legislation pertaining to adolescents during the 1997 legislative sessions. **Illinois** appropriated over $11 million for HIV/AIDS education, services, counseling, testing and referral. **Tennessee** mandates that prison inmates younger than age 21 must undergo HIV testing, unless previously tested, with or without giving consent. **Michigan** appropriated $3 million for AIDS education and outreach programs, ensuring that adolescents receive priority for prevention services. According to the American Social Health Association, approximately 12 million new cases of sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) are diagnosed each year in the United States, and 86 percent of those cases occurred in 15- to 29-year-olds. In the 1997 legislative session, six states passed legislation related to STDs and adolescents.

## *Insurance*

In the 1997 legislative session, 19 states passed legislation concerning adolescents and insurance coverage. **Pennsylvania**, added an additional cigarette tax to be allocated to the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). **Colorado** created the Dental Program Act of 1997 to provide a dental assistance program for youth under age 21who lack dental insurance and are ineligible for Medicaid. In the United States, more than 10 million children are uninsured.

**Percent of Uninsured Children by State**




**Source:** U.S. General Accounting Office, 1996.

## *Medicaid*

For the past several years, state Medicaid programs--which constitute the better part of the nation's health care safety net for low-income populations--have been moving from traditional fee-for-service to capitated managed care in an effort to control costs. Both voluntary and mandatory enrollment efforts have focused on populations of younger women and children. Twelve states passed legislation concerning Medicaid and adolescents. **Arkansas** established the ARKids First program, which expands Medicaid eligibility to children 18 and younger whose families have incomes that do not exceed 200 percent of the federal poverty level and currently have no available health coverage. **Florida** expanded the categories of Medicaid-eligible children for whom a school district could receive reimbursement. **Wisconsin** created BadgerCare, a program for low-income families that lack employer-sponsored medical insurance.

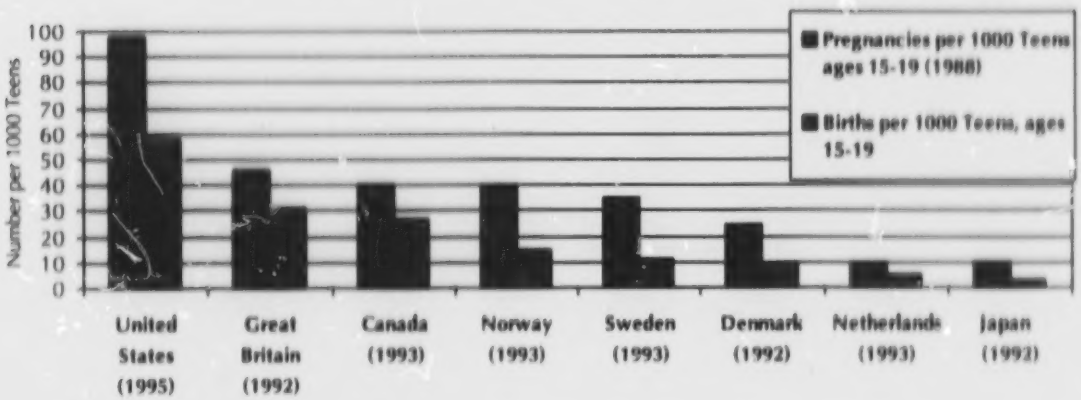
## *Mental Health*

As many as three million young people may have a serious emotional disturbance that impairs their ability to function appropriately, according to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Nineteen states passed laws addressing mental health issues and youth. **Idaho** created the Children's Mental Health Services Act to provide mental health services that are individually planned to meet the unique needs of each child and family. **Nebraska** allows peace officers to take custody of juveniles for mental health reasons. **Montana** states that minors who are at least 16 years of age can consent to mental health services without the approval of their parents, and **West Virginia** expands services by enabling minors to benefit from early intervention.

## *Pregnancy and Parenting*

According to the National Campaign to Prevent Teen Pregnancy, approximately four out of 10 girls become pregnant at least once before age 20. The teen birth rate in the United States is the highest of any industrialized nation. In 1997, 18 states passed legislation addressing teen pregnancy, parenting and contraception. **Louisiana** appointed a joint committee to study the feasibility of implementing the "Baby Think it Over Program." This program currently is being used by several states as a learning tool for young adults, allowing them to experience hands-on the responsibility of caring for an infant. In **New York**, $7 million is appropriated to the Department of Health for community health education and outreach to address the pregnancy needs of both adults and adolescents.

**Pregnancy and Birth Rates in Industrialized Nations**




**Source:** National Campaign to Prevent Teen Pregnancy, 1997.

## *School Health/School-Based Health Services*

Schools are in a unique position to have a positive effect on the health of 13-to-17-year-olds. During the 1997 legislative session, 25 states passed legislation regarding school health issues. **Connecticut** Legislature appropriated $175,000 to the Department of Public Health for school-based health centers and school based dental clinics. **Missouri** appropriated approximately $5,368,764 for the purpose of funding school health grants and related expenses. The Making the Grade project at George Washington University estimates that, as of 1997, more than 1,000 school-based health centers were established in the United States.

## *Substance Abuse*

At least 41 states passed legislation regarding adolescents and substance abuse in the 1997 legislative sessions. **Idaho** makes it a misdemeanor for anyone over age 18 under the influence of alcohol to transport a child in a vehicle; it is a felony if a child is injured or killed. **California** encourages parents, school teachers, administrators, law enforcement agencies and community leaders to continue their efforts to provide sober graduation activities. **Pennsylvania** establishes the Kids Interacting Drug-free Coalition and the Teen Anti-drug coalition and encourages schools to implement these models.

Legislation pertaining to date rape drugs were passed in 16 states during the 1997 legislative session. **Nevada** increases the penalties for secretly administering date rape drugs with the intent of committing a violent crime, and **New Jersey** increases the penalties for sexual assault committed with the use of certain substances and criminalizes the sale and possession of "rape drugs."

## Tobacco

It is estimated that 18 percent of youth aged 12 to 17 (4.1 million adolescents) were current smokers in 1996. Trends in cigarette use show that the younger the person starts smoking the more likely they are to continue smoking. In the 1997 legislative session, 27 states passed legislation relating to adolescents and tobacco. **Iowa** requires that a driver's license issued to those between the ages of 18 and 21 have the words "under 18" on the face of the minor's license in order to prevent retailers from selling tobacco products to minors. **North Carolina** requires retail distributors to display a sign stating it is illegal for anyone under age 18 to purchase tobacco products. **California** created a resolution that would require R.J. Reynolds to conduct 10 years of antismoking education for teenagers. Because vending machines are an anonymous, easily accessible source of cigarettes for adolescents, **Arizona, Colorado, Florida, Iowa, Montana, South Dakota, Texas** and **Vermont** have created laws in the 1997 legislative sessions that would limit a minor's access to vending machines.

## Violence Prevention

According to the Division of Adolescent and School Health at the U. S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), arrest rates for homicide, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault are consistently and substantially higher for young people than for all other age groups. Eleven states created laws in the 1997 session that deal with adolescents and violence and, of those states, **California** created the most laws — a total of eight— on violence. One law created a program targeted to youth at-risk, and another requires school districts to develop safety plans for their schools and an assessment of school-based crimes and strategies for improving school safety. **Oregon** requires the Department of Education to establish a two-year pilot program targeted at disruptive students in schools, and **Alaska** authorizes enforcement of municipal curfew violations and sets punishments that include a fine of up to $250. Based on the 1997 Federal Bureau of Investigation's clearance data, 464.7 arrests were made for violent crimes for every 1,000 youth between the ages of ages 10 and 17.

# INTRODUCTION

*Adolescent Health Issues: State Actions 1997* summarizes laws and resolutions on adolescent health issues. This publication is the fourth in a series of adolescent health summaries. To avoid duplication, certain adolescent health issues, including juvenile justice and adolescents with developmental disabilities, are not summarized in this publication. Additional information about access and reform, injury prevention, insurance and managed care, Medicaid, preventive and primary care, providers, and adolescents with special health care needs appears in forthcoming: *Health Care Legislation 1997*. Information about child abuse and neglect, child care and early childhood education, child health, child support enforcement, child welfare, custody and visitation/family support, family law, welfare reform and public assistance, juvenile justice, substance abuse and control, and youth-at-risk appears in forthcoming: *Children, Youth and Family Issues: 1997 State Legislative Summary*. Both reports will be available from the National Conference of State Legislatures (NCSL).

Appendix A provides a list of adolescent health legislation from 1992 to 1997. The information contained in the appendix is compiled from this summary and the three previous legislative summaries completed by the Prevention Projects Program at NCSL. Appendix B lists a number of issue-related organizations for reference, and Appendix C provides a list of the adolescent health coordinators of the 50 states and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

In 1997, a legislative session was not held in Kentucky; therefore, adolescent health legislation from this state is not contained in this document. Legislation passed in 1997 related to adolescent health was not identified in American Samoa, the District of Columbia, Guam, New Mexico, the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands and Wyoming.

# ABORTION

**AL** **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 485 (SB 314)** states that any **physician** or anyone who **knowingly performs** a partial-birth abortion within the state shall be guilty of a Class C **felony**. If the mother has not attained the age of 18 at the time of the procedure, the father and the maternal grandparents may in civil action obtain monetary punitive compensation for all injuries, including psychological and physical compensation.

**AK** **1997 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 14 (SB 24)** amends the current **parental consent** requirement and makes consent **mandatory** for an unmarried unemancipated minor under the age of 17 to get an abortion. The minor must have the consent of a parent, guardian or custodian before an abortion will take place. Establishes the **judicial bypass procedure** where a minor may petition the court for the authorization of an abortion without the consent of a parent, guardian or custodian.

**GA** **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 142 (SB 357)** bans partial birth abortions and **fines** anyone who performs them up to $5,000 or five years in prison or both. This law does not apply to a partial birth abortion performed to save the life of the mother. At the time of the abortion, if the mother has not yet reached the age of 18, the father and the maternal grandparents may obtain **appropriate relief** in a civil action suit, including money for all injuries, psychological and physical relief, and statutory damages equal to three times the cost of the partial birth abortion. If the pregnancy resulted from the plaintiff's criminal misconduct or if the plaintiff consented to the abortion, the father and the maternal grandparents will not be able to obtain relief.

**IA** **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 173 (HB 121)** requires that a licensed physician shall not perform an abortion on a pregnant minor until **prior notification** of at least 48 hours is provided to the parent or a grandparent of the pregnant minor. A physician who performs an abortion must provide notification in person or by **restricted certified mail**. Describes the court system protocol for the hearing of a minor's petition to override the notification law.

**IL** **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-560 (HB 382)** states that if the mother has not turned 18 at the time of the **abortion**, the father of the fetus and the maternal grandparents, may in **civil action** attain appropriate relief. Exceptions will apply if the pregnancy resulted from the plaintiffs criminal conduct or if the plaintiff consented to the abortion.

**LA** **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 933 (SB 1558)** amends the law relative to the abortion procedure for minors and clarifies provisions regarding a minor's application for **judicial authorization** of an abortion. Makes provisions for hearings, delays, determinations, appellate supervisory power and expedition. Clarifies the provisions relating to evaluations, counseling sessions and court notification of parents.

**RI** **1997 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 76 (HB 5159)** prohibits partial-birth abortions except to save the life of a mother. If the mother has not reached age 18 at the time of the partial-birth abortion, which is illegal under this section, the father of the fetus and the maternal grandparents can seek **appropriate relief**. This includes monetary damages for all injuries, psychological and physical relief, and statutory damages equal to three times the cost of the partial-birth abortion.

**SC** **1997 S.C. Acts, Act 11 (HB 3502)** adds a section to specify that the father, if married to the mother (under age 18) at the time she receives a partial-birth abortion, and the maternal grandparents of the fetus have a **cause of action** against the physician or other person unlawfully performing a partial-birth abortion. They may attain **appropriate relief**, unless the pregnancy resulted from the plaintiff's criminal conduct or the plaintiff consented to the abortion. Such relief includes, but is not limited to, actual damages, punitive damages, psychological and physical relief, reasonable costs and attorney's fees.

**SD** **1997 S.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 129 (HB 1088)** states that, if the mother has not attained the age of 18 at the time of the partial-birth abortion, the father and the maternal grandparents of the human fetus or infant may file a **civil action** to attain appropriate relief from the physician or person that performed the abortion, unless the plaintiff consented to a partial-birth abortion or the plaintiff's criminal conduct caused the pregnancy. Civil relief includes monetary damages for all injuries and psychological or physical relief.

**SD** **1997 S.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 204 (HB 1087)** requires the delivery of a **written notice** to the parents or guardian of an **unemancipated minor**. Mandates that no notice is required if any judge of a court of competent jurisdiction shall, upon petition or motion, authorize a physician to perform an abortion if the judge determines the pregnant female is mature and capable of giving informed consent to the proposed abortion.

**VA** **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 708 (SB 1148)** grants the juvenile and family **courts jurisdiction** over a procedure requiring notice to a parent, a person standing in loco parentis, or a duly appointed guardian or custodian of an unemancipated minor prior to performing an abortion upon the minor. **Exceptions** are provided for suspected cases of abuse and neglect, medically necessary procedures to avert death or impairment of a major bodily function and cases where substantial injury could occur. A penalty provision of a Class 3 misdemeanor is included for performance of an abortion without notification, judicial approval or an exception.

Branne Wills and Courtney Timm, Wood Middle School, Oregon

# ABSTINENCE/SEXUALITY EDUCATION/PREGNANCY PREVENTION

AL **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 933 (SB 35) of the 1997 First Special Session** appropriates $300,000 for **abstinence** education programs.

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 1159 (HB 2206)** designates the Department of Health to coordinate interagency efforts for the **Unwed Birth Teenage Pregnancy Prevention Program**. This program provides ways to **reduce** unwed **births** and teenage pregnancies, including abstinence education initiatives, family planning services, a comprehensive media campaign, grants to local communities and program evaluations. State agencies that currently provide services will cooperate with the Department of Health in administering this program.

GA **1997 Ga. Laws, HR 457** provides funds to ensure that the **primary emphasis** of teen pregnancy education is focused on **abstinence**. Ensures that teenagers are taught the social, psychological and health benefits of abstaining from sexual activity. Creates a prevention program that focuses on the importance of self-sufficiency before engaging in sexual activity.

IA **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 208 (HB 715)** appropriates $2,270,000 for **community-based** adolescent pregnancy prevention **programs** with the condition that **family planning services** are funded. Provides for a focus on preventing pregnancies during adolescent years by emphasizing abstinence as the only safe and effective means of avoiding pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases. Provides information regarding contraceptive failure.

OK **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 414 (HB 2170)** provides that the Department of Human Services, in conjunction with the state Department of Health and any appropriate federal, state or local entity, will **encourage teens** in Oklahoma to **abstain** from sexual activity.

OR **1997 Or. Laws, SJR 33** encourages the Department of Education to disseminate information about the **Best Friends Program**, which includes teaching abstinence, goal setting and career planning to girls in grades five - 12. Also provides for three teen pregnancy prevention pilot projects to be established.

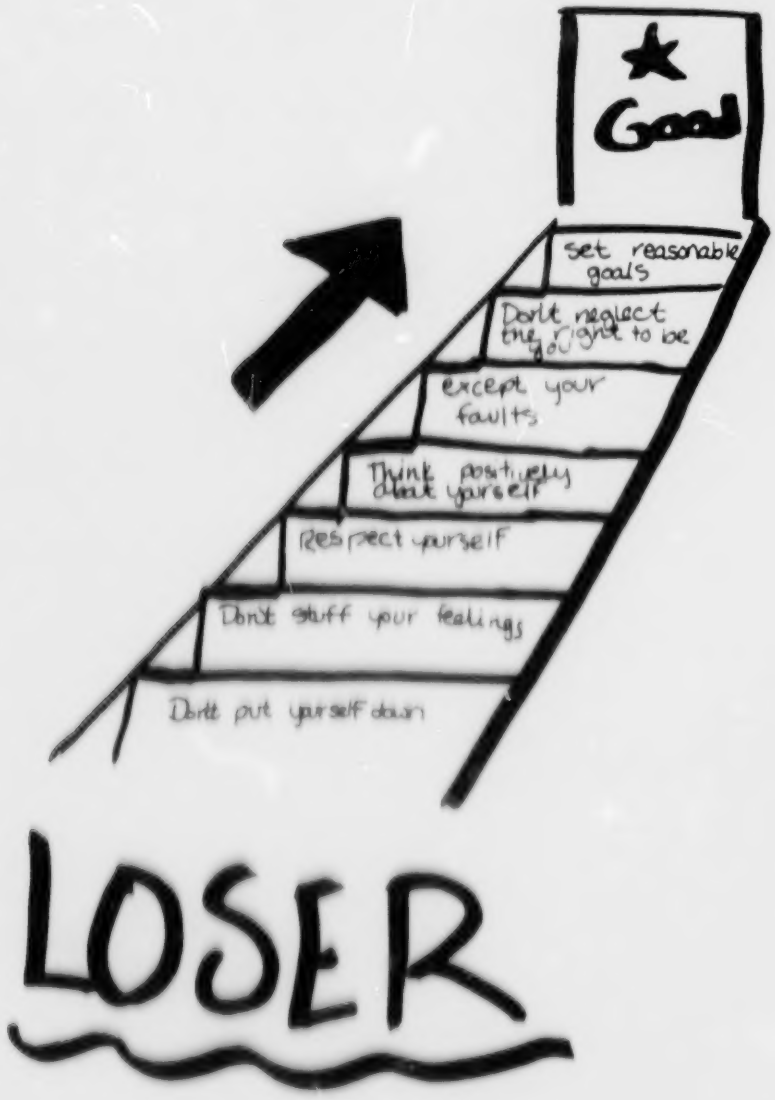
PA **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 33 & HR 122** proclaims April 20 - April 26, 1997, as "**Chastity Awareness Week.**" States that abstaining from sexual activity is the only certain way to avoid out-of-wedlock pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases. Also states that alcohol and drug use can increase vulnerability to sexual advances and inhibits good decision making.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 43** declares May 1997 as "**Teenage Pregnancy Prevention Month**" and designates Thursday May 1, 1997, as the kickoff date. The resolution declares that abstaining from sexual activity is the only way for teens to avoid pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases.

RI **1997 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 176 (SB 771) & 0160 (HB 5961)** creates the **Teen Pregnancy Prevention Partnership Act** by coordinating programs in the state of Rhode Island. Authorizes the directors of the departments of Human Services, Health, Children Youth and Families, and Education to develop a statewide plan for prevention of unintended pregnancies among adolescents. The state agencies are charged with developing a **statewide plan** to include **reducing** the number of **pregnant adolescents**, identifying funding sources for pregnancy prevention, developing comprehensive abstinence education, identifying health care services accessible to adolescents, securing educational involvement from state and local law enforcement officials, providing education for and identification of at-risk teens before they become sexually active, identifying financial resources for K -12 teacher training in the areas of family life and sexuality, securing community and local involvement, and fostering statewide planning and development of educational programs for adolescents.

WA **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 58 (HB 3901) Sec. 601** provides that the Department of Health will work in cooperation with the superintendent of public instruction to **reduce** the rate of illegitimate **births and abortions** in the state. The Department of Health will contract with entities qualified to provide abstinence education and motivation programs in the state.

**WA** **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 149 (SB 6062)** states that $300,000 from the general fund appropriations is provided solely for **abstinence** education programs. Appropriates $400,000 from the general fund solely for abstinence education projects at the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction. Provides funding for programs centered around **media campaigns** promoting sexual abstinence. Addresses delaying sexual activity.




Anonymous, Wood Middle School, Oregon

# ADOLESCENT HEALTH (MISCELLANEOUS)

AL **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 933 (SB 35) of the 1997 First Special Session** appropriates $23,281,804 for the **children's health assistance program** (CHAP).

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 430 (SB 707)** requires California State University to be responsible for coordinating a standardized **health assessment** to detect any health problems of public school children.

CT **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 46 (SB 597)** extends the mandatory **helmet law** to bicyclists who are aged 12 - 15. Previously, only children under age 12 were required to wear helmets--meeting the minimum specifications of the American National Standards Institute and the Snell Memorial Foundation--whenever they operate a bicycle on the traveled portion of any road. By law, failure to wear a helmet is not considered a violation or an offense and cannot be considered a contributory negligence by a parent or a child or be admissible in any civil action.

CT **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 49 (HB 6554)** requires minors under age 12 to wear **life preservers** while a water vessel is under way, except when they are below deck or in a cabin.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 165 (HB 1529)** prohibits the **sale of alcohol** in businesses licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption when renting, leasing or allowing others to use their premises. This prohibition is intended to eliminate opportunities for licensed premises to be used for "**raves**," which are private parties where **underage people** congregate and often consume alcoholic beverages, smoke tobacco products and partake in illicit drug use.

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 30 (HB 519)** designates the first Sunday in October as "**Children and Youth Day**" and designates October as "**Children and Youth Month**" to honor Hawaii's children.

KS **1997 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 117 (HB 2255)** requires the secretary of health and environment to reimburse the costs of **food treatment** for a family that has a child or youth under age 18 diagnosed with a PKU maple syrup urine disease. Individuals that meet the means test set in the 1997 amendments for any medically necessary food treatment products purchased for a child or youth will be reimbursed up to a maximum of $1,500 per year.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 18 (HB 1) Sec. 1-114** assists teen parents through education and services on topics such as **prenatal care** and **nutrition**, **child development**, **family planning** and **parenting skills**. Provides for ongoing counseling and referral to existing health and social service agencies.

NH **1997 N.H. Laws, Chap. 293 (HB 472)** establishes the **Council for Children and Adolescents with Chronic Health Conditions**. The council is to analyze barriers for families of children and adolescents with chronic health care conditions. The council is to obtain appropriate and effective service information for children and adolescents. The council also should increase awareness in the public and private sectors about the medical, social, and educational arena which affect adolescents with chronic health conditions and their families.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 402 (SB 1373-a)** clarifies language relating to the task force on **school-community collaboration**. Among other provisions, it provides for the promotion of the well-being of children and families by seeking to improve child health **nutrition**.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 434 (SB 5783)** appropriates $180,000 for state grants for **family planning service programs** and **school health** programs provided by the general fund local assistance account appropriations.

OR **1997 Or. Laws, Chap. 714 (SB 1129)** establishes a **youth suicide** prevention coordinator within the health division. The division will provide recommendations addressing investigation, training, case selection and fatality review of child deaths, including, but not limited to, child abuse and youth suicide cases.

TX **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 1124 (HB 2984)** establishes a **state policy** regarding care of **medically fragile children** and requires the Texas Board of Health to establish a pilot program to study and research their needs and the needs of their families. A medically fragile child is anyone under 21 years of age who is chronically ill

or disabled and requires indefinite skilled nursing care or medical devices to maintain existence in their home. The pilot program is authorized to provide up to $400,000 per fiscal year for the program's operation.

**WA** **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 23 (SB 5132)** provides that all **school bus** route stops are **drug-free zones.**

Shawntae Lonergan, Wood Middle School, Oregon

# COMMUNITY HEALTH

**AR** **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 722 (HB 1389)** establishes that the **Child Health and Family Life Institute** will be administered under the Arkansas Children's Hospital. The **KIDS First** program will receive priority consideration above all other programs at the institute when funding decisions are made by the hospital. This program is a two-year pilot program to expand Medicaid eligibility to minors age 18 and under who have no health care coverage.

**CA** **1997 Cal. Stats., ACR 37** designates April 13, 1997, as "**School Psychology Week in California**" and encourages all citizens to participate in appropriate activities held to commemorate its observance.

**CO** **1997 Colo. Sess. HJR 1015** proclaims that the week of February 16 - 22, 1997, be designated as the "**Parent Teacher Association's 100th Anniversary Week**" in Colorado public schools. (The Parent Teacher Association (PTA) has participated in founding the public educational system, the nationwide school lunch program, dispensation of the Salk polio vaccine, and a national HIV/AIDS education program for parents.)

**DE** **Vol. 70 Del. SCR 12** congratulates and thanks the **Parent Teacher Association (PTA)** for its **100 years** of service and dedication to our children, schools and communities.

**DE** **Vol. 70 Del. SCR 20** honors the **Delaware Association for Children of Alcoholics** upon its **10th anniversary** for its many services, and recognizes its volunteers work with Delaware families affected by alcoholism. Urges Delaware citizens to support this organization's work in preventing family addictions. This association was founded in 1987; its goal has been to prevent and reduce the effects of alcoholism and other chemical dependents on children, through support, education and intervention.

**HI** **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 125** requests the Department of Health to establish and maintain accessible, **community-based adolescent mental health services** according to the needs and socio-economic profile of Hawaii's communities.

**ID** **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 368)** appropriates funding for the **substance abuse** program to discourage **Hispanic youth** from habitual use of tobacco, alcohol and other drugs by developing programs for schools, families and communities.

**IA** **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 208 (HB 715)** appropriates $2,270,000 for **community-based adolescent pregnancy prevention programs** with the condition that family planning services are funded. Provides for a focus on preventing pregnancies during adolescent years by emphasizing abstinence as the only safe and effective means of avoiding pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases. Provides information regarding contraceptive failure.

**LA** **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 18 (HB 1) Sec. 19-681** provides for student services, including the **Home Study/Child Welfare Activity**. The mission is to increase student achievement, eliminate violence and drug use, and coordinate efforts to reduce the incidence of HIV/AIDS infection and other communicable diseases among students.

**MA** **1997 Mass. Acts, Chap. 88 (HB 4900)** appropriates $35,000 for the **Framingham Teen Parenting Program**. Appropriates $1,290,063 for school and community-based teen health programs.

**MS** **1997 Miss. Laws, Chap. 926 (SB 3241)** allows the city of Tupelo, Miss., and the board of supervisors of Lee County, Miss., to levy additional court costs not to exceed $1 per case. The **funds** derived shall be paid to the National Council on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence of Northeast Mississippi Inc. The money will be used as operational funds to provide **youth service programs** for area adolescents and teens.

**NY** **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 53 (SB 705)** appropriates $990,000 for an HIV/AIDS education program for the 1997-98 school year. Appropriates $900,000 for services and expenses of the missing children education program. Appropriates $506,400 to establish parenting education programs for parents and children for the 1997-98 school year. Appropriates $525,000 for the comprehensive school health demonstration program. Appropriates $5,325,000 for services and expenses of the **youth-at-risk/community partnership** program for the 1997-98 school year.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 437 (SB 5792)** appropriates $1 million to conduct **teenage pregnancy prevention programs** that expand the scope to men. The commissioner of health will issue a request for proposals to solicit applications from those who serve high need communities where adolescent pregnancies and homelessness are high. States that $7 million will be transferred to the Department of Health for community health education, outreach and community-based adolescent pregnancy prevention programs to address the needs of both adults and adolescents to prevent unintended pregnancies.

TN **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 21 (SB 415)** mandates that **prison inmates** under age 21 must undergo **HIV testing**, with or without their consent, unless previously tested.

## Immunizations

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 871 (HB 1650)** requires a child to be age-appropriately **immunized** before enrollment in a child care facility. Establishes oversight for immunization of kindergartners - 12th graders by the board of education. This law will not apply if a parent or a legal guardian of that child objects because of religious belief or if, in the past, a sibling had an adverse effect.

CO **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 122 (SB 82)** requires every student, except those-exempted pursuant to law, to submit at the time of school registration an up-to-date certificate of **immunization**. If, at the time of school registration, the student presents an out-of-date certificate, the parent and guardian shall submit, within seven days of school registration, documentation that the immunization has been given or a state-approved plan has been written showing when the immunizations will occur. Eliminates the prior 60-day provisional period that allows transfer students to submit their immunization entry to school and requires them to also abide by the seven-day notice.

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act, 217 (HB 1831)** states that a child may enter school provisionally upon submitting written proof from a licensed physician or an authorized representative of the Department of Health that **immunizations** are up to date. States that no more than three months, after a child enters school, should pass before a child starts their immunizations.

OK **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 75 (SB 277)** provides coverage for **immunizations** for dependents of insured individuals from birth through age 18 from health benefit plans delivered on or after January 1, 1998.

TN **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 6 (SB 980)** designates the Department of Health to create a plan to protect young Tennessee residents against Hepatitis B by immunizations to prevent the spread of the disease. This act is known as the **"Hepatitis B Protection by Immunization Act."** By January 15, 1998, the Health Department shall add Hepatitis B to the schedule of immunizations for kindergarten entry for the 1999-2000 school year.

TX **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 900 (HB 3054)** provides for the creation of an **immunization registry**. The registry must contain information about the immunization history that is obtained by the Department of Health under this section of each person who is younger than 18 years of age.

# HIV/AIDS

AL **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 687 (HB 94)** appropriates $295,305 from the Education Trust Fund and $52,500 from the state general fund to the **AIDS Task Force** of Alabama. This money is to be disbursed to the various **community-based** HIV/AIDS prevention organizations. Provides for educational programs and services to help prevent the spread of HIV/AIDS.

CO **1997 Colo. Sess. HJR 1015** proclaims that the week of February 16 - 22, 1997, be designated as the **"Parent Teacher Association's 100th Anniversary Week"** in Colorado public schools. (The Parent Teacher Association (PTA) has participated in founding the public educational system, the nationwide school lunch program, dispensation of the Salk polio vaccine, and a national **HIV/AIDS education** program for parents.)

GA **1997 Ga. Laws, HR 315** establishes Tuesday, February 18, 1997, as **"AIDS Awareness Day"** to recognize that HIV/AIDS continues to touch the lives of thousands of people.

GA **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 1101 (HB 204)** appropriates $317,677 for education services relating to sexually transmitted diseases and $5,094,53[illegible] for **HIV/AIDS education** and services. Also appropriates $2,202,706 for adolescent health services.

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 32** alters the content of required health classes in secondary schools due to the findings from the **1996 First Adolescent Health Summit**. The summit found that most adolescents lack personal and life skills to be prepared for the 21st century. Preventive health issues need to be taught in Hawaii's curriculum, and health education should be culturally sensitive in the curriculum and to the health needs of the students. In providing a healthier future for adolescents, the state should focus on the prevention of negative influences of teen pregnancies, stress management, STDs and **HIV**, physical and mental abuse, drug abuse and individual priorities as determined by the schools.

IL **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-3 (SB 143) Sec. 7. 1** appropriates $11,758,200 for **HIV/AIDS education**, services, counseling, testing, referral, partner notification and patient worker notification. Funds from the **Ryan White Comprehensive Emergency Act** increased the total to $11,400,000.

IA **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 208 (HB 715)** appropriates $2,270,000 for community-based adolescent pregnancy prevention programs with the condition that family planning services are funded. Provides a focus on preventing pregnancies during adolescent years by emphasizing **abstinence** as the **only safe** and effective means of **avoiding** pregnancy and **sexually transmitted diseases**. Provides information regarding contraceptive failure.

KS **1997 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 192 (HB 2576)** provides $1,841,786 in federal money for **HIV/AIDS project education** and risk reduction and $733,596 in state funds for **AIDS** education.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 18 (HB 1) Sec. 19-681** provides for student services, including the **Home Study/Child Welfare Activity**. Their mission is to increase student achievement, eliminate violence and drug use, and coordinate efforts to reduce the incidence of HIV/AIDS infection and other communicable diseases among students.

LA **1997 La. Acts, SCR 28** designates May 1997 as **"Teen Pregnancy Awareness and Prevention Month."** Every day in Louisiana, 42 teen girls become pregnant, 35 teen girls give birth, 18 teens are treated for sexually transmitted diseases, four teens are treated for syphilis, 14 teens are treated for gonorrhea, and four teens contract the **HIV virus**. Therefore, the Legislature has created this act to bring awareness to teen pregnancy prevention.

MA **1997 Mass. Acts, Chap. 43 (HB 4700)** appropriates funds for **HIV/AIDS** and **STD programs** in Massachusetts. Appropriates a federal grant of $396,336 for HIV/STD/TB Risk Reduction. Appropriates approximately $300,000 to be administered by the Springfield Department of Health for operation of a comprehensive AIDS drug treatment pilot program, and appropriates a federal grant in the amount of $4,836,051 for the **Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Program**.

MI **1997 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 94 (HB 4306)** appropriates $3,013,800 for **AIDS education** and outreach programs. Ensures that adolescents receive priority for prevention services.

MO **1997 Mo. Laws, SB 347** revises the statute that makes it a **crime** for anyone with **HIV** to knowingly infect or expose another person to the disease. Makes it a **Class C felony** if the HIV infected person is **21 years** of age and **infects** a person age **17 or younger**.

NJ **1997 N.J. Laws, Chap. 131 (AB 3000)** appropriates 12,800,000 for **HIV/AIDS** prevention and education grants.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 53 (SB 705)** appropriates $990,000 for an **HIV/AIDS education program** for the 1997-98 school year. Appropriates $900,000 for services and expenses of the missing children education program. Appropriates $506,400 to establish parenting education programs for parents and children for the 1997-98 school year. Appropriates $525,000 for the comprehensive school health demonstration program. Appropriates $5,325,000 for services and expenses of the youth-at-risk/community partnership program for the 1997-98 school year.

NC **1997 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 443 (SB 352)** allocates funds for **HIV education**, counseling and testing.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 4 (HB 847)** provides $2,269,000 in federal money for the **AIDS Health Education** administration and operation. Provides state appropriations of $6,528,000 for **AIDS programs**. Appropriates $4,480,000 in federal money for AIDS health education.

TN **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 21 (SB 415)** mandates that **prison inmates** younger than 21 must undergo **HIV testing**, with or without their consent, unless previously tested.

# INSURANCE

AL **1997 Ala. Acts, SJR 14** creates the **Children's Health Insurance Program** (CHIP) Commission. This commission will determine how to best meet the medical needs of children from **low-income** households who are not otherwise eligible for Medicaid.

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 407 (SB 348)** establishes the **ARKids First Program**. ARKids is a two-year pilot program beginning in the 1997-1998 biennium. Expands Medicaid eligibility to children aged 18 and younger whose families have incomes that do not exceed 200 percent of the federal poverty level and currently have no available health coverage.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 623 (AB 1126)** establishes a new **health insurance** purchasing pool to extend coverage to low-income, **uninsured children** and makes eligibility changes in the Medi-Cal program. Establishes a **"Healthy Families"** program administered by the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board that contracts with health plans to provide comprehensive health coverage to children between the ages of 6 and 18 with family incomes up to 200 percent of the federal poverty level.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 624 (SB 903)** changes **eligibility criteria** and creates the **mail-in application process** and outreach activities for the Medi-Cal program. Increases the Medi-Cal eligibility threshold to 100 percent of the federal poverty level for children ages 14 - 18, waives the asset test for children in the Medi-Cal program, provides one month of additional eligibility for families who lose eligibility for Medi-Cal due to income increases, and directs the Department of Health Services to design a simplified mail-in application form for children applying for Medi-Cal.

CO **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 217 (HB 1304)** consolidates the state's existing child health program's funding streams and creates a new basic health plan to provide **comprehensive health insurance coverage** to children under age 18 whose gross family income does not exceed 185 percent of the federal poverty level.

CO **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 221 (SB 208)** creates the **Colorado Dental Program** Act of 1997. This dental assistance program is for youth under age 21 who **lack dental insurance** and are ineligible for Medicaid. Provides preventive, emergency, diagnostic, and limited restorative dental services to eligible youth.

CT **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 1 (HB 8601) of the October 1997 Special Session** establishes the **HUSKY health insurance program** in the 1997 special session. This program is for low-income uninsured children. The Department of Social Services must submit a plan describing HUSKY to the Health Care Financing Administration to secure federal funding. The Human Services, Public Health, Insurance, and Appropriations committees must approve the plan before it is submitted. By December 1, 1997, and before the plan is submitted to the Health Care Financing Administration, the Department of Social Services must submit portions concerning the HUSKY Plus programs to the committees for their approval. HUSKY Plus provides supplemental coverage for children with **intensive physical health** or **behavioral health needs**. HUSKY covers only **eligible uninsured children**, but the act allows the Department of Social Services commissioner to seek a federal waiver allowing entire families to participate. If the commissioner seeks a federal waiver, it must first be submitted to the legislature committees for approval.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 1853)** adds **services** relating to **school-based centers** that are part of the Medicaid certified school match program to increase school district participation and earning potential. Expands services eligible for federal Medicaid reimbursement to include, but not be limited to, physical, occupational, speech therapy, behavioral health, mental health, early periodic screening, diagnosis and treatment. Expands the categories of Medicaid-eligible children for whom a school district could receive reimbursement. It includes children eligible under the **Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA5)**, the exceptional student program or who have an individualized educational plan.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 263 (HB 1965)** creates the **Primary Care Children and Families Challenge Grant Program**, to be administered by the Department of Health. The intent of this bill is to create a partnership between state and local governments to develop a coordinated primary health care delivery system for low-income Florida residents. Emphasis is placed on volunteerism, cooperation and broad-based participation by public and private health care providers. Children and families with incomes up to 150 percent of the

federal poverty level are eligible. This bill also modifies Medicaid reimbursed **school-based health services** to place an emphasis on providing medically related nursing services.

IL **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90 - 376 (HB 1565)** states that, in order to attempt to address the needs of children in Illinois, a **health maintenance organization** (HMO) may provide or arrange to pay for or reimburse the cost of basic health care services such as outpatient services and preventive and primary health care services. Coverage will be limited to children who are 18 years of age or younger and, who have resided in the state for at least 30 days, and who do not qualify for medical assistance under the Illinois public aid code.

IN **1997 Ind. Acts, P. L. 24 (HB 1921)** expands **Medicaid eligibility** covering **minors** ages 6 - 18 in families with incomes at or below 100 percent of the federal poverty level.

KS **1997 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 190 (SB 204)** requires any **group health insurer** that has dependent coverage to offer a **special enrollment** period of at least 30 days for dependents who are newly eligible by reason of marriage, birth or adoption by the covered group member.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 974 (HB 1314)** designates the "**Louisiana Healthy Kids Corporation Act**" to organize school children to facilitate the provision of preventive health care services and provide comprehensive health insurance coverage.

MA **1997 Mass. Acts, Chap. 170 (SB 2015)** expands **eligibility** through age 18 in families with incomes up to 200 percent of the federal poverty line for **MassHealth** benefits.

ME **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 530 (SB 671)** specifies that, under **Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF)**, the state will provide **transitional Medicaid** to families. Adds provisions relating to funds for family planning services, permitting them to be used for an intensive peer education project to increase the use of family planning services to TANF recipients. The target population includes recipients who are minors at risk of becoming TANF recipients.

ME **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 560 (HB 1357)** requires the **Commission on Health Care** to obtain the best and latest available data regarding **children's health insurance** in the state, including the number of children under age 18 who lack health insurance, and to make recommendations about decreasing the number of uninsured children. Establishes the Tobacco Prevention and Control Program to prevent youth from using tobacco or discontinue use by including a media campaign to educate minors.

MD **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 256 (HB 729)** establishes **eligibility** of coverage for health care benefits for individuals under **guardianship**. Provides coverage for a minor (a minor in the custody of the insured as a result of guardianship) from the date guardianship was granted by the court. The minor must be a dependent and in the custody of the insured individual as a result of the guardianship.

NC **1997 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 433 (HB 301)** adds that the court shall order the **responsible party** of a minor to **maintain health insurance** for the minor when it is available at a reasonable cost.

OK **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 421 (SB 639)** addresses Medicaid coverage for **certain uninsured children**. The Oklahoma Health Care Authority will cover all children age 6 or older whose family incomes do not exceed 185 percent of the federal poverty level. Establishes a cost sharing option on a sliding fee scale to provide Medicaid coverage to certain low-income families.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 7 (HB 134)** adds that beginning January 1, 1997, an additional 1 cent **tax** per **cigarette** pack of the currently collected 2 cents tax per pack be allocated to the **Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)** for health care for indigent children.

TX **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 501 (SB 1165)** requires the Health and Human Services Commission, in cooperation with the Texas Department of Health, to monitor and assess **Medicaid services** provided to children (under age 18) who have **special health care needs**. The commission is authorized to require children with special health care needs to enroll in a managed care plan or primary care case management program.

TX **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 550 (HB 3)** creates the **Texas Healthy Kids Corporation** and directs the corporation to establish a program to provide affordable health care benefits to children (anyone younger than 18) who do not have adequate health insurance coverage providing benefits for primary and preventive care.

VA **1997 Va. Acts, SJR 298** resolves that the Joint Commission on Health Care, in conjunction with the Board of Health, the Department of Health, the Department of Medical Assistance Services, academic health centers and various governmental and private entities, study various issues regarding the provisions of health care to

Virginia's indigent and uninsured populations. The joint commission will present a program to the 1998 session of the General Assembly which, if approved, will provide **basic health insurance coverage** for low-income, uninsured Virginia residents.

VA **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 679 (HB 2682)** requires the Department of Medical Assistance Services to develop the **Virginia Children's Medical Security Insurance plan** to provide coverage for those up to age 18, who are in families with incomes at 200 percent of the poverty level or less and are not insured or are underinsured by any policy, plan or contract providing health benefits.

WI **1997 Wis. Laws, Act 27 (AB 100)** creates **BadgerCare**, a program of family health care coverage for **low-income families** who **lack employer-sponsored medical insurance**. The eligibility is expanded to all children and adults in uninsured families with an income below 185 percent of the federal poverty level. Once enrolled, families may remain in BadgerCare until family income exceeds 200 percent of the federal poverty level. BadgerCare extends coverage to: children aged 15 - 18 with family incomes below 100 percent of the federal poverty level; children aged 6 - 18 with family incomes between 100 percent and 185 percent of the federal poverty level; parents in families with incomes over welfare standards up to 185 percent of the federal poverty level; BadgerCare participants, whose family income increases above 185 percent of the federal poverty level until their income reaches 200 percent of the federal poverty level; and parents whose children are temporarily absent from the home as a result of child welfare actions during reunification efforts. BadgerCare maintains the Medicaid entitlement for all low-income families, pregnant women and children who are currently eligible for Medicaid under welfare and Healthy Start guidelines.

# MEDICAID

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 407 (SB 348)** establishes the **ARKids First Program** a two-year pilot program beginning in the 1997-1998 biennium. **Expands Medicaid eligibility** to children aged 18 and younger whose families have incomes that do not exceed 200 percent of the federal poverty level and who currently have no available health coverage.

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 745 (HB 1595)** reestablishes the **Common Ground Program** and establishes the Common Ground Program Committee. This organization will continue to serve as a bridge **connecting and assisting** government, communities and citizens to build a more responsive human educational and economic system where youth and families can thrive.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 623 (AB 1126)** establishes a new health insurance purchasing pool to extend coverage to low-income, uninsured children and makes eligibility streamlining changes in the **Medi-Cal** program. Establishes the **"Healthy Families"** program administered by the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board to contract with health plans to provide comprehensive health coverage to children between the ages of 6 and 18 whose family incomes are between 100 percent and 200 percent of the federal poverty level.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 624 (SB 903)** changes eligibility criteria and creates the **mail-in application process** and outreach activities for the **Medi-Cal** program. Increases the Medi-Cal eligibility threshold to 100 percent of the federal poverty level for children aged 14 - 18, waives the asset test for children in the Medi-Cal program, provides one month of additional eligibility for families who lose eligibility for Medi-Cal due to income increases, and directs the Department of Health Services to design a simplified mail-in application form for children applying for Medi-Cal.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 883 (AB 549)** requires the **state to reimburse** local **agencies** and **school districts** for certain costs mandated by the state. Establishes procedures for making that reimbursement, including the creation of a state mandates claim fund to pay the costs of mandates that do not exceed $1 million statewide and other procedures for claims with statewide costs that exceed $1 million. Currently, any school district, county office of education or a state special school is covered by **Medi-Cal** benefits.

CO **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 221 (SB 208)** creates the **Colorado Dental Program Act of 1997**. This dental assistance program is for youth under age 21 who lack dental insurance and are ineligible for **Medicaid**. Provides preventive, emergency, diagnostic, and limited restorative dental services to eligible youth.

CT **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 2 (HB 8003) extends Medicaid benefits** to children up to age 17 by July 1, 1997; up to age 18 by July 1, 1998; and, within available appropriations, up to age 19 by July 1, 1998. (A child's family may not earn more than 185 percent of the federal poverty level; no asset test is applied.)

CT **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 239 (SB 627)** establishes a pilot program to increase access to **preventive dental care**, particularly for children and the elderly receiving **Medicaid** or who are underinsured or uninsured. The pilot program ends September 30, 1999. It allows a hygienist with two years of experience to work without dental supervision in a community health center, mental health facility, group home, school setting and other health care facilities. Requires the Department of Public Health to report to the legislature, by January 1, 1999, on the pilot program's effect on access to preventive dental care. The report must make recommendations concerning whether the pilot program should continue.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 1853)** adds services relating to **school-based centers** that are part of the **Medicaid certified school match program** to increase school district participation and earning potential. Expands services eligible for federal Medicaid reimbursement to include, but not be limited to, physical, occupational and speech therapy, behavioral health, mental health, early periodic screening, diagnosis and treatment. Expands the categories of Medicaid-eligible children for whom a school district could receive reimbursement. It includes children eligible under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEAS), the exceptional student program or those who have an individualized educational plan.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 237 (HB 1357)** creates the **Florida Comprehensive Health Education and substance abuse Prevention Act** to help school health services, boards of education, and school districts coordinate their services. Also adds counseling and pregnancy prevention to services provided under the Medicaid program.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 260 (HB 1837)** states that the Agency for Health Care Administration shall apply for a federal Medicaid waver or other federal grants to allow for the receipt of **Medicaid** matching funds or other federal funds to be used in conjunction with state, local and private funds to expand the services provided by the **Florida Healthy Kids Corporation**. In the event that a Medicaid waver is used, it shall be limited to 118,725 children and it shall include a lifetime cap of 60 months for those children enrolled in the program after July 1, 1997.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 263 (HB 1965)** creates the **Primary Care Children and Families Chailenge Grant Program**, to be administered by the Department of Health. The intent of this bill is to create a **partnership between state** and **local governments** to develop a coordinated primary health care delivery system for low-income Florida residents. Emphasis is placed on volunteerism, cooperation and broad-based participation by public and private health care providers. Children and families with incomes up to 150 percent of the federal poverty level are eligible. Modifies Medicaid reimbursed school-based health services to place an emphasis on providing medically-related nursing services.

IN **1997 Ind. Acts, P. L. 24 (HB 1921) expands Medicaid eligibility** to cover minors aged 6 - 18 in families with incomes at or below 100 percent of the federal poverty level.

KS **1997 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 123 (HB 2160) Sec. 58** provides $558,531 for teen pregnancy prevention activities with the highest priority given to **welfare recipients** and other **Medicaid-eligible teens**. Provides funding for teen pregnancy nutrition surveillance programs and provides federal funding of $1,711,651 for an AIDS project on education and risk reduction.

ME **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 530 (SB 671)** specifies that, under the federal **Temporary Assistance** to **Needy Families (TANF)** program, the state will provide **transitional Medicaid** to families. Adds provisions relating to funds for family planning services, permitting them to be used for an intensive peer education project to increase the use of family planning services to TANF recipients. The target population includes recipients who are minors at risk of becoming TANF recipients.

ND **1995 N.D. Sess. Laws, 406 (HB 1036)** requires that out-of-home treatment programs are established for a **Medicaid-eligible minor** who has serious **emotional disorders**. The juvenile court will determine that placement is in the juvenile's best interest.

OK **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 421 (SB 639)** addresses **Medicaid** coverage for certain uninsured children. The Oklahoma Health Care Authority will cover all children age 6 or older whose family incomes do not exceed 185 percent of the federal poverty level. Establishes a **cost-sharing option** on a **sliding fee scale** for providing Medicaid coverage to certain low-income families.

TX **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 501 (SB 1165)** requires the Health and Human Services Commission, in cooperation with the Texas Department of Health, to monitor and assess **Medicaid** services provided to children (under age 18) who have **special health care needs**. The commission is authorized to require children with special health care needs to enroll in a managed care plan or primary care case management program.

WI **1997 Wis. Laws, Act 27 (AB 100)** creates **BadgerCare**, a program of family health care coverage for low-income families who **lack employer-sponsored medical insurance**. The eligibility is expanded to all children and adults in uninsured families with an income below 185 percent of the federal poverty level. Once enrolled, families may remain in BadgerCare until family income exceeds 200 percent of the federal poverty level. BadgerCare extends coverage to: children aged 15 - 18 with family incomes below 100 percent of the federal poverty level; children aged 6 - 18 with family incomes between 100 percent and 185 percent of the federal poverty level; parents in families with incomes over welfare standards up to 185 percent of the federal poverty level; BadgerCare participants, whose family income increases above 185 percent of the federal poverty level until their income reaches 200 percent of the federal poverty level; and parents whose children are temporarily absent from the home as a result of child welfare actions during reunification efforts. BadgerCare maintains the Medicaid entitlement for all low-income families, pregnant women and children who are currently eligible for Medicaid under welfare and Healthy Start guidelines.

# MENTAL HEALTH

AL **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 421 (SB 157)** redefines the current law to include any one individual under age 18 with a **traumatic brain injury** or **developmental disability**. These individuals now will be able to participate in current programs that provide individual and family support for people with developmental disabilities.

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, HR 1032** requests the House interim committee on education to conduct a study to determine the feasibility of initiating a **school-based counseling service**. This counseling service will be developed jointly by the Division of Mental Health of the Department of Human Services and the Department of Education. Results of the study and any recommendations must be presented no later than September 1, 1998.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., ACR 37** designates April 13, 1997, as **"School Psychology Week in California"** and encourages all citizens to participate in appropriate activities held to commemorate its observance.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 388 (SB 1295)** allows a minor's **mental health record** to be **inspected** by a licensed physician, surgeon or licensed psychologist designated at the request of the patient.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 654 (AB 2726)** establishes procedures governing **referrals** of pupils to **community mental health services.** The pupil's educational and mental health treatment needs should be met in a cost-effective, appropriate manner in the least restrictive environment.

CT **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 272 (HB 6006)** clarifies and strengthens the Department of Children and Family's **mental health mandate**. The department coordinates mental health services to all youth who have relevant mental health needs, including youth who are not in the custody of the department. Some of these services include prevention and intervention, crisis, treatment and residential services. The department will ensure that youth who are emotionally disturbed have access to a comprehensive array of services that address physical, social and emotional services.

GA **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 1578 (HB 211)** amends current law relating to child molestation and authorizes the court to require defendants to undergo a **psychiatric evaluation** to determine whether **medroxyprogesterone acetate** chemical treatment or its equivalent would be effective to treat behavioral changes when the victim is 16 years old or younger.

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 29 (HB 1839)** appropriates $9,218,665 to prevent the reduction of services to **emotionally disturbed** children and adolescents.

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 32** alters the content of required health classes in secondary schools due to the findings from the **1996 First Adolescent Health Summit**. The summit found that most adolescents lack personal and life skills to be prepared for the 21st century. Preventive health issues need to be taught in Hawaii's curriculum, and health education should be culturally sensitive in the curriculum and to the health needs of the students. In providing a healthier future for adolescents, the state should focus on the prevention of negative influences of teen pregnancies, stress management, STDs and HIV, **physical and mental abuse**, drug abuse and individual priorities as determined by the schools.

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 79** requests the Department of Health to establish and maintain child and **adolescent mental health services** that are accessible, community based, and sensitive to the needs of Hawaii's socio-economic profile.

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 125** requests the Department of Health to establish and maintain accessible, community-based **adolescent mental health services** according to the needs and socio-economic profile of Hawaii's communities.

ID **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 404 (HB 320)** creates the **Children's Mental Health Services Act**. Requires the Department of Health and Welfare, the Department of Education, the Department of Juvenile Corrections, school districts, counties and other entities to cooperate and **collaborate** in planning, developing and **providing services** for children (younger than 18 and not emancipated by either marriage or legal

proceeding) with serious **emotional disturbances**. Provides that services be individually planned to meet the unique needs of each child and family.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 166 (HB 1044)** provides for a continuum of care for **emotionally and behaviorally disturbed children and adults**, including but not limited to, group homes, supportive housing services, programs and facilities.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 985 (HB 1534)** adds that minor patients admitted to a treatment facility have the right to an **individualized treatment plan** and periodic **review** every 30 days to determine their medical progress. Minor patients committed judicially shall have their cases reviewed every 120 days. A minor who is judicially committed as a result of mental illness may be conditionally discharged for a period of up to 120 days and may be required to report to outpatient treatment as a condition of discharge.

MD **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 130 (SB 80)** authorizes the secretary of health and mental hygiene to use the current standards of the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health Care Organizations when conducting inspections of residential treatment centers that provide overnight inpatient treatment for **emotionally disturbed** children or adolescents.

MN **1997 Minn. Laws, Chap. 203 (SB 1908)** amends qualifying requirements for the local **children's mental health collaborative** by expanding the list of entities that may be considered a local system of care. Requires that, by July 1, 1998, the local collaborative include one juvenile justice or corrections entity.

MS **1997 Miss. Laws, Chap. 926 (SB 3241)** allows the city of Tupelo, Miss., and the board of supervisors of Lee County Miss., to levy additional court costs not to exceed $1 per case. The **funds** derived shall be paid to the National Council on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence of Northeast Mississippi Inc. The money will be used as operational funds to provide **youth service programs** for area adolescents and teens.

MT **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 490 (HB 502)** allows a **parent** or **guardian** of a minor to **consent** to **mental health services** being rendered. Expands current law by allowing licensed mental health professionals to render mental health services to a minor voluntarily admitted for treatment. Allows a minor who is at least age 16 to consent to receive mental health services without the consent of a parent or a guardian.

MT **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 550 (SB 48)** revises statutes pertaining to the **Youth Court Act**. Allows assessment officers to provide initial intake and evaluation of youth who appears to be in need of intervention. The evaluation includes the use of tobacco products, gambling, running away from home or habitual truancy by minors. This law allows for family assessment, including chemical dependency and **mental health evaluation**.

NE **1997 Neb. Laws, L. B. 622** allows **peace officers** to take custody of juveniles for **mental health** reasons and allows juveniles to be placed in emergency protective facilities.

NE **1997 Neb. L. B. 788** adds that the Department of Health and Human services shall pay the **treatment costs** for the care of an adopted minor child if within two years the child is diagnosed with having a **physical** or **mental illness**.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 53 (SB 705)** appropriates $990,000 for an HIV/AIDS education program for the 1997-98 school year. Appropriates $900,000 for services and expenses of the missing children education program. Appropriates $506,400 to establish parenting education programs for parents and children for the 1997-98 school year. Appropriates $525,000 for the comprehensive school health demonstration program. Appropriates $5,325,000 for services and expenses of the **youth-at-risk/community partnership** program for the 1997-98 school year.

ND **1995 N.D. Sess. Laws, 406 (HB 1036)** requires that out-of-home treatment programs be established for a Medicaid-eligible minor with **serious emotional disorders**. The juvenile court will determine that placement is in the juvenile's best interest.

OR **1997 Or. Laws, Chap. 714 (SB 1129)** establishes a youth **suicide prevention** coordinator within the health division. The division will provide recommendations addressing investigation, training, case selection and fatality review of child deaths, including but not limited to, child abuse and youth suicide cases.

RI **1997 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 73 (SB 709)** adds that the Department of Children, Youth and Families is responsible for the delivery of appropriate **mental health services** to seriously emotionally disturbed children. This definition, includes anyone younger than 18 or anyone younger than 21 who has continually received services from the department before reaching age 18. Requires the department to institute a comprehensive

network of programs and to coordinate and develop efforts to deliver services to seriously emotionally disturbed children.

**WA** **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 146 (SB 5578)** establishes that a child (any unemancipated minor who is under age 18) may reside in a **crisis residential center** or may be placed by the department for counseling and treatment in an out-of-home placement for a period of time not to exceed 72 hours.

**WV** **1997 W. Va. Acts, Chap. 52 (HB 2885)** expands the services included under the definition of **early intervention services** to include assistive technology, audiology, vision, family therapy and orientation of mobility specialists to enable a minor to benefit from early intervention.

Alix Rustrum, Wood Middle School, Oregon

# PREGNANCY/PARENTING/CONTRACEPTION/FAMILY PLANNING

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 1159 (HB 2206)** designates the Department of Health to coordinate interagency efforts for the **Unwed Birth Teenage Pregnancy Prevention Program**. This program provides ways to reduce unwed births and teenage pregnancies, including abstinence education initiatives, **family planning services**, a comprehensive media campaign, grants to local communities and program evaluations. State agencies that currently provide services will cooperate with the Department of Health in administering this program.

CT **1997 Conn. Special Act, 21 (HB 6702)** appropriates $50,000 for the **Teen Pregnancy Prevention Campaign**.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 237 (HB 1357)** creates the **Florida Comprehensive Health Education and Substance Abuse Prevention Act** to help school health services, boards of education and school districts coordinate their services. Also adds counseling and **pregnancy prevention** to services provided under the Medicaid program.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, SR 2398 & HR 9089** declares the week of April 20 - May 1, 1997, **"Teen Pregnancy Prevention Awareness Week."** Florida will focus its attention on the prevention of teen pregnancy by building awareness of the causes and consequences of teen pregnancy. This resolution also builds linkages between local, state and national resources so communities can address teen pregnancy.

GA **1997 Ga. Laws, HR 457** provides funds to ensure that the primary emphasis of **teen pregnancy education** is **abstinence**. The purpose of this resolution is to ensure that teenagers are taught the social, psychological and health gains to be realized from abstaining from sexual activity. It also creates a prevention program that focuses on the importance of self-sufficiency before engaging in sexual activity.

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 32** alters the content of required health classes in secondary schools due to findings from the **1996 First Adolescent Health Summit**. The summit found that most adolescents lack personal and life skills to be prepared for the 21st century. Preventive health issues need to be taught in Hawaii's curriculum, and health education should be culturally sensitive in the curriculum, and to the health needs of the students. In providing a healthier future for adolescents, the state should focus on the prevention of negative influences of teen pregnancies, stress management, STDs and HIV, physical and mental abuse, drug abuse and individual priorities as determined by the schools.

IL **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-238 (HB 1294)** establishes the **Adolescent and Family Life Pilot Program** in Cook County, designed for high-risk pregnant adolescents. Includes goals and objectives for reducing the incidence of high-risk pregnant adolescents. Defines a **high-risk** pregnant adolescent as someone at least 12 but not more than 18 years old who uses alcohol to excess, is addicted to controlled substances or habitually uses cannabis (marijuana) and is pregnant.

IA **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 208 (HB 715)** appropriates $2,270,000 for **community-based adolescent pregnancy prevention programs** with the condition that family planning services are funded. Focuses on preventing pregnancies during adolescent years by emphasizing **abstinence** as the only safe and effective means of avoiding pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases. Provides information regarding **contraceptive** failure.

KS **1997 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 123 (HB 2160) Sec. 58** provides $558,531 for **teen pregnancy prevention** activities with the highest priority given to welfare recipients and other Medicaid-eligible teens. This law also provides funding for teen pregnancy nutrition surveillance programs and provides federal funding of $1,711,651 for an AIDS project on education and risk reduction.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 18 (HB 1) Sec. 01-114** assists teen parents through education and services. Topics include prenatal care, nutrition, child development, **family planning and parenting techniques**. Also provides counseling and referrals to existing health and social service agencies.

LA **1997 La. Acts, SCR 28** designates May 1997 as **"Teen Pregnancy Awareness and Prevention Month."** Every day in Louisiana, 42 teen girls become pregnant, 35 teen girls give birth, 18 teens are treated for sexually

transmitted diseases, four teens are treated for syphilis, 14 teens are treated for gonorrhea, and four teens contract the HIV virus. Therefore, the Legislature has created this act to bring **awareness** to teen pregnancy prevention.

LA **1997 La. Acts, HCR 205** requests both the House and the Senate committees on Health and Welfare to meet and function as a joint committee to study the feasibility of implementing the **"Baby Think It Over"** program in public high schools. This program currently is used by several states as a learning tool for young adults, allowing them to experience hands-on, the responsibility of caring for an infant. The goals of the program are to help teens learn that babies' demands are unpredictable and must be met promptly; second they demand a great deal of time and attention, and third, the responsibilities of parenting will change a teen's life profoundly and in many ways.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 510 (HB 774)** requires the Department of Social Services and the Department of Education to develop and implement an **Incentive Award Program** to provide a parish school system with a **financial award** for **reducing** its **teen pregnancy rate**.

ME **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 530 (SB 671)** specifies that, under the federal Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) program, the state will provide **transitional Medicaid** to families. Adds provisions relating to funds for family planning services, permitting them to be used for an intensive peer education project to increase the use of **family planning services** to TANF recipients. The target population includes recipients who are minors at risk of becoming TANF recipients.

MA **1997 Mass. Acts, Chap. 88 (HB 4900)** appropriates $35,000 for the **Framingham Teen Parenting Program**. Appropriates $1,290,063 for school-and community-based teen health programs.

MS **1997 Miss. Laws, Chap. 316 (HB 766)** provides that one purpose of the Mississippi Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) is to prevent and reduce the incidence of **out-of-wedlock** pregnancies and establish annual numerical goals for preventing and reducing the incidences of these pregnancies.

NV **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 93 (ACR 36)** resolves that the Legislature supports the efforts of local and state agencies who work together to **reduce teen pregnancy rates**. Youth, parents and communities within the state of Nevada, as well as local and state agencies, are urged to support and assist community action teams in their efforts to prevent teenage pregnancy.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 53 (SB 705)** appropriates $990,000 for an HIV/AIDS education program for the 1997-98 school year. Appropriates $900,000 for services and expenses of the missing children education program. Appropriates $506,400 to establish **parenting education programs** for parents and children for the 1997-98 school year. Appropriates $525,000 for the comprehensive school health demonstration program. Appropriates $5,325,000 for services and expenses of the youth-at-risk/community partnership program for the 1997-98 school year.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 434 (SB 5783)** appropriates $180,000 in state grants for **family planning** service programs and **school health programs** provided from the general fund local assistance account appropriations.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 437 (SB 5792)** appropriates $1 million to conduct **teenage pregnancy prevention programs** that expand the scope to **men**. The commissioner of health will issue a request for proposals to solicit applications from those who serve high-need communities where adolescent pregnancies and homelessness are high. This law also states that $7 million will be transferred to the Department of Health for community health education, outreach and community-based adolescent pregnancy prevention programs to address the needs of both adults and adolescents to prevent unintended pregnancies.

OR **1997 Or. Laws, SJR 33** encourages the Department of Education to disseminate information about the **Best Friends Program**, which includes teaching abstinence, goal setting and career planning to girls in grades five - 12. Also provides for three pilot projects to be established on teen pregnancy prevention.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 33 & HR 122** proclaims April 20 - April 26, 1997, **"Chastity Awareness Week."** States that abstaining from sexual activity is the only certain way to avoid out-of-wedlock pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases. It also states that alcohol and drug use increases vulnerability to sexual advances and inhibits good decision making.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 43** declares May 1997 as **"Teenage Pregnancy Prevention Month"** and designates Thursday May 1, 1997, as the kickoff date. The resolution declares that abstaining from sexual activity is the only way for teens to avoid pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases.

RI **1997 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 176 (SB 771) & 160 (HB 5961)** creates the Teen Pregnancy Prevention Partnership Act by coordinating programs in Rhode Island. Authorizes the directors of the departments of Human Services, Health, Children Youth and Families, and Education to develop a **statewide plan** on the **prevention** of **unintended pregnancies** among adolescents. These state agencies are charged with developing a statewide plan to include: reducing the number of pregnant adolescents, identifying funding sources for pregnancy prevention, securing comprehensive abstinence education, identifying health care services accessible to adolescents, securing educational involvement from state and local law enforcement officials, educating and identifying at-risk teens before they become sexually active, identifying financial resources for K-12 teacher training in the areas of family life and sexuality, securing community and local involvement, and statewide planning and development of educational programs for adolescents.

WA **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 58 (HB 3901) Sec. 501** amends regulations regarding **permissible living** situations for applicants under age 18 who are unmarried and are either pregnant or have dependent children. Refines the **teen parent** requirements.

WA **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 58 (HB 3901) Sec. 504** mandates that, if a **dependent child's parent** is an unmarried minor parent or pregnant minor applicant, then the parent or parents of the minor also **shall be deemed a parent** or parents of the dependent child. However, liability for child support under this subsection exits only if the parent or parents of the unmarried minor parent or pregnant minor applicant are provided the opportunity for a hearing on their availability to **provide support**. Any child support order requiring such a parent or parents to provide support for the minor parent's child may be effective only until the minor parent reaches age 18.

WA **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 58 (HB 3901) Sec. 601** requires the Department of Health to work in cooperation with the superintendent of public instruction to reduce the rate of **illegitimate births and abortions** in the state. The Department of Health will contract with entities qualified to provide abstinence education and motivation programs in the state.

WA **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 149 (SB 6062)** states that $300,000 from the general fund appropriations is provided solely for **abstinence education programs**. Appropriates $400,000 from the general fund solely for abstinence education projects at the office of the superintendent of public instruction. Provides a grant program for media campaigns promoting sexual abstinence. Addresses delaying sexual activity.

# SCHOOL HEALTH/SCHOOL-BASED HEALTH SERVICES

AZ **1997 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 209 (HB 2076)** eliminates the luxury tax on **marijuana** and other drugs. Prohibits the court from reducing the Class 4 felony of possessing **amphetamine** for personal use to a Class 1 misdemeanor. If a defendant manufactures dangerous drugs in a **drug-free school zone**, the sentencing ranges are increased by one year and the defendant must serve the entire sentence imposed, with temporary release permitted only in a narrow set of circumstances. Eliminates the reward for information leading to seizure of money in drug arrests.

AZ **1997 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 257 (SB 1388)** allows the Department of Health Services to contract with public and nonprofit entities to provide primary health care services through **mobile clinics** to indigent or uninsured persons in rural areas or in medically underserved areas. The medical mobile clinic will provide community development activities to assist with collaboration among **school health** systems and other health partners.

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 871 (HB 1650)** requires a child to be age-appropriately **immunized** before to enrollment in a child care facility. Establishes oversight for immunization of kindergartners - 12th graders by the board of education. This law will not apply if a parent or a legal guardian of that child objects because of religious belief or if, in the past, a sibling had an adverse effect.

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, HR 1032** requests the House interim committee on education to conduct a study to determine the feasibility of initiating a **school-based counseling service**. This counseling service will be developed jointly by the Division of Mental Health of the Department of Human Services and the Department of Education. Results of the study or recommendations must be presented no later than September 1, 1998.

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 1243 (HB 1732)** requires school officials to report **felonies** or other **crimes** involving **violence** committed on **school property**. The superintendent or designee shall report the incident to the appropriate law enforcement agency for investigation. Anyone who fails to report as required by this act shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor. The state Board of Education, rather than the school district, must issue rules and regulations to ensure uniform compliance.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., ACR 37** designates April 13, 1997, as "**School Psychology Week in California,**" and encourages all citizens to participate in appropriate activities held to commemorate its observance.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., ACR 55** encourages parents, school teachers, administrators, law enforcement agencies and community leaders to continue their efforts to provide **sober graduation activities** to a maximum number of high school graduates, their friends and school associates.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 90 (SB 572)** prohibits the sale or consumption of **alcoholic beverages** in a **public schoolhouse** or on its grounds. Exceptions apply to college stadiums with a capacity of more than 18,900 people.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 286 (AB 1086)** amends the requirements of the new **Teaching Reading Instruction Development Program** for teachers in kindergarten - third grade, and creates a similar reading training program for teachers in grades four - six.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 340 (SB 1095)** creates the **High-Risk Youth Education and Safety Program** to target offenders aged 15 and under who are at risk of becoming chronic offenders. The 1997-98 budget includes $3.6 million for services, including case management, mentoring, after school programs, parenting education, school-linked substance abuse treatment, career services, and services that assist with making the transition to higher education.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 430 (SB 707)** requires California State University to be responsible for coordinating a **standardized health assessment** to detect any health problems of public **school** children.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 589 (AB 1612)** prohibits **schools** from hiring or retaining any individual who has been **convicted** of a **serious or violent felony**. Provides funds to the state Department of Justice to implement a statewide electronic fingerprinting system to speed pre-employment criminal background checks for school employees.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 736 (SB 187)** requires **school districts** to be responsible for the overall development of **safety plans** for their schools. These plans must include an assessment of school-based crimes and strategies for improving school safety.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 825 (AB 287)** maintains that students in grades seven - 12 which 35 percent or more of enrolled pupils are from families that receive money from a welfare program or any like program or who have **limited English proficiency** are eligible to receive **free meals** or reduced prices on meals.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 883 (AB 549)** requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Establishes procedures for making that reimbursement, including the creation of a state mandates claim fund to pay the costs of mandates that do not exceed $1 million statewide and other procedures for claims where the statewide costs exceed $1 million. Currently, any school district, county office of education or a **state special school** are **covered** by **Medi-Cal** benefits.

CO **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 122 (SB 82)** requires **every student**, except those exempted pursuant to law, to submit at the time of school registration an up-to-date **certificate of immunization**. If, at the time of school registration, the student presents an out-of-date certificate, the parent and guardian shall submit, within seven days of school registration, documentation that the immunization has been given or a state-approved plan has been written showing when the immunization will occur. Eliminates the prior 60-day provisional period that allows transfer students to submit their immunization entry to school and requires them to also abide by the seven-day notice.

CO **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 222 (SB 101)** authorizes **school districts**, boards of cooperative services, and state kindergarten - 12th grade educational institutions to contract with the state Department of Health Care Policy and Financing to receive federal matching funds. Local and state money is spent in providing **health services** to students who are **Medicaid** recipients. Through this law, up to $9.2 million in new funds may be infused into school health services. These contracts are voluntary and are subject to availability of state and federal funds.

CO **1997 Colo. Sess. HJR 1015** proclaims that the week of February 16 - 22, 1997, be designated as the "**Parent Teacher Association's 100th Anniversary Week**" in Colorado public schools. (The Parent Teacher Association (PTA) has participated in founding of the public educational system, the nationwide **school** lunch program, dispensation of the Salk polio vaccine, and a national HIV/AIDS education program for parents.)

CT **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 8 (HB 8007) of the June 1997 Special Session** appropriates $175,000 to the Department of Public Health for **school-based health centers** and **school-based dental clinics**.

CT **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 239 (SB 627)** establishes a pilot program to increase access to **preventive dental care**, particularly for children and the elderly who receive Medicaid or who are underinsured or uninsured. The pilot program ends September 30, 1999. It allows a hygienist with two years of experience to work without dental supervision in a community health center, mental health facility, group home, **school setting** and other health care facilities. Requires the Department of Public Health to report to the legislature, by January 1, 1999, on the pilot program's effect on access to preventive dental care. The report must make recommendations concerning whether the pilot program should continue.

DE **Vol. 70 Del. SCR 12** congratulates and thanks the **Parent Teacher Association (PTA)** for its 100 years of service and dedication to our children, schools and communities.

DE **Vol. 70 Del. SCR 29** declares October as "**Learning Disabilities Month.**" Learning disabilities can affect learning, reading, writing, speaking and math skills and, without early intervention, the results of the disability can be a lifelong problem.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 152 (SB 2400)** appropriates $1,100,000 to local governments for **school health screenings** and $17,021,881 to local governments for **school health services**.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 1853)** adds services relating to **school-based centers** provided to children under the **Medicaid** certified school match program to increase school district participation and earning potential. Expands services eligible for federal Medicaid reimbursement to include, but not be limited to, physical, occupational, speech therapy, behavioral health, mental health, early periodic screening, diagnosis and treatment. This bill also expands the categories of Medicaid-eligible children for whom a **school district** could receive reimbursement to include children eligible under the **Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEAS)**, the exceptional student program or an individualized educational plan.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 237 (HB 1357)** creates the **Florida Comprehensive Health Education and Substance Abuse Prevention Act** to help **school health services**, boards of education, and school districts to coordinate their services. Also adds counseling and pregnancy prevention to services provided under the Medicaid program.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 263 (HB 1965)** creates the **Primary Care Children and Families Challenge Grant Program**, to be administered by the Department of Health. The intent of this bill is to create a partnership between state and local governments to develop a coordinated primary health care delivery system for low-income Florida residents. Emphasis is placed on volunteerism, cooperation and broad-based participation by public and private health care providers. Children and families with incomes up to 150 percent of the federal poverty level are eligible. Modifies Medicaid reimbursed **school-based health services** to place an emphasis on providing medically-related nursing services.

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 32** alters the content of required health classes in secondary schools due to the findings from the **1996 First Adolescent Health Summit.** The summit found that most adolescents lack personal and life skills to be prepared for the 21st century. Preventive health issues need to be taught in Hawaii's curriculum, and health education should be culturally sensitive in the curriculum, and to the health needs of the students. In providing a healthier future for adolescents, the state should focus on the prevention of negative influences of teen pregnancies, stress management, STDs and HIV, physical and mental abuse, drug abuse and individual **priorities** as determined by the **schools.**

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act, 217 (HB 1831) Sec. 321-242** permits a **school health aide** to assist a student by administering oral, topical, and other medications.

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 117 (HB 1105)** establishes a two-year demonstration project for schools in the County of Kauai. During the 1997-1998 and 1998-1999 **school** years, each child admitted to any school in the County of Kauai for the first time should submit a **dental health** certificate or certification from a licensed dentist stating that the child will undergo a dental **examination** and will have all the necessary treatment.

ID **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 368)** appropriates funding for the **substance abuse** program to **discourage Hispanic youth** from habitual use of tobacco, alcohol and other drugs by developing programs for **schools**, families and communities.

ID **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 404 (HB 320)** creates the **Children's Mental Health Services Act**. Requires the Department of Health and Welfare, the Department of Education, the Department of Juvenile Corrections, **school districts**, counties and other entities to cooperate and collaborate in planning, developing and providing services for children (younger than 18 and not emancipated by either marriage or legal proceeding) who have serious emotional disturbances. Provides that services be individually planned to meet the unique needs of each child and family.

IA **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 126 (SB 515)** amends the definition of "legal age" under the **Alcoholic Beverage Control Act** from 19 to 21 years of age. Underage people who make an attempt to purchase or who possess alcohol are guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of $100. A second offense is a serious misdemeanor punishable by a $200 fine and suspension of the person's driving privileges for a period not to exceed one year. **Peace officers** are required to notify school officials of the school that a minor attends, if the peace officer discovers that a minor is in the possession of alcohol. The fine for alteration of a driver's license or nonoperator's identification card for purposes of illegally purchasing alcohol is raised to $100. **School officials** are to **report** the illegal drug or alcohol use on school premises to law enforcement. There is an exception if the reporting will jeopardize an at-risk student or a student assistance program.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 18 (HB 1) Sec. 19-681** provides for student services including **the Home Study/Child Welfare Activity**. Its mission is to **increase student achievement**, eliminate violence and drug use and coordinate efforts to reduce the incidence of HIV/AIDS infection and other communicable diseases among students.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 974 (HB 1314)** known as the "**Louisiana Healthy Kids Corporation Act**," this law organizes **school** children to facilitate the provision of preventive health care services and provides comprehensive health insurance coverage.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 1267 (SB 793)** amends existing law to provide immunity--except for grossly negligent or intentional acts--for physicians, surgeons, dentists or hospitals and any employee of a physician, surgeon, dentist or hospital who graciously treats or provides services to a student in a **public school health clinic** without compensation or reimbursement from Medicaid or from any type of state or federal public assistance program.

MD **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 258 (HB 746)** amends current law to allow students to possess **portable pagers** on school property if the pagers are contained in vehicles and are not found to be connected with criminal activity.

MD **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 358 (SB 0452) & (HB 701)** requires a health research design analyst designated by the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene or the Baltimore City Health Department to prepare specified reports on the status and the success of the **School Health Pilot Program**. This law renames the School Health Program and makes it permanent.

MD **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 504 (HB 971)** provides that there are between 1.5 million to 2.5 million children in the United States under age 18 who have **attention deficit hyperactivity disorder** (ADHD). There has been a dramatic increase in the number of **school-age** children taking methylphenidate. Establishes a task force to study the uses of **methylphenidate** for ADHD and to study other drugs prescribed to school children for treatment of ADHD. The task force must submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the governor and the General Assembly before January 1, 1998.

MA **1997 Mass. Acts, Chap. 88 (HB 4900)** appropriates $35,000 for the Framingham teen parenting program and also appropriates $1,290,063 for **school-and community-based teen health programs**.

MS **1997 Miss. Laws, Chap. 926 (SB 3241)** allows the city of Tupelo, Miss., and the board of supervisors of Lee County, Miss. to levy additional court costs not to exceed one $1 per case. The funds derived shall be paid to the National Council on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence of Northeast Mississippi Inc. The money will be used as operational funds to provide **youth service programs for area adolescents and teens**.

MO **1997 Mo. Laws, HB 20** appropriates approximately $5,368,764 from the Health Initiatives Fund to the Department of Health's Division of Maternal, Child and Family Health to fund **school health grants** and related expenses.

MT **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 450 (HB 264)** amends current law relating to **drug-free** and **crime-free schools**. Adds a new provision that requires youth court officials to report to school officials the identity of a youth attending their school who has admitted, more than once, drug use or is adjudicated as violating a statue. This law allows the school to enforce any disciplinary measure that was in effect at the time the youth admitted drug use or was adjudicated a drug user.

NV **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 353 (AB 515)** enhances the penalty for gross **misdemeanors committed on public or private school property**, at a school sponsored activity, on a school bus, or when a school bus is loading or unloading students. Anyone who commits a crime will be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for at least 15 days and be fined up to $2,000.

NV **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 473 (SB 482)** creates a nine-member council to establish **academic standards** for **public schools**. Standards in health and physical education are included in the second phase. This bill also requires collection of additional accountability data such as incidents at school involving alcohol and controlled substances and parental participation. This council may also review any other fiscal or policy concerns associated with public education in Nevada.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 53 (SB 705)** appropriates $990,000 for an **HIV/AIDS education** program for the 1997-98 school year. Appropriates $900,000 for services and expenses of the missing children education program. Appropriates $506,400 to establish **parenting education** programs for parents and children for the 1997-98 school year. Appropriates $525,000 for the **comprehensive school health demonstration program**. Appropriates $5,325,000 for services and expenses of the youth-at-risk/community partnership program for the 1997-98 school year.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 153 (AB 6780)** expands to 21 years the maximum duration of certain projects providing improved and **expanded school health services** for preschool and school-age children.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 402 (SB 1373-a)** clarifies language relating to the task force on **school-community collaboration**. Among other things, it provides for the promotion of the well being of children and families by seeking to improve child health nutrition.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 434 (SB 5783)** appropriates $180,000 in state grants for family planning service programs and **school health programs** provided from the general fund local assistance account appropriations.

OK **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 75 (SB 277)** provides coverage for **immunizations** for dependents of insured individuals from birth through age 18 from health benefit plans delivered on or after January 1, 1998.

OR **1997 Or. Laws, Chap. 613 (HB 3544)** requires the Department of Education to establish a two-year pilot program to address problems associated with **disruptive students** in schools. This includes students that violate school districts' rules regarding alcohol or drugs, arson, assault, firearms, extortion, harassment, intimidation or menacing, knives, reckless endangering, sexual harassment, theft, vandalism or weapons.

PA **1997 PA. Laws, HR 52** proclaims that the **Kids Interacting Drug-free Coalition** and the **Teen Anti-drug Coalition** add dynamic youth empowerment models against alcohol, tobacco and other drugs. Encourages schools and school districts in the state to enter into planning and commitment stages to implement these models within the respective schools and school districts.

RI **1997 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 176 (SB 771) & 160 (HB 5961)** creates the **Teen Pregnancy Prevention Partnership Act** by coordinating programs in the state of Rhode Island. Authorizes the directors of the departments of Human Services, Health, Children Youth and Families, and Education to develop a statewide plan for the prevention of unintended pregnancies among adolescents. These state agencies are charged with developing a **statewide** plan to include reducing in the number of pregnant adolescents, identifying funding sources for pregnancy prevention, comprehensive abstinence education programs, identifying health care services accessible to adolescents, securing educational involvement from state and local law enforcement officials, educating and identifying of at-risk teens before they become sexually active, identifying financial resources for K-12 teacher training in the areas of family life and sexuality, securing community and local involvement, and statewide planning and development of educational programs for adolescents.

TN **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 6 (SB 980)** designates the Department of Health to create a plan to protect young Tennessee residents against Hepatitis B by immunizations to prevent the spread of the disease. This act is known as the "**Hepatitis B Protection by Immunization Act.**" By January 15, 1998, the Health Department shall add Hepatitis B to the schedule of immunizations for kindergarten entry for the 1999-2000 school year.

TX **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 1285 (SB 162)** provides that the state Board of Education, in consultation with the Texas Department of Health and the Texas Diabetes Council, will develop a **diabetes education program** that a school district may use in its health curriculum. They also will develop and make available materials that provide information about diabetes to be distributed to students and the parents of students by health clinics at public, primary or secondary schools.

VA **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 784 (SB 862)** provides an exception to the **prohibition against drinking on school grounds** for approved areas of a city-owned performing arts center located in Portsmouth, provided the organization operating the center has a license granted by the board.

VA **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 924 (HB 1600)** states that it is the intent of the General Assembly that the superintendent of public instruction convene a planning/steering committee by July 15, 1997. The purpose shall be to develop a plan for an incentive fund to provide **physical health care services** in public elementary and secondary **schools**. The planning/steering committee shall work to ensure that collaborative, innovative and nontraditional approaches to school health service needs are considered. The committee will provide a plan no later than December 1, 1997.

WA **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 9 (HB 1081)** requires each **school district board** of directors to have a written policy mandating the **prohibition of tobacco products** on public school property. Students and school personnel must be notified by the posting of signs prohibiting the use of tobacco products. Students and school personnel who violate the policy will be subject to sanctions.

WA **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 23 (SB 5132)** provides that **school bus** route stops are **drug-free zones.**

WA **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 149 (SB 6062)** states that $300,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for abstinence education programs. This law also states that $400,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for **abstinence education** projects at the office of the superintendent of public instruction. This law also provides for a program that provides grants for media campaigns to promote sexual abstinence and to address delaying sexual activity.

# SEXUAL CONDUCT

AL **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 486 (SB 476)** prohibits solicitation by **computer** of a child (a person younger than 16 years of age) for purposes of committing a **sexual act**. Solicitation of a child by computer is a Class B felony. Makes it a crime to transmit obscene material to a child by computer.

AZ **1997 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 179 (HB 2016)** adds attempted first-degree murder to the list of offenses that are considered dangerous crimes against children in the first-degree. An offender must serve a sentence of 20 years if the victim is between the ages of 12 and 14. If the victim is younger than 12, the sentence for an adult (or a person tried as an adult) who is convicted of **attempted first-degree murder**, **second-degree murder**, **sexual assault** or sexual conduct may be increased to life imprisonment without the possibility of early release until 35 years have been served. Lifetime probation also is allowed for those guilty of attempted sexual crimes.

NV **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 455 (AB 280)** increases the penalties for **sexual crimes** committed against children under age 14. Offenders convicted of sexual assault or attempted sexual assault with no bodily harm to the victim may be sentenced to life imprisonment, with the possibility of parole after at least 20 years have been served.

NV **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 529 (SB 122)** prohibits anyone over age 21 who is employed in a position of authority by a **school** from engaging in **sexual conduct with students**. This bill defines persons of authority as teachers, administrators, coaches, teachers' aides and other nonprofessional employees who assist in the instruction of students. Anyone violating this law will be guilty of a Category C felony.

# SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 32** alters the content of required health classes in secondary schools due to the findings from the 1996 First Adolescent Health Summit. The summit found that most adolescents lack personal and life skills to be prepared for the 21st century. Preventive health issues need to be taught in Hawaii's curriculum and health education should be culturally sensitive in the curriculum, and to the health needs of the students. In providing a healthier future for adolescents, the state should focus on the prevention of negative influences of teen pregnancies, stress management, **STDs** and HIV, physical and mental abuse, drug abuse and individual priorities as determined by the schools.

IA **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 208 (HB 715)** appropriates $2,270,000 for community-based adolescent pregnancy prevention programs with the condition that family planning services are funded. Focuses on preventing pregnancies during adolescent years by emphasizing abstinence as the only safe and effective means of avoiding pregnancy and **sexually transmitted diseases**. Provides information regarding contraceptive failure.

LA **1997 La. Acts, SCR 28** designates May 1997 as "Teen Pregnancy Awareness and Prevention Month." Every day in Louisiana, 42 teen girls become pregnant, 35 teen girls give birth, 18 teens are treated for **sexually transmitted diseases**, four teens are treated for syphilis, 14 teens are treated for gonorrhea and four teens contract the HIV virus. Therefore, the Legislature has created this act to bring awareness to teen pregnancy prevention.

MA **1997 Mass. Acts, Chap. 43 (HB 4700)** appropriates a federal grant $396,136 for HIV/**STD**/TB risk reduction. Appropriates approximately $300,000 to be administered by the Springfield Department of Health for the operation of a comprehensive AIDS drug treatment pilot program, and appropriates a federal grant of $4,836,051 for the Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Program.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 33 & HR 122** proclaims April 20 - April 26, 1997 "Chastity Awareness Week." States that abstaining from sexual activity is the only certain way to avoid out-of-wedlock pregnancy and **sexually transmitted diseases**. States that alcohol and drug use increase vulnerability to sexual advances and inhibits good decision making.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 43** declares May 1997 as "Teenage Pregnancy Prevention Month" and designates Thursday, May 1, 1997, as the kickoff date. Declares that abstaining from sexual activity is the only way for teens to avoid pregnancy and **sexually transmitted diseases**.

TN **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 6 (SB 980)** designates the Department of Health to create a plan to protect young Tennessee residents against **Hepatitis B** by immunizations to prevent the spread of the disease. This act is known as the "Hepatitis B Protection by Immunization Act." By January 15, 1998 the Health Department shall add hepatitis B to the schedule of immunizations for kindergarten entry for the 1999-2000 school year.

# SUBSTANCE ABUSE

DE **Vol. 70 Del. SCR 20** honors the **Delaware Association for Children of Alcoholics** upon its 10th anniversary for its many services, and recognizes the association's volunteers work with Delaware families affected by alcoholism. Urges all Delaware citizens to support this organization's work in preventing family addictions. This association, founded in 1987, has as its goal to prevent and reduce the effects of alcoholism and other chemical dependents on children, through support, education and intervention.

ID **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 368)** appropriates funding for the **substance abuse** program to **discourage Hispanic youth** from habitual use of tobacco, alcohol and other drugs by developing programs for schools, families and communities.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 18 (HB 1) Sec. 19-681** provides for student services, including the **Home Study/Child Welfare Activity**. Its mission is to **increase student achievement**, eliminate violence and drug use, and coordinate efforts to reduce the incidence of HIV/AIDS infection and other communicable diseases among students.

ME **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 382 (HB 1262)** amends existing law to read that a **minor** who has not attained 21 years of age **may not transport drugs** in a motor vehicle. Minors who violate this law will be subject to the loss of their driver's license and a fine.

MT **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 450 (HB 264)** amends current law relating to **drug free** and **crime free schools**. Adds a new provision that requires youth court officials to report to school officials the identity of a youth, attending their school, who has admitted, more than once, for drug use or is adjudicated as violating a statue. This law allows the school to enforce any disciplinary measure that was in effect at the time the youth admitted drug use or was adjudicated a drug user.

MT **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 550 (SB 48)** revises statutes pertaining to the **Youth Court Act**. Allows assessment officers to provide initial intake and evaluation of youth who appears to be in need of intervention. The evaluation includes the use of tobacco products, gambling, running away from home or habitual truancy by minors. This law allows for family assessment including chemical dependency and mental health evaluation.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 53 (SB 705)** appropriates $990,000 for an **HIV/AIDS education** program for the 1997-98 school year. Appropriates $900,000 for services and expenses of the missing children education program. Appropriates $506,400 to establish parenting education programs for parents and children for the 1997-98 school year. Appropriates $525,000 for the **comprehensive school health demonstration program**. Appropriates $5,325,000 for services and expenses of the youth-at-risk/community partnership program for the 1997-98 school year.

TN **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 326 (SB 1341)** expands the list of prohibited substances. Students possessing prescription **drugs** or any other **controlled substance** may be **expelled from school**.

## *Date Rape Drugs*

AK **1997 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 16 (HB 69)** designates **flunitrazepam**, also known as **rohypnol**, as a schedule IV A controlled substance. Anyone who violates this law in respect to flunitrazepam will be guilty of a Class C felony in the fourth degree.

AK **1997 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 105 (HB 163)** designates **gamma hydroxybutyrate** (GHB) as a schedule IV A controlled substance. Anyone who violates this law in respect to gamma hydroxybutyrate will be guilty of a Class C felony in the fourth degree.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 1 (HB 91)** adds **flunitrazepam**, also known as **rohypnol**, to the list of schedule I controlled substances. Schedule I substances in Florida are the most strictly controlled. Schedule I drugs have a high potential for abuse and have no current accepted use in the United States. Anyone who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers or brings into Florida 4 grams or more of flunitrazepam

commits a felony and is subject to sentencing and fines starting at $50,000. This bill also adds **gamma hydroxybutyrate** (GHB) to the list of schedule II drugs. A schedule II substance is easier to prescribe, but still has a high potential for abuse. GHB can cause an intense drowsiness, abrupt sedation and deep sleep. It has also been used in incidences of date rape.

GA **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 40 (HB 111)** states that anyone who purchases or possesses **flunitrazepam**, a schedule IV controlled substance, shall be charged with a felony and, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned for two to 15 years. Upon conviction for a second offense for purchasing or possessing flunitrazepam, the offender will be imprisoned for five to 30 years. Anyone who manufactures, delivers, distributes, sells, administers, possesses or dispenses flunitrazepam shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned for five to 30 years. Upon conviction of a second or subsequent offense the individual shall be imprisoned for 10 to 40 years.

IA **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 95 (SB 497)** provides that unlawful possession or distribution of **gamma hydroxybutyrate** (GHB) is an aggravated misdemeanor.

IA **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 78 (HB 449)** prohibits **sexual acts** when one participant is prevented from consenting to sex because of a **controlled substance**.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 1191 (SB 29)** adds that anyone who abuses **flunitrazepam** shall be sentenced to hard labor for at least five years, but no more than 30 years, and pay a fine of not more than $50,000. Anyone who unknowingly or intentionally possesses flunitrazepam shall be sentenced to hard labor for no more than 10 years, and may be required to pay a fine of no more than $5,000. Adds that any person with the intention of committing a crime of violence against an individual by administering a controlled dangerous substance to someone who is unaware that the controlled substance has been administered to them, will be sentenced hard labor for at least five years, and not more than 40 years, and may be fined up to $100,000.

ME **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 487 (SB 603)** adds **flunitrazepam or its chemical equivalent** to the list of schedule W drugs. If an individual knowingly traffics flunitrazepam, upon conviction they will be guilty of a Class B crime, imprisoned for up to 10 years and fined up to $20,000. A individual found guilty of unlawfully furnishing flunitrazepam, upon conviction will be guilty of a Class C crime imprisoned for up to five years and fined up to $5,000. A individual unlawfully possessing flunitrazepam upon conviction will be guilty of a Class D crime imprisoned for up to one year and fined up to $2,000.

NV **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 256 (SB 131)** increases the penalties for secretly administering **"date rape"** drugs to someone with the intent to commit a violent crime. Date rape drugs include, but are not limited to, **flunitrazepam** and **gamma hydroxybutyrate**. Those found guilty of such a crime are guilty of a Class B felony, which is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum of one year and a maximum of 20 years.

NJ **1997 N.J. Laws, Chap. 193 (SB 1772)** adds **ketamine hydrochioride** (an animal tranquilizer that often is abused by people) to the list of schedule III controlled substances, making it a crime in the third degree punishable by three to five years in prison.

NJ **1997 N.J. Laws, Chap. 194 (AB 2725)** increases the penalties for sexual assault committed with the use of certain substances and criminalizes the sale and possession of **"rape drugs."**

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 635 (SB 324)** adds **ketamine hydrochloride** (an animal tranquilizer that often is abused by people) to the list of schedule III controlled substances.

NC **1997 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 501 (HB 1132)** adds **gamma hydroxybutric acid** to the schedule IV list of controlled substances. Makes it a criminal offense to possess, manufacture, sell, deliver, contaminate food or drink with any controlled substance that would render a person mentally incapacitated or physically helpless with the intent of committing a crime against that person.

ND **1995 N.D. Sess. Laws, 123 (SB 2285)** adds **flunitrazepam** to the list of depressants under the 1995 supplement to the North Dakota Century Code. This includes any material, compound, mixture or preparation that contains any quantity of substance having a depressant effect on the central nervous system.

OH **1997 Ohio Laws, HB 32** increases criminal penalties for gross sexual imposition when the offender administers a controlled substance to a victim secretly or by force. Requires that the mandatory prison term for rape with the use of a **controlled substance** must be at least five years.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 65 (HB 1125)** adds penalties for administering **drugs** or other **substances** when involved in **sexual assault** crimes. When an individual impairs another's power to control their conduct, by administering

without their knowledge, drugs or other intoxicants they will be guilty of a third degree felony and imprisoned up to 10 years and fined up to $100,000.

TN **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 17 (HB 603)** states that processing **flunitrazepam** is a Class C felony and may result in a fine up to $100,000. Possession of any other schedule IV controlled substances is a Class D felony and may result in a fine up to $50,000.

VA **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 595 (HB 1926)** makes the drug **flunitrazepam** a schedule I controlled substance for the purposes of penalties of the Drug Control Act. Flunitrazepam, also known as rohypnol, has been used as a **"date rape"** drug. Enhances the penalties for knowingly manufacturing, selling, giving, distributing or possessing the drug flunitrazepam.

## *Drinking and Driving—Blood Alcohol Content*

CO **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 174 (HB 1035)** eliminates the current requirement that anyone under age 21 who is convicted of offenses relating to **alcohol** immediately **surrenders** her or his **license** to the court to begin revocation. Changes the current requirement and specifies that the period of **revocation begins** when the adolescent whose **license** is being revoked is given notice by the **Department of Revenue**.

CO **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 256 (HB 1301)** prohibits anyone under age 21 with a **blood or breath alcohol content** above .02 percent from driving a motor vehicle. Violation of this law will result in a Class A traffic violation subject to a $50 fine and four points on their driver's license. The Department of Revenue also will impose a revocation period, upon conviction, of three months for a first offense, six months for a second offense and one year for a third offense. Provides that people under age 21 who drive within the state have consented to a preliminary **screening test** of the alcohol on their breath. If they refuse the test the Department of Revenue can revoke their license for a period of one year.

GA **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 760 (HB 681)** strengthens Georgia's current DUI laws by establishing a **graduated licensing system** and requires anyone under age 18 to attend school in order to obtain and retain a driver's license. To receive an instruction permit or driver's license, anyone under age 18 must be enrolled in an approved educational program, possess a certificate of high school completion, or have permission of a parent or guardian to withdraw from school. A minor's license will be suspended if he or she has more than 10 consecutive unexcused absences or is suspended due to violence against school personnel or possession of weapons, drugs or alcohol on school property. This suspension will end on their 18th birthday. This law also states that anyone age 21 or younger convicted of a hit and run, driving recklessly, eluding a police officer or purchasing an alcoholic beverage may have his or her license revoked. If the driver has a blood alcohol content level of .08 percent or higher he or she will lose driving privileges for 12 months and must submit proof of completion of a DUI alcohol or drug-risk reduction program.

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 102 (HB 116)** prohibits **anyone under age 21** with a measurable amount of **alcohol** in his or her system to **drive**, operate or assume control of any vehicle. This law defines the amount of alcohol to mean equal or greater than .02 percent but less than .08 grams of alcohol per 210 liters of breath.

ID **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 101 (HB 5)** makes it unlawful for any person under age 21 years of age who has an **alcohol concentration** of at least .02 percent to operate or be in actual physical control of a **water vessel**. Anyone found guilty of operating a water vessel with a blood alcohol content of .08 percent or above will be guilty of a misdemeanor and may be fined an amount not to exceed $1,000. They may also be imprisoned for a period not to exceed six months and will be required to attend and successfully complete a course in safe boating.

ID **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 158 (SB 1081)** makes it illegal for drivers under age 21 to have a **blood alcohol content** of more than .02 percent.

ID **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 306 (SB 1073)** makes it a misdemeanor for anyone over age 18 and under the influence of alcohol to **transport a child** in his or her vehicle. If a child is injured or killed it is a felony.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 1296 (HB 520)** makes the acceptable **blood alcohol content** .02 percent for drivers under age 21 of any motor vehicle, aircraft, watercraft or vessel. This law also provides the following penalties; for the first conviction the offender shall be fined not less than $100 and not more than $250, and imprisoned for not less than five days and not more than three months. For the second or subsequent convictions the offender shall be fined not less than $100 and not more than $500, and imprisoned for not less than 15 days, and not more than three months. This law allows community service activities to be included as part of sentencing.

MD **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 451 (HB 505)** requires the Motor Vehicle Administration to revoke or suspend the driving privileges of a child found by the juvenile court to have violated drug or **drunk driving** laws.

MN **1997 Minn. Laws, Chap. 2 (SB 1) for the 1997 First Special Session** provides that when anyone under age 19 is convicted of a second or subsequent **DWI**, the court must order the offender to participate in an electric **alcohol monitoring program** if equipment is available.

MT **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 520 (HB 339)** revises penalties for drivers under age 21 with a **blood alcohol content** higher then .02 percent. Upon the first conviction, the minor shall be punished by a fine of not less than $100 or more than $500. Upon a second conviction, the minor shall be punished by a fine of not less than $200 or more than $500. Drivers 18 years or older may be incarcerated for up to 10 days. Upon third conviction, the minor shall be punished by a fine of not less than $300 no more than $500. Drivers 18 or older, will be incarcerated for at least 24 consecutive hours and no more than 60 days. In addition, minors may be ordered to take a alcohol information course, enroll in a drug and alcohol treatment program, and also may have their license suspended.

NV **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 226 (AB 176)** suspends the **driver's license** of a child found guilty of criminal activity involving the purchase, consumption or possession of any alcoholic beverage. This law also requires the completion of an educational program on alcohol and substance abuse before he or she can be issued a driver's license.

NV **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 605 (AB 584)** provides for a 90-day **license** or permit **suspension** when anyone younger than 21 drives with .02 percent or more, but less than .10 percent of alcohol by weight in his or her blood. Requires a police officer to make an attempt to notify the parent, guardian, or custodian of the child when the child is directed to submit a alcohol test.

NH **1997 N.H. Laws, Chap. 121 (HB 672)** lowers the **blood alcohol content** from .04 percent to .02 percent for drivers under age 21 operating "off highway" recreational vehicles; this is effective January 1, 1998.

NH **1997 N.H. Laws, Chap. 323 (HB 462)** requires the Department of Safety to inform first-time New Hampshire driver's license applicants of the **DWI** laws.

ND **1995 N.D. Sess. Laws, 334 (HB 1111)** expands current law by making it illegal for anyone under 21 to operate a motor vehicle with an **alcohol concentration** of at least two one-hundredths (.02) of 1 percent by weight, commonly referred to as zero tolerance.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 46 & HR 172** proclaims the week of May 11 through May 17, 1997, as "**MADD Week**" (Mothers Against Drunk Driving) in Pennsylvania.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 49 (SB 55)** prohibits anyone from operating or being in physical control of a **watercraft** while under the **influence of alcohol** or controlled substances. Makes it illegal for a minor to have a blood alcohol content of .02 percent or greater.

TX **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 1013 (SB 35)** amends the **underage drinking consequences** for minors by making it illegal for minors to drive while having any detectable amount of alcohol in their system. The **first offense** of the **zero tolerance law** is punishable by a fine up to $500, attendance at an alcohol awareness class, 20 hours to 40 hours of mandatory community service and 60 days' driver's license suspension. Consequences for the **second offense** are increased to a Class C misdemeanor, punishable by a fine up to $500, attendance at an alcohol awareness class at the judge's discretion, 40 hours to 60 hours of mandatory community service and 20 days' driver's license suspension. A **third offense** is not eligible for deferred adjudication. The minor's driver's license is suspended for 180 days and an occupational license may not be obtained for the entire suspension period. If the minor is 17 or older, the fine increases from $500 to $2,000, confinement in jail for up to 180 days, or both. Minors who purchase, attempt to purchase, possess or consume alcoholic beverages as well as minors who are publicly intoxicated or misrepresenting their age to obtain alcoholic beverages face the following consequences: Class C misdemeanor punishable by a fine up to $500; alcohol awareness class; eight hours to 40 hours of community service; and 30 days to 180 days' loss or denial of driver's license. If a minor is 17 or older and the violation is the **third offense**, the offense is punishable by a fine from $250 to $2,000, confinement in jail for up to 180 days, or both, as well as automatic driver's license suspension. Adults and minors who **give alcohol to a minor** or buy the alcohol for the minors also face a stiffer penalty. The punishment for making alcoholic beverages available to a minor has been increased from a Class C misdemeanor (fine of $0 to $500) to a Class B misdemeanor, punishable by a fine up to $2,000, confinement in jail for up to 180 days, or both. Sale to a minor is a Class A misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of up to $4,000, and confinement up to one year in jail, or both.

VT **1997 Vt. Acts, Act 57 (HB 7)** increases the age and penalties for young people who **drink** and **drive**, or **operate a boat or snowmobile**. Anyone under age 21 who operates a motor vehicle with a **blood alcohol concentration** of .02 percent or more will be subject to a license suspension of six months for a first offense. For a second or subsequent offense, the minor's license will be suspended for one year, or until the minor reaches age 21, whichever is longer. Offenders must complete an alcohol and drug education program and an assessment for additional treatment. The minor being tested does not have a statutory right to counsel before to the administration to the test.

## *Penalties*

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 1210 (HB 2059)** increases from $10 to $100 the minimum **fine** for a minor who purchases or possesses intoxicating liquor.

GA **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 160 (HB 250)** makes it illegal for anyone under age 21 to attempt to purchase alcohol. Any retailer who is given a **false driver's license**, a license that is not the purchaser's, or if the person is under age 21, the retailer is authorized to take the following steps: write down the minor's name and address, seize the license and summon a law enforcement officer to retain the individual. In addition, the driver's license of anyone convicted will be suspended for six months and, upon the second conviction, it will be seized for one year.

ID **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 306 (SB 1073)** makes it a misdemeanor for anyone over age 18 and **under the influence of alcohol** to **transport a child** in his or her vehicle. If a child is injured or killed, it is a felony.

MD **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 451 (HB 505)** requires the Motor Vehicle Administration to **revoke** or **suspend** the driving privileges of a child found by the juvenile court to have violated **drug or drunk driving laws**.

NV **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 226 (AB 176)** suspends the **driver's license** of a child found guilty of criminal activity involving the purchase, consumption or possession of an alcoholic beverage. This law also requires a child to complete an educational program on the abuse of controlled substances and alcoholic beverages before a driver's license is issued.

TN **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 5 (SB 1822)** provides that anyone **purchasing alcoholic beverages** for or **on behalf** of a person under age 21 commits a Class A misdemeanor punishable by up to 30 days of community service in addition to the penalties in the alcohol code. This law also increases the penalty for a minor who purchases or attempts to purchase alcohol with a fine of at least $50 and up to $250, at least 20 hours of community service, or both.

## *Prevention*

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., ACR 55** encourages parents, school teachers, administrators, law enforcement agencies and community leaders to continue their efforts to provide **sober graduation activities** to a maximum number of high school graduates, their friends and school associates.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 90 (SB 572) prohibits the sale** or consumption of alcoholic beverages in a **public school house or on its grounds**. Exceptions apply to college stadiums that have a capacity of more than 18,900 people.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 357 (SB 805) prohibits the sale** and **purchase of alcoholic beverages** to anyone under age 21. Imposes a fine of $1,000 and 24 hours of community service for selling alcoholic beverages to a minor. All retail licensees are to post a notice that contains and describes the penalties and fines for the sale of alcoholic beverages to those under age 21.

CT **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 201 (HB 6778)** suspends the **driver's licenses** of those under age 21 for 150 days for the use of a **false or altered identification card** for the purpose of obtaining alcoholic beverages. Those convicted who have no driver's license will not be eligible to drive until 150 days after they have obtained a driver's license.

CT **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 248 (SB 1259)** establishes the **Connecticut Alcohol and Drug Policy Council** for the purpose of **substance abuse education and treatment programs**. Authorizes the chief court administrator to establish a separate drug docket in all geographic areas, to include both criminal and juvenile cases who are drug dependent. People who are eligible for accelerated rehabilitation or youthful offender status can be transferred to a drug court.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 165 (HB 1529) prohibits the sale of alcohol** in businesses licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption when renting, leasing or allowing others to use their premises. This prohibition is intended to eliminate opportunities for licensed premises to be used for **"raves,"** which are private parties where underage people congregate and often consume alcoholic beverages, smoke tobacco products and partake in illicit drug use.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 213 (HB 725)** transfers $10 million annually to the **Children and Adolescents Substance Abuse Trust Fund** for the purpose of funding programs to reduce and eliminate substance abuse problems among children and adolescents.

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 32** alters the content of required **health classes** in secondary schools due to the findings from the **1996 First Adolescent Health Summit**. The summit found that most adolescents lack personal and life skills to be prepared for the 21st century. Preventive health issues need to be taught in Hawaii's curriculum, and health education should be culturally sensitive in the curriculum, and to the health needs of the students. In providing a healthier future for adolescents, the state should focus on the prevention of negative influences of teen pregnancies, stress management, STDs and HIV, physical and mental abuse, **drug abuse** and individual priorities as determined by the schools.

IL **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90 - 238 (HB 1294)** establishes the **Adolescent and Family Life Pilot Program** designed for high-risk pregnant adolescents. Currently, this pilot program is established only for Cook County. This law includes goals and objectives for reducing the incidence of high-risk pregnant adolescents. Defines a high-risk pregnant adolescent as someone at least 12 but not more than 18 years old who **uses alcohol to excess,** is **addicted to controlled substances,** or **habitually uses cannabis** and is pregnant.

IA **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 126 (SB 515)** amends the definition of **"legal age"** under the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act from 19 to 21 years of age. If underage people make an attempt to purchase or possesses alcohol, they are guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of $100. A second offense is a serious misdemeanor, punishable by a $200 fine and suspension of the offender's driving privileges for a period not to exceed one year. Peace officers are required to **notify school officials** of the school that a minor attends, if the peace officer discovers that a minor is in the possession of alcohol. The fine for alteration of a driver's license or nonoperator's identification card for purposes of illegally purchasing alcohol is raised to $100. School officials are to report illegal drug or alcohol use on school premises to law enforcement. There is an exception if the reporting will jeopardize an at-risk student or a student assistance program.

MS **1997 Miss. Laws, Chap. 926 (SB 3241)** allows the city of Tupelo, Miss., and the board of supervisors of Lee County, Miss. to levy additional court costs not to $1 per case. **The funds** derived shall **be paid** to the **National Council on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence of Northeast Mississippi Inc**. The money will be used as operational funds to provide youth service programs for area adolescents and teens.

MT **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 182 (HB 577)** amends the law to make it **illegal** for anyone **under age 21 to be intoxicated**. Deletes the previous provision that anyone under 21 need not be consuming or in possession of an intoxicating substance at the time of arrest in order to be charged with possession of an intoxicating substance.

PA **1997 PA. Laws, Act 53 (HB 679)** authorizes parents and legal guardians of a minor to petition the court for commitment of the minor to **involuntary drug** or **alcohol treatment** services.

PA **1997 PA. Laws, HR 52** proclaims that the **Kids Interacting Drug-free Coalition** and the **Teen Anti-drug Coalition** add dynamic youth empowerment models against alcohol, tobacco and other drugs. Encourages **schools** and school districts in the state to enter into planning and commitment stages to implement these models within the respective schools and school districts.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 248 (SB 1259)** requires the docket in geographical area courts to be available for 16-to-21 year olds who could benefit from placement in a **substance abuse treatment program**.

TX **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, SCR 54** makes April 1997 **"Youth Alcohol Awareness Month."**

TX **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 1139 (HB 3441)** states that minors do not commit an offense if they **purchase an alcoholic beverage** under the immediate supervision of a commissioned peace officer engaged in **enforcing** the provisions of this **code**.

VA **1997 Va. Acts, HJR 613** requests the Department of Criminal Justice Services to undertake a **study** to review **previous survey efforts** measuring drug and alcohol use by young people across the Commonwealth.

WA **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 23 (SB 5132)** provides that **school bus route stops** are **drug-free zones**.

## Retail

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 357 (SB 805) prohibits the sale and purchase of alcoholic beverages** to any person under age 21. Imposes a fine of $1,000 and 24 hours of community service for selling alcoholic beverages to a minor. All retail licensees are to post a notice that contains and describes the penalties and fines for the sale of alcoholic beverages to those under age 21.

CO **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 264 (HB 1077)** amends the current law and adds that anyone **providing alcoholic beverages** to a **minor** or encouraging a minor to obtain alcoholic beverages may be prosecuted for contributing to the delinquency of a minor.

GA **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 160 (HB 250)** makes it illegal for anyone under age 21 to **attempt to purchase** alcohol. Any retailer who is given a **false driver's license**, a license that is not the purchaser's, or if the person is under age 21, the retailer is authorized to take the following steps: write down the minor's name and address, seize the license and summon a law enforcement officer to retain the individual. In addition, the driver's license of anyone convicted will be suspended for six months and, upon the second conviction, it will be seized for one year.

ID **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 68 (SB 1029)** adds that an **individual who provides beer** for anyone under age 21 shall be punished. Anyone under age 21 who **purchases** or **attempts** to purchase, consume or possess beer also will be punished.

IL **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-355 (HB 155)** amends the law to indicate that a licensee, officer, associate, member, representative, agent or employee **cannot give or deliver alcohol** to anyone under age 21 and are not allowed to authorize the sale, gift or delivery of alcohol to anyone under age 21.

IL **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-432 (HB 679)** provides that, if a licensee or officer, associate, member, representative, agent or employee of the licensee will be **prosecuted for providing liquor** for a person under age 21, minors also will be prosecuted under this law unless they were acting under the authority of the law.

IN **1997 Ind. Acts, P. L. 77 (SB 179)** provides that the alcoholic beverage commission will **not issue a permit** for premises to sell alcohol located within **200 feet of a wall of a school or church**. There is an exception for one county under very specific circumstances.

MO **1997 Mo. Laws, HB 63** provides that, in any place of business where at least **half** of the gross **sales** consist of products other than intoxicating **liquor** and nonintoxicating beer, individuals at least 18 years of age **may stock**, arrange displays, operate the cash register or scanner connected to a cash register, accept payment for and sack for carryout intoxicating liquor and nonintoxicating beer. Any licensee who employs anyone under age 21, shall have an employee 21 years of age or older on the licensed premises during all hours of operation.

OK **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 364 (HB 1118)** requires that a licensee or wholesale licensee of the Alcoholic Beverage Laws Enforcement (ABLE) Commission **cannot employ** anyone under age 18 to **serve** alcoholic beverages. A special event licensee, mixed beverage caterer and a beer and wine caterer may employ musical bands who have musicians under 21 years old. This law also requires that each musician is to be accompanied by a parent or legal guardian and be available for inspection on demand by any ABLE Commission officer. They must also provide a notarized affidavit from the parent or legal guardian giving the **underage musician** permission to perform at the designated bar or lounge area.

TX **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 1138 (HB 3440)** broadens the circumstances under which a retailer's license may be suspended by substituting the phrase "**alcoholic beverage**" for the word "**beer**" in the current law. Currently, a retailer's license may be suspended if it is found that the retailer sold, served or delivered beer to a minor; sold, served or delivered beer to an intoxicated person; or sold, served or delivered beer at a time when sales are prohibited.

UT **1997 Utah Laws, Chap. 40 (HB 204)** current law states that minors **may not be employed** by a restaurant to sell or **dispense** alcoholic beverages. This law allows a minor to enter the sale of alcoholic beverages into a cash register or other sales recording devices in a licensed restaurant.

UT **1997 Utah Laws, Chap. 94 (SB 112)** expands liability under the **Dramshop Act** to those in a noncommercial setting who are 21 years of age or older who provide an alcoholic beverage to anyone the individual knows, or should have known, is **under age 21**, which results in the intoxication and subsequent injury or death of a third party. This bill also changes the liability limit from $100,000 to $500,000 and from $300,000 to $1 million for all those injured as a result of the occurrence.

VA **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 487 (HB 2130)** establishes that **no retail licensee** whose licensed establishment is located in the Northern Virginia Planning District shall permit any employee **under age 18** to sell, serve or dispense any alcoholic beverages. Currently, the sale of alcoholic beverages by those under age 18 is prohibited only for on-premises consumption; hardship exceptions are provided. This bill also requires the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board to study this issue.

VA **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 784 (SB 862)** provides an exception to the prohibition against **drinking on school grounds** for approved areas of a city-owned performing arts center located in Portsmouth, provided the organization operating the center has a license granted by the board.

## Other Misused Substances

AZ **1997 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 209 (HB 2076) eliminates the luxury tax** on **marijuana** and other drugs. Prohibits the court from reducing the Class 4 felony of possessing **amphetamine** for personal use to a Class 1 misdemeanor. If a defendant manufactures dangerous drugs in a **drug-free school zone**, the sentencing ranges are increased by one year and the defendant must serve the entire sentence imposed, with temporary release permitted only in a narrow set of circumstances. Eliminates the reward for information leading to seizure of money in drug arrests.

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 355 (HB 1445)** prohibits anyone from possessing **nitrous oxide** or **amyl nitrate**, commonly known as "**laughing gas**" or "**poppers,**" with the intent to breathe, inhale or ingest it for the purpose of causing a condition of intoxication, elation, euphoria or dizziness. Anyone violating this shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. The provisions of this act do not apply to medical, manufacturing, industrial or food preparation uses.

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 565 (SB 358)** makes it a Class D felony to possess more than 5 grams of **ephedrine**, its salts, optical isomers and salts of optical isomers, unless otherwise authorized by law.

IN **1997 Ind. Acts, P. L. 218 (SB 500)** provides that anyone who knowingly or intentionally uses or distributes **nitrous oxide** (unless used for medical purposes) with an intent to cause a condition of intoxication, euphoria, excitement, exhilaration, stupefaction or dulling of the senses of another person commits a Class B misdemeanor. If the person has a prior unrelated conviction, it is a Class A misdemeanor.

IA **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 39 (SB 457)** make unlawful possession and distribution of **nitrous oxide** a serious misdemeanor.

IA **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 77 (HB 384)** adds **ephedrine** to the list of schedule V controlled substances.

IA **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 125 (SB 503)** provides for an additional five-year penalty if a **methamphetamine** is manufactured in the **presence of a minor**.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 659 (SB 54)** amends the current law relative to offenses affecting the health of minors and adds as a crime the abuse of **toxic vapors**. This is defined as **smelling** or **inhaling fumes** of any solvent, material, substance, chemical or combinations of chemicals to create the property of toxic vapors for the purpose of inducing certain symptoms.

MD **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 504 (HB 971)** provides that there are between 1.5 million to 2.5 million children in the United States under age 18 who have attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD). There has been a dramatic increase in the number of school-age children taking methylphenidate. Establishes a task force to study the uses of **methylphenidate** for attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) and to study other drugs prescribed to school children for treatment of ADHD. The task force must submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the governor and the General Assembly before January 1, 1998.

MT **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 103 (SB 8)** adds **ephedrine** to the list of stimulants under schedule IV drugs.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 8 (HB 152)** makes it a summary offense for anyone to knowingly sell or purchase **ephedrine** with the intent to sell it to someone younger than 18. A person violating this act may be sentenced to pay between $250 and $500 for the first violation and $500 for each subsequent violation.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 23** resolves that the Senate is to urge retailers to be aware of the dangers of butane and similar products and limits their availability to young people. Nationally, 18 percent of high school seniors, 6 percent of eighth graders and 1.5 percent of sixth graders have intentionally inhaled or "**huffed**" **fumes** of **common household products** for the purpose of "getting high." Risks of inhalant abuse include permanent and severe brain

and liver damage, kidney and bone marrow damage. The Pennsylvania Senate recognizes this problem and resolves that March 16 - 23, 1997, will be designated as **"Butane and Inhalants Awareness Week."**

Daniela Aparicio, Wood Middle School, Oregon

# TATTOOING/BODY PIERCING

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 741 (AB 99)** prohibits performing **body piercing**, other than on the ear of a minor, unless a parent is present and provides notarized **permission**. Violators could be fined up to $250.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 742 (AB 186)** directs the California Conference of Local Health Officers to establish **standards** for those in a **tattooing, body piercing** and **permanent cosmetics business**. Requires practitioners to make annual inspections.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 907 (SB 526)** provides that the Department of Youth Authority will purchase two medical devices that use a laser to **remove a tattoo** from a person's skin. A candidate that is eligible for tattoo removal may be required to complete 20 hours of supervised public service work in order to participate in this program. **Parental consent** is required before the tattoo of any person under age 18 is removed. By March 1, 2000, the Department of Youth Authority will report to the Legislature the number of tattoo removals performed and the success of the program in assisting individuals to join the work force.

IN **1997 Ind. Acts, P. L. 181 (SB 13)** provides that anyone who gives a **tattoo** to someone who is younger than 18 commits a Class A misdemeanor unless the parent or guardian of the minor receiving the tattoo is present and gives **written permission** for the minor to receive the tattoo.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 684 (SB 940)** states that it is unlawful for anyone to **tattoo** or **body pierce** any other person under age 18 without the consent of an accompanying parent or tutor of such person. Whoever is found guilty of violating the provisions of this section will be fined not less than $100 dollars and not more than $500, or be imprisoned for at least 30 days but not more than one year, or both.

OH **1997 Ohio Laws, HB 25** requires businesses that offer **tattooing or body piercing** services to perform procedures according to standards approved by the State Board of Health. Prohibits anyone from performing tattooing or body piercing procedures on a minor without the **consent** of the minor's parent, guardian or custodian.

OR **1997 Or. Laws, Chap. 690 (HB 5052)** establishes **fees** for activities such as **licensure** and **sanitation** for individuals involved in the **body piercing business**.

# TOBACCO

AL **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 423 (SB 300)** establishes the **Alabama Alcoholic Beverage Control Board** as the state agency responsible for regulating and enforcing state and federal laws **prohibiting the sale of tobacco** or tobacco products to minors (under age 19) and allows the board to provide penalties for violations. Minors who are found using or possessing tobacco are to be issued a citation and fined between $10 and $50.

AL **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 933 (SB 35) of the 1997 First Special Session** appropriates $350,000 toward the regulation of **children's access to tobacco**.

AZ **1997 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 156 (HB 2070)** prohibits selling any material that is **"harmful to minors"** from **vending machines** in public places. Those found in violation will be charged with a Class 6 felony (presumptive one-year sentence). Requires customers to use access or identification cards or to use tokens to obtain the material.

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 779 (HB 1912)** prohibits the use of **tobacco products** on **school property**, including school buses and any property owned or leased by a school district. A school district's board of directors may **designate a smoking area** to be used only by teachers, school personnel and visiting adults. Anyone in violation of this will be guilty of a misdemeanor and be punished by a fine of not less than $10 and not more than $100.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., ACR 4** concurs with the **Federal Trade Commission** to seek an order that would require **R.J. Reynolds Tobacco Company** to conduct 10 years of anti-smoking education for teenagers. Requires R.J. Reynolds to supply data regarding the brand of cigarettes used by teenagers and opposes the marketing or promotion of tobacco products to minors.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 110 (SB 198)** states that anyone who **knowingly sells or gives** an individual who is under age 18 any **tobacco, cigarette** or any **other paraphernalia** associated with tobacco is subject to criminal action. Individuals violating this law are subject to a fine of $200 for the first offense, $500 for the second offense and $1,000 for the third offense.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 219 (AB 752)** prohibits any person, firm, corporation or other organization from **advertising tobacco products** on an outdoor billboard located within 1,500 feet of any public or private elementary school or junior or senior high school.

CO **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 161 (HB 1088)** restricts the location of cigarette **vending machines** so that an adult employee can operate a device, preventing the dispensing of cigarettes to minors.

FL **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 162 (HB 845)** makes it illegal for anyone under age 18 to **possess, purchase** or **misrepresent** their **age** to acquire **tobacco** products. Tobacco products must be in the direct control of the cashier. Tobacco products may be in a **vending machine** if it is equipped with an operational device. This law mandates that anyone under age 18 who violates this law will have 16 hours of community service and/or a fine of $25 and/or attend a school-approved anti-tobacco program. Penalties and violations will increase for repeat offenders.

HI **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 296 (SB 1286)** exempts individuals under age 18 from participating in a **controlled purchase** without parental authorization as part of a new **law enforcement activity** study.

ID **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 368)** appropriates funding for the substance abuse program to **discourage Hispanic youth** from habitual use of **tobacco**, alcohol and other drugs by developing programs for schools, families and communities.

ID **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 278 (HB 185)** makes it illegal for anyone to **distribute or sell tobacco products** to individuals under age 18; for individuals under age 18 to **purchase**, attempt to purchase, receive or attempt to receive, or **possess** a tobacco product or cigarette paper; for a minor to use or consume tobacco products; for anyone to falsely represent that a minor is 18 or older to sell or distribute tobacco products to a minor; and to place a vending machine containing tobacco or cigarette products or cigarette paper where they are accessible to minors. A violation of this provision is considered a misdemeanor and is punishable by jail time or a fine.

IL **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-9 (SB 1101)** amends the **Liquor Control Act of 1934** to authorize the state commission to conduct unannounced investigations of **tobacco vendors** to determine compliance with federal laws regarding the illegal sale of cigarettes and smokeless tobacco to those under age 18.

IN **1997 Ind. Acts, P. L. 256-1996 veto overridden (SB 106)** regulates the **sale of tobacco** to comply with federal law. Allows a law enforcement agency to **engage a person** younger than 18 to purchase tobacco products as part of an **enforcement action**. Provides that anyone younger than 18 who possesses tobacco commits a Class C infraction. Prohibits a tobacco business from being operated and **billboards advertising tobacco** from being located within 200 feet of a public or private elementary or secondary school.

IA **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 74 (SB 499)** requires that **drivers license's issued** to those 18 to 21 years of age to have the words "**under 18**" displayed on the face of the license. This law also changes the penalty for smoking, using, possessing, purchasing or attempting to purchase tobacco and tobacco products by those younger than 18. Fines range from $25 to $100.

IA **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 136 (SB 163)** prohibits the sale of cigarettes or tobacco products through **vending machines** unless the vending machine is located in a place where the retailer ensures that a anyone younger than 18 is not present or permitted to enter at any time.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 1010 (HB 76)** amends current law relating to tobacco products and makes it illegal for minors to possess tobacco products. **Exempts minors possessing tobacco** when the minor under age 18 is accompanied by a parent, spouse or legal guardian who is 21 years or older; when a minor is in a private residence; when the tobacco product is received from an employer when it is required in the performance of the minor's work duties.

LA **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 1370 (SB 1547)** amends the existing "**Prevention of Youth Access to Tobacco Law**" so that those under age 18 shall either carry their own **identification showing correct birth date or carry no identification**. Anyone who carries identification shall show it on request to any seller of tobacco products. Prohibits the sale of tobacco products from vending machines unless the machine is located in an establishment where those under age 18 are denied access, or the owner of the establishment ensures that those under age 18 will not be present. The sale of tobacco products to anyone under age 18 by anyone in the tobacco industry is prohibited. Violators are eligible for suspension from the industry.

ME **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 305 (SB 133)** forbids the sale of **tobacco** products to anyone who does not provide appropriate **proof** that he or she is at least 18 years of age.

ME **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 560 (HB 1357)** establishes the **Tobacco Prevention and Control Program** to prevent youth from using **tobacco** and/or discontinue use by including a media campaign to educate minors.

MN **1997 Minn. Laws, Chap. 227 (HB 117)** requires local governments to license the **retail sale of tobacco** providing for mandatory penalties against license holders for sales to minors. Anyone person under age 18 using a **driver's license**, permit or Minnesota identification card to purchase or attempt to purchase tobacco will have his or her **license suspended** for 90 days. For a **second or subsequent tobacco offense**, the court may impose any of the following: revocation of the minor's driver's license or permit until the offender reaches age 18 or for a period of one year, whichever is longer. The court may suspend the driver's license or permit for up to 90 days, but may allow restricted driving privileges. If the minor does not have a driver's license or permit, the offender will not be granted driving privileges until he or she reaches age 18 or for a period of one year, whichever is longer. If a licensee or employee of a licensee sells tobacco to anyone under age 18, they will be charged a penalty. For a **third violation** at the same location within 24 months after the initial violation, the licensee's authority to sell tobacco will be suspended.

MS **1997 Miss. Laws, Chap. 575 (HB 1389)** creates the **Mississippi Juvenile Tobacco Access and Prevention Act of 1997**. Prohibits the sale or transfer of tobacco products to anyone under age 18. Makes it illegal for any person, retailer or wholesaler to sell, barter, deliver or give tobacco products to anyone under age 18. Prohibits anyone under age 18 from purchasing, possessing and consuming tobacco. Prohibits students from possessing tobacco on school property. Requires tobacco retailers to post warning signs that state the law prohibiting the sale of tobacco products to anyone under age 18. Provides penalties for those under 18 who attempt to misrepresent their age. Prohibits the sale of tobacco products through **vending machines**, except in businesses where people over age 18 are permitted.

MT **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 518 (HB 331)** amends the **Youth Access to Tobacco Products Control Act** and restricts the sale of tobacco through **vending machines** in a restaurant. Requires that tobacco vending machines must be located in places where alcoholic beverages are sold and consumed on the premises and where the vending machine is under the direct line of supervision of the owner or an employee of the establishment.

MT **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 550 (SB 48)** revises statutes pertaining to the **Youth Court Act**. Allows assessment officers to provide initial intake and evaluation of youth who appear to be in need of intervention. Includes the use of **tobacco products**, gambling, running away from home or habitual truancy by minors. Allows for family assessment, chemical dependency and mental health evaluation.

NH **1997 N.H. Laws, Chap. 338 (HB 599)** adds to the **"Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products,"** which regulates the **sale of tobacco products to minors**. This law is intended to protect the children of New Hampshire from the possibility of addiction, disability and death resulting from the use of tobacco products by ensuring that tobacco products will not be supplied to minors. Prohibits anyone under age 18 from purchasing, attempting to purchase, possessing or using tobacco products. Prohibits minors from misrepresenting their age for the purpose of buying tobacco. Includes penalties and fines for anyone who violates these provisions. Prohibits anyone from using tobacco products in any public school facility or on the grounds of any public educational facility. Prohibits anyone from furnishing minors, who have a note from an adult, with tobacco products.

NY **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 433 (SB 5773)** provides funding for tobacco enforcement, education and related activities aimed at **decreasing** the **incidence of smoking among minors**. States that the commissioner shall develop, plan and implement a comprehensive program to reduce the prevalence of tobacco use, particularly among those younger than age 18.

NC **1997 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 434 (SB 143)** prohibits the sale to or purchase of **tobacco** products by anyone under age 18. Requires retail distributors to prominently **display a sign** near the point of sale stating that it is illegal for anyone under age 18 to purchase tobacco products. Failure to post the sign is punishable by a $25 fine for the first offense and $75 for each succeeding offense. Requires the owner, licensee or employee to demand proof of age from anyone believed to be under age 18 when purchasing tobacco through a **vending machine**.

OK **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 171 (SB 619)** amends current law regulating the sale of tobacco products to individuals under age 18. Requires anyone selling or distributing tobacco products to **demand proof of age** from a purchaser if the purchaser is younger than 26. The fine for the first offense is a minimum of $25 to a maximum of $100. Increases the fine to $300 for subsequent offenses and can include the suspension of a store's license to sell tobacco products. Both the store owner and the employee can be held liable.

PA **1997 PA. Laws, HR 52** proclaims that the **Kids Interacting Drug-free Coalition** and the **Teen Anti-drug Coalition** add dynamic youth empowerment models against alcohol, tobacco and other drugs. Encourages schools and school districts in the state to enter into planning and commitment stages to implement these models within their respective schools and school districts.

PA **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 7 (HB 134)** adds that, beginning January 1, 1997, an additional 1 cent **tax** per cigarette pack of the currently collected 2 cents tax per pack be allocated to the **Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)** for health care for indigent children.

SD **1997 S.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 206 (HB 1182)** amends current law by revising the places where **vending machines** may be located that dispense tobacco products.

TX **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 671 (SB 55)** makes it illegal if anyone sells, gives or causes a cigarette or **tobacco** product to be sold to someone who the person knows is **under age 18** or knows that the person receiving the cigarette or other tobacco product intends to deliver it to someone who is younger than age 18. A retailer may not install or maintain a **vending machine** containing cigarettes or tobacco products except in a facility or business that is not open to those younger than 18. Anyone younger than 18 may not use or possess a cigarette or tobacco product. Violators of this prohibition must attend a tobacco education program set up by the Texas Department of Health. The department also shall develop and implement a public awareness campaign in Texas designed to reduce tobacco use by minors. The department also will maintain statistics relating to violations to ascertain the extent to which the state has succeeded in reducing the availability of tobacco products to minors.

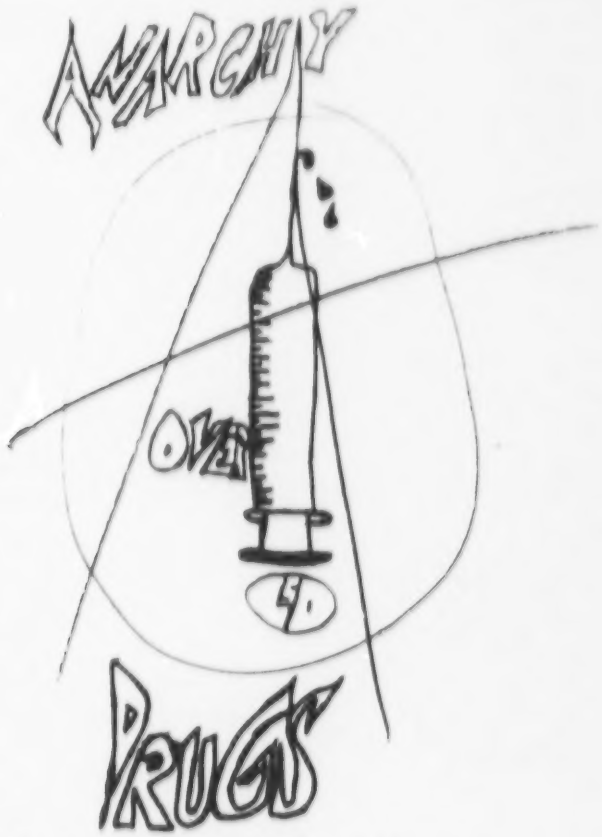
UT **1997 Utah Laws, Chap. 279 (HB 27)** increases the tax levied on cigarettes by 25 cents per pack and requires the Legislature to appropriate $250,000 from the revenue generated to a **tobacco prevention** and media campaign targeting children.

VT **1997 Vt. Acts, Act 58 (SB 156)** prohibits the **sale** and **furnishing** of **tobacco** products to anyone under age 18. A violation may result in a civil penalty of $100 for the first offense and $500 for any subsequent offenses. Beginning August 28, 1997, **vending machines** that dispense tobacco products are prohibited, except for vending machines located in commercial establishments in which those under age 18 are legally prohibited from entering. Prohibits anyone under age 18 from possessing tobacco products. A violation may result in confiscation of the tobacco product or a penalty of $25 or both. Failure to pay the fine within 60 days may result in suspension of a driver's license for up to 90 days or, in the case of a minor who has not yet acquired a driver's license, delay for up to one year the minor's eligibility for a driver's license.

VA **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 812 (SB 1162)** increases the civil penalty for the sale of tobacco to $100 for a first violation, $200 for a second violation and $500 for a third or subsequent violations. Clarifies the **tobacco enforcement laws** by allowing special agents of the Virginia Alcohol Beverage Board to enforce the prohibition against the sale of tobacco to minors. The penalty is $50 for a first offense by a minor, $100 for a second offense, and a third offense results in an order pursuant to a finding of delinquency.

VA **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 882 (HB 2530)** amends **tobacco enforcement laws** by **doubling** the amount of civil **penalties** for anyone violating the law that prohibits the purchase or possession of tobacco products by minors. The first violation provides a $100 penalty, $200 for a second violation and $500 for a third or subsequent violations. The Alcoholic Beverage Commission (ABC) special agents are clearly authorized to enforce the prohibition against the sale of tobacco to minors. Requires the ABC board to report to the governor and the General Assembly in December 1997 and 1998 to state the additional fiscal and manpower needs to comply with this section.

WA **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 9 (HB 1081)** requires each **school district** board of directors to have a written policy mandating the **prohibition of tobacco products** on public school property. Students and school personnel must be notified by the posting of signs prohibiting the use of tobacco products. Students and school personnel who violate the policy will be subject to sanctions.




Jason Bulva, Hazelwood Central High School, Missouri

# VIOLENCE PREVENTION

AL **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 486 (SB 476)** prohibits **solicitation by computer** of a child (anyone younger than 16) for purposes of committing a **sexual act**. Solicitation of a child by computer is a Class B felony. Makes it a crime to transmit **obscene material** to a child by computer.

AK **1997 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 72 (SB 3)** authorizes enforcement of **municipal curfew violation** ordinances by trial in the district court. Sets punishment to a maximum fine of $250 and community service, if convicted.

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 332 (HB 1263)** allows the **names** and **photographs** of **juveniles** to be **released** when a juvenile **escapes** from a detention, correctional or mental health facility.

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 745 (HB 1595)** reestablishes the **Common Ground Program** and establishes the Common Ground Program Committee. This organization will continue to serve as a bridge **connecting** and **assisting** government, communities and citizens to build a more responsive human educational and economic system where youth and families can thrive.

AR **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 1243 (HB 1732)** requires **school officials** to report **felonies** or other crimes involving violence committed on school property. The superintendent or designee shall report the incident to the appropriate law enforcement agency for investigation. Anyone who fails to report as required by this act shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor. The state board of education, rather than the school district, must issue rules and regulations to ensure uniform compliance.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 340 (SB 1095)** creates the **High-Risk Youth Education and Safety Program** to target offenders aged 15 and younger who are at risk of becoming chronic offenders. The 1997-98 budget includes $3.6 million for services, including case management, mentoring, after school programs, parenting education, school-linked substance abuse treatment, career services, and services that assist with making the transition to higher education.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 586 (SB 1302)** requires employers to **notify a minor's parent** or guardian if the minor will be **supervised** or **disciplined** by an employee or volunteer who has been **convicted of** any **sex crime** or **controlled-substance offense**. The notification must be made at least 10 days before to the employee or volunteer begins his or her tasks.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 588 (AB 1610) prohibits** public and private **schools** from employing any individual until a **criminal background check** has been completed by the state Department of Justice. Requires the Department of Justice to complete background checks within 72 hours.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 589 (AB 1612) prohibits schools** from **hiring** or retaining anyone who has been convicted of a **serious or violent felony**. Provides funds to the state Department of Justice to implement a statewide electronic fingerprinting system to speed up pre-employment criminal background checks for school employees.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 736 (SB 187)** requires school districts to be responsible for the overall development of **safety plans for their schools**. These plans must include an assessment of school-based crimes and strategies for improving school safety.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 885 (AB 963)** requires the Department of Justice to administer the **California Gang Crime Violence Prevention Partnership Program**.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 904 (AB 1223)** authorizes local governments to conduct **background checks** on applicants for **employment** or **volunteer** positions who will have supervisory or disciplinary authority over a **minor**.

CA **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 909 (SB 1050)** authorizes counties to establish an **early intervention program** designed to assess and serve families with children who have chronic **behavioral problems**. The purpose of the program is to reduce out-of-home placement and to provide swift responses to behavioral problems.

CO **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 263 (HB 1125)** requires that minors who **deface public or private property** without the consent of the owner will have their **driver's licenses revoked**. If they are under age 16, the minor's license will be revoked starting at their 16th birthday for the court-ordered time period.

GA **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 760 (HB 681)** strengthens Georgia's current **DUI** laws by establishing a **graduated licensing system** and requiring anyone under 18 to attend school to obtain and retain a driver's license. To receive an instruction permit or driver's license, anyone under age 18 must be enrolled in an approved **educational program**, posses a certificate of high school completion, or have permission of a parent or guardian to withdraw from school. A minor's license will be suspended if he or she has more than 10 consecutive unexcused absences or is suspended due to violence against school personnel or possession of weapons, drugs or alcohol on school property. This suspension will end on their 18th birthday. This law also states that anyone 21 or younger who is convicted of a hit and run, driving recklessly, eluding an officer or purchasing an alcoholic beverage may have his or her license revoked. If the driver has a blood alcohol content level of .08 percent or higher he or she will lose driving privileges for 12 months and must submit proof of completion of a DUI alcohol or **drug-risk reduction program**.

IL **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-79 (HB 723)** authorizes the Department of Corrections to establish a six-year pilot program for selected **youthful offenders** released to parole. The department will provide a risk needs assessment, comprehensive case management, family counseling, substance abuse treatment and other services.

MD **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 258 (HB 746)** amends current law to allow students to possess **portable pagers** on school property if the pagers are contained in vehicles and are not found to be connected with criminal activity.

MT **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 450 (HB 264)** amends current law relating to **drug-free** and **crime-free** schools. Adds a new provision that requires youth court officials to **report** to **school officials** the identity of a youth attending their school who has admitted, more than once, drug use or is adjudicated as violating a statue. This law allows the school to enforce any disciplinary measure that was in effect at the time the youth admitted drug use or was adjudicated a drug user.

MT **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 550 (SB 48)** revises statutes pertaining to the **Youth Court Act**. Allows assessment officers to provide initial intake and evaluation of youth who appear to be in need of intervention. The evaluation includes the use of tobacco products, gambling, running away from home or habitual truancy by minors. This law allows for family assessment, including chemical dependency and mental health evaluation.

NV **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 353 (AB 515) enhances the penalty** for gross misdemeanors committed on public or private school property, at a school sponsored activity, on a school bus, or when a school bus is loading or unloading students. Anyone who commits a crime will be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for at least 15 days and be fined up to $2,000.

NV **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 386 (AB 518)** requires the **court system** to advise a **school district** if a pupil unlawfully caused or attempted to cause serious bodily injury to another person. The court must describe the injury sustained, any weapon used and any threats made against the other person.

OR **1997 Or. Laws, Chap. 613 (HB 3544)** requires the Department of Education to establish a two-year pilot program to address **problems associated** with **disruptive students** in schools. This includes students who violate school district rules regarding alcohol or drugs, arson, assault, firearms, extortion, harassment, intimidation or menacing, knives, reckless endangering, sexual harassment, theft, vandalism or weapons.

# APPENDIX A

# STATE-BY-STATE SUMMARY: 1992 – 1997

**(1997 legislation is in boldface)**

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|---|---|---|
| **American Samoa** | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | **relevant 1997 legislation was not identified**<br>1996 American Samoa, P.L. 24-20 |
| **Alabama** | **Abortion** | **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 485 (SB 314)** |
| | **Abstinence/Sexuality Education/Pregnancy Prevention** | **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 933 (SB 35) of the 1997 First Special Session**<br>1992 Ala. Acts, Act 590, Sec. 2 |
| | **Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 933 (SB 35) of the 1997 First Special Session** |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 687 (HB 94)** |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Ala. Acts, SJR 14** |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 421 (SB 157)** |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1992 Ala. Acts, Act 590, Sec. 2 |
| | **Sexual Conduct** | **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 486 (SB 476)** |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Ala. Acts, Act 689<br>1995 Ala. Acts, Act 766<br>1992 Ala. Acts, Act 590, Sec. 3 |
| | Substance Abuse—Blood Alcohol Concentration | 1996 Ala. Acts, Act 705 |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Ala. Acts, SJR 65 |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 423 (SB 300)**<br>**1997 Ala. Acts, Act 933 (SB 35) of the 1997 First Special Session** |
| | **Violence Prevention** | **1997 Ala. Acts, Act 486 (SB 476)**<br>1996 Ala. Acts, SJR 65 |
| **Alaska** | **Abortion** | **1997 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 14 (SB 24)** |
| | Abstinence/Sexuality Education | 1996 Alaska Sess. Laws, HCR 27 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning | 1996 Alaska Sess. Laws, HCR 27<br>1996 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 70 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 3<br>1995 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 9<br>1995 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 80<br>1995 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 81<br>1995 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 85<br>1992 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 38 |
| | Substance Abuse—Blood Alcohol Concentration | 1996 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 143 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 16 (HB 69)**<br>**1997 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 105 (HB 163)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Public Awareness | 1996 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 12 |
| | Tobacco | 1995 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 81<br>1992 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 113 |
| | **Violence Prevention** | **1997 Alaska Sess. Laws, Chap. 72 (SB 3)** |
| **Arizona** | Abortion | 1996 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 90 |
| | Abstinence/Sexuality Education | 1995 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 190 |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1994 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 319<br>1993 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 152 |
| | HIV/AIDS | 1995 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 46<br>1995 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 268 |
| | Medicaid | 1993 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 152 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 190<br>1994 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 368 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 209 (HB 2076)**<br>**1997 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 257 (SB 1388)**<br>1995 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 268 |
| | **Sexual Conduct** | **1997 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 179 (HB 2016)** |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 186<br>1995 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 268 |
| | Substance Abuse—Education | 1996 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 284 |

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|---|---|---|
| **Arizona cont'd.** | Substance Abuse—License Revocation/Suspension | 1996 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 313 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Other Misused Substances** | **1997 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 209 (HB 2076)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 76 |
| | Substance Abuse—Prevention | 1996 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 189 |
| | Substance Abuse—Treatment | 1996 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 189 |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 156 (HB 2070)** |
| | | 1995 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 275 |
| | Violence Prevention | 1996 Ariz. Sess. Laws, Chap. 189 |
| **Arkansas** | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Ark. Acts, Act 1146 |
| | **Abstinence/Sexuality Education/Pregnancy Prevention** | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 1159 (HB 2206)** |
| | | 1993 Ark. Acts, Act 1173 |
| | **Community Health** | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 0722 (HB 1389)** |
| | **Community Health—Immunizations** | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 0871 (HB 1650)** |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1993 Ark. Acts, Act 1173, Sec. 36 |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 407 (SB 348)** |
| | | 1995 Ark. Acts, Act 685 |
| | **Medicaid** | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 407 (SB 348)** |
| | | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 745 (HB 1595)** |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Ark. Acts, HR 1032** |
| | | 1996 Ark. Acts, Act 765 and 809 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 1159 (HB 2206)** |
| | | 1993 Ark. Acts, Act 1173, Sec. 36 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 871 (HB 1650)** |
| | | **1997 Ark. Acts, HR 1032** |
| | | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 1243 (HB 1732)** |
| | | 1993 Ark. Acts, Act 1173, Sec. 36 |
| | Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1993 Ark. Acts, Act 1173 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Ark. Acts, Act 446 |
| | | 1993 Ark. Acts, Act 890 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Other Misused Substances** | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 355 (HB 1445)** |
| | | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 565 (SB 0358)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Penalties** | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 1210 (HB 2059)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 779 (HB 1912)** |
| | **Violence Prevention** | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 332 (HB 1263)** |
| | | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 745 (HB 1595)** |
| | | **1997 Ark. Acts, Act 1243 (HB 1732)** |
| **California** | Abstinence/Sexuality Education | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 281 |
| | | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 462 |
| | | 1993 Cal. Stats., Chap. 328 |
| | **Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 430 (SB 707)** |
| | | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 269 |
| | **Community Health** | **1997 Cal. Stats., ACR 37** |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 46 |
| | | 1994 Cal. Stats., Res. Chap. 32 |
| | | 1993 Cal. Stats., Chap. 294 |
| | HIV/AIDS | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 281 |
| | | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 462 |
| | | 1993 Cal. Stats., Chap. 328 |
| | | 1992 Cal. Stats., Chap. 789 |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 623 (AB 1126)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 624 (SB 903)** |
| | Insurance and Medicaid | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 197 |
| | **Medicaid** | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 623 (AB 1126)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 623 (AB 1126)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 624 (SB 903)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 883 (AB 549)** |
| | | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 462 |
| | | 1992 Cal. Stats., Chap. 23 |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Cal. Stats., ACR 37** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 388 (SB 1295)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 654 (AB 2726)** |
| | | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 654 |
| | | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 733 |
| | | 1995 Cal. Stats., Res. Chap. 18 |
| | | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 712 |
| | | 1992 Cal. Stats., Chap. 23 |
| | | 1992 Cal. Stats., Chap. 252 |

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|---|---|---|
| **California cont'd.** | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Cal. Stats., Res. Chap. 12 |
| | | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 281 |
| | | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 311 |
| | | 1993 Cal. Stats., SR 23 |
| | | 1992 Cal. Stats., Chap. 344 |
| | | 1992 Cal. Stats., Chap. 1065 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning | 1996 Cal. Stats., SCR 48 |
| | | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 197 |
| | | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 789 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Cal. Stats., ACR 37** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., ACR 55** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 90 (SB 572)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 286 (AB 1086)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 340 (SB 1095)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 430 (SB 707)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 589 (AB 1612)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 736 (SB 187)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 825 (AB 287)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 883 (AB 549)** |
| | | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 1 |
| | | 1994 Cal. Stats., Chap. 172 |
| | | 1994 Cal. Stats., Chap. 195 |
| | | 1992 Cal. Stats., Chap. 23 |
| | Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 281 |
| | | 1993 Cal. Stats., Chap. 294 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 486 |
| | | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 743 |
| | | 1994 Cal. Stats., Res. Chap. 39 |
| | | 1992 Cal. Stats., Chap. 344 |
| | Substance Abuse—Other Misused Substances | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 846 |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 846 |
| | | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 871 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Prevention** | **1997 Cal. Stats., ACR 55** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 90 (SB 572)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 357 (SB 805)** |
| | | 1996 Cal. Stats., ACR 94 |
| | | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 733 |
| | Substance Abuse—Public Awareness | 1996 Cal. Stats., ACR 94 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Retail** | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 357 (SB 805)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Treatment | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 656 |
| | | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 733 |
| | **Tattooing/Body Piercing** | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 741 (AB 099)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 742 (AB 186)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 907 (SB 526)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Cal. Stats., ACR 4** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 110 (SB 198)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 219 (AB 752)** |
| | | 1995 Cal. Stats., Chap. 823 |
| | | 1994 Cal. Stats., Chap. 195 |
| | | 1994 Cal. Stats., Chap. 1009 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 823 |
| | | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 1166 |
| | Tobacco—School Policy | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 199 |
| | **Violence Prevention** | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 340 (SB 1095)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 586 (SB 1302)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 588 (AB 1610)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 589 (AB 1612)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 736 (SB 187)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 885 (AB 963)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 904 (AB 1223)** |
| | | **1997 Cal. Stats., Chap. 909 (SB 1050)** |
| | | 1996 Cal. Stats., Chap. 200 |
| **Colorado** | Abstinence/Sexuality Education | 1992 Colo. Sess. Laws, SJR 12 |
| | **Community Health** | **1997 Colo. Sess. HJR 1015** |
| | **Community Health—Immunizations** | **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 122 (SB 82)** |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 Colo. Sess. HJR 1015** |
| | | 1992 Colo. Sess. Laws, SJR 12 |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 217 (HB 1304)** |
| | | **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 221 (SB 208)** |
| | **Medicaid** | **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 221 (SB 208)** |
| | | 1995 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 162 |

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|---|---|---|
| **Colorado cont'd.** | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 162 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning | 1996 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 216 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 22 (SB 82)** |
| | | **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 22 (SB 101)** |
| | | **1997 Colo. Sess. HJR 1015** |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 129, Sec. 6 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 174 (HB 1035)** |
| | | **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 256 (HB 1301)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Education | 1996 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 278 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Retail** | **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 264 (HB 1077)** |
| | | 1996 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 68 |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 161 (HB 1088)** |
| | | 1994 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 25 |
| | **Violence Prevention** | **1997 Colo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 263 (HB 1125)** |
| **Connecticut** | Abstinence/Sexuality Education | 1995 Conn. Acts, P.A. 227 |
| | **Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 46 (SB 0597)** |
| | | **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 49 (HB 6554)** |
| | | 1996 Conn. Acts, P.A. 226 |
| | | 1995 Conn. Acts, P.A. 205 |
| | | 1992 Conn. Acts, P.A. 107 |
| | Community Health Services | 1994 Conn. Acts, P.A. 3(May Special Session) |
| | | 1993 Conn. Acts, P.A. 412 |
| | HIV/AIDS | 1994 Conn. Acts, P.A. 105 |
| | | 1992 Conn. Acts, P.A. 107 |
| | | 1992 Conn. Acts, P.A. 119 |
| | HIV/AIDS and Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1996 Conn. Acts, P.A. 238, Sec. 24 |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 1 (HB 8601) of the October 1997 Special Session** |
| | | 1995 Conn. Acts, P.A. 205 |
| | Insurance and Medicaid | 1996 Conn. Acts, P.A. 187 |
| | | 1996 Conn. Acts, P.A. 238, Sec. 24 |
| | **Medicaid** | **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 2 (HB 8003)** |
| | | **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 239 (SB 627)** |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 272 (HB 6006)** |
| | | 1996 Conn. Acts, P.A. 155, Sec. 1, subdivision 14 |
| | | 1996 Conn. Acts, P.A. 238, Sec. 15 |
| | | 1995 Conn. Acts, P.A. 349 |
| | | 1994 Conn. Acts, P.A. 3 (May Special Session) |
| | | 1993 Conn. Acts, P.A. 197 |
| | | 1992 Conn. Acts, P.A. 107 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Conn. Special Act, 21 (HB 6702)** |
| | | 1995 Conn. Acts, P.A. 227 |
| | | 1994 Conn. Acts, P.A. 232 |
| | | 1993 Conn. Acts, P.A. 340 |
| | | 1993 Conn. Acts, P.A. 432 |
| | | 1992 Conn. Acts, P.A. 49 |
| | | 1992 Conn. Acts, P.A. 107 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 8 (HB 8007) of the June 1997 Special Session** |
| | | **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 239 (SB 627)** |
| | | **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 239 (SB 627)** |
| | Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1992 Conn. Acts, P.A. 107 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1992 Conn. Acts, P.A. 107 |
| | | 1994 Conn. Acts, P.A. 3 (May Special Session) |
| | | 1994 Conn. Acts, P.A. 232 |
| | | 1995 Conn. Acts, P.A. 182 |
| | Substance Abuse—License Revocation/Suspension | 1996 Conn. Acts, P.A. 199 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Prevention** | **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 201 (HB 6778)** |
| | | **1997 Conn. Acts, P.A. 248 (SB 1259)** |
| | | 1996 Conn. Acts, P.A. 229. |
| | | 1994 Conn. Acts, P.A. 3 (May Special Session) |
| | | 1992 Conn. Acts, P.A. 49 |
| | Substance Abuse—Treatment | 1996 Conn. Acts, P.A. 238, Sec. 15 |
| | Tobacco | 1992 Conn. Acts, P.A. 66 |
| | Tobacco—Prevention | 1996 Conn. Acts, P.A. 240 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 Conn. Acts, P.A. 240 |

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| **Delaware** | Abortion | Vol. 70 Del. Laws, Chap. 238 (1995) |
| | **Community Health** | **Vol. 70 Del. SCR 12** |
| | | **Vol. 70 Del. SCR 20** |
| | Mental Health | Vol. 70 Del. Laws, HR 18 (1996) |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning | Vol. 70 Del. Laws, Chap. 600 (1996) |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **Vol. 70 Del. SCR 12** |
| | | Vol. 70 Del. Laws, HCR 72 (1996) |
| | | Vol. 70 Del. Laws, Chap. 215 (1995) |
| | **Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous)** | **Vol. 70 Del. SCR 20** |
| | | Vol. 70 Del. Laws, Chap. 36 (1995) |
| | | Vol. 70 Del. Laws, Chap. 123 (1995) |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | Vol. 70 Del. Laws, Chap. 519 (1996) |
| | Tobacco | Vol. 69 Del. Laws, Chap. 287 (1994) |
| | | Vol. 68 Del. Laws, Chap. 384 (1992) |
| | Tobacco—Education | Vol. 70 Del. Laws, SJR 19 (1996) |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | Vol. 70 Del. Laws, Chap. 318 (1996) |
| | Violence Prevention | Vol. 70 Del. Laws, Chap. 519 (1996) |
| **District of Columbia** | Medicaid | **relevant 1997 legislation was not identified** |
| | | 1995 D.C. Stat., Act 11-6 |
| **Florida** | Abstinence/Sexuality Education | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 307 |
| | | 1995 Fla. Laws, Chap. 321 |
| | **Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 165 (HB 1529)** |
| | | 1995 Fla. Laws, Chap. 256 |
| | | 1995 Fla. Laws, Chap. 431 |
| | HIV/AIDS and Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 307 |
| | | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 263 (HB 1965)** |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 1853)** |
| | **Medicaid** | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 1853)** |
| | | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 1853)** |
| | | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 237 (HB 1357)** |
| | | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 260 (HB 1837)** |
| | | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 263 (HB 1965)** |
| | | 1995 Fla. Laws, Chap. 336 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Fla. Laws, Chap. 321 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 237 (HB 1357)** |
| | | **1997 Fla. Laws, SR 2398 & HR 9089** |
| | | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 215 |
| | | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 307 |
| | | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 402 |
| | | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 409 |
| | | 1996 Fla. Laws, HR 9163 and SR 3090 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 1853)** |
| | | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 237 (HB 1357)** |
| | | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 263 (HB 1965)** |
| | | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 152 (SB 2400)** |
| | | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 307 |
| | | 1995 Fla. Laws, Chap. 336 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Fla. Laws, Chap. 161 |
| | | 1995 Fla. Laws, Chap. 415 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 1 (HB 0091)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Education | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 307 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Prevention** | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 165 (HB 1529)** |
| | | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 213 (HB 0725)** |
| | | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 104 |
| | Substance Abuse—Treatment | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 104 |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Fla. Laws, Chap. 162 (HB 0845)** |
| | | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 285 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 217 |
| | Tobacco—School Policy | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 217 |
| | Violence Prevention | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 225 |
| | | 1996 Fla. Laws, Chap. 276 |
| **Georgia** | **Abortion** | **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 142 (SB 0357)** |
| | **Abstinence/Sexuality Education/Pregnancy Prevention** | **1997 Ga. Laws, HR 457** |
| | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1996 Ga. Laws, p. 798 |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1993 Ga. Laws, p. 1969 |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 Ga. Laws, HR 315** |
| | | **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 1101 (HB 0204)** |
| | | 1994 Ga. Laws, p. 34 |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 1578 (HB 0211)** |

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| **Georgia cont'd.** | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1991 Ga. Laws, p. 1969 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Ga. Laws, HR 457** |
| | | 1996 Ga. Laws, p. 876, Sec. 1 |
| | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1996 Ga. Laws, p. 1018 |
| | | 1993 Ga. Laws, p. 979 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1993 Ga. Laws, p. 979 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 40 (HB 0111)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 760 (HB 0681)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Education | 1996 Ga. Laws, p. 1018 |
| | Substance Abuse—Other Misused Substances | 1996 Ga. Laws, p. 652, Sec. 8 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Penalties** | **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 160 (HB 250)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Ga. Laws, p. 652, Sec. 8 |
| | | 1996 Ga. Laws, p. 1014 |
| | | 1996 Ga. Laws, p. 1020 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Retail** | **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 160 (HB 250)** |
| | Tobacco | 1993 Ga. Laws, p. 341 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 Ga. Laws, p. 106 |
| | | 1996 Ga. Laws, p. 750 |
| | Tobacco—School Policy | 1996 Ga. Laws, p. 106 |
| | **Violence Prevention** | **1997 Ga. Laws, p. 760 (HB 681)** |
| **Guam** | | **relevant 1997 legislation was not identified** |
| **Hawaii** | Abstinence/Sexuality Education/Pregnancy Prevention | 1992 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 236 |
| | **Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 30 (HB 0519)** |
| | **Community Health** | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 125** |
| | | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act, 217 (HB 1831)** |
| | | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, SR 5, HCR 24, and HR 28 |
| | | 1995 Hawaii Sess. Laws, SCR 193 |
| | | 1993 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 237 |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1993 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 365 |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 32** |
| | Insurance | 1993 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 365 |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 29 (HB 1839)** |
| | | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 32** |
| | | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 79** |
| | | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 125** |
| | | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, SR 5, HCR 24, and HR 28 |
| | | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 125 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Hawaii Sess. Laws, SCR 193 |
| | | 1993 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 365 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 32** |
| | | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, SR 83 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 32** |
| | | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Acts 217, (HB 1831) Sec. 321-242** |
| | | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 287 |
| | | 1992 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 296 |
| | **Sexually Transmitted Diseases** | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 32** |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1994 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 198 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 102 (HB 116)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 90 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Prevention** | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 32** |
| | | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 90 |
| | Substance Abuse—Public Awareness | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 45 |
| | | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, SR 185 and HCR 324 |
| | Substance Abuse—Retail | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 101 |
| | Substance Abuse—Treatment | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 90 |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 296 (SB 1286)** |
| | Tobacco—Prevention | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, SR 185 and HCR 324 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 53 |
| | | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 313 |
| | | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 709 |
| | Tobacco—School Policy | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, HR 243 |
| | | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 313 |
| | Violence Prevention | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, Act 90 |
| | | 1996 Hawaii Sess. Laws, SR 144 |
| **Idaho** | **Community Health** | **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 368)** |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 404 (HB 320)** |
| | | 1996 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 377 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 368)** |
| | | **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 404 (HB 320)** |

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| **Idaho cont'd.** | **Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 368)** |
| | | 1995 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 160 |
| | | 1995 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 284 |
| | | 1995 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 361 |
| | | 1995 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 368 |
| | | 1994 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 60 |
| | | 1994 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 414 |
| | | 1993 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 154 |
| | | 1992 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 137 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 101 (HB 5)** |
| | | **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 158 (SB 1081)** |
| | | **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 306 (SB 1073)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Penalties** | **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 306 (SB 1073)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 379 |
| | | 1996 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 718 |
| | Substance Abuse—Prevention | 1996 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 379 |
| | | 1996 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 718 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Retail** | **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 68 (SB 1029)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Treatment | 1996 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 379 |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 168 (HB 368)** |
| | | **1997 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 278 (HB 185)** |
| | | 1995 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 368 |
| | | 1994 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 133 |
| | Violence Prevention | 1996 Idaho Sess. Laws, Chap. 377 |
| **Illinois** | **Abortion** | **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-560 (HB 382)** |
| | | 1995 Ill. Laws, P.A. 89-18 |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-3 (SB 143)** |
| | | 1995 Ill. Laws, P.A. 89-363 |
| | | 1992 Ill. Laws, P.A. 87-1104 |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-376 (HB 1565)** |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-238 (HB 1294)** |
| | | 1995 Ill. Laws, P.A. 89-6 |
| | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1996 Ill. Laws, P.A. 618, Sec. 27-5 |
| | Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1995 Ill. Laws, P.A. 89-363 |
| | | 1994 Ill. Laws, P.A. 88-654 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Ill. Laws, P.A. 89-362 |
| | Substance Abuse—License Revocation/Suspension | 1996 Ill. Laws, P.A. 626, Sec. 6-205d |
| | Substance Abuse—Education | 1996 Ill. Laws, P.A. 621, Sec. 3-631 |
| | Substance Abuse—Other Misused Substances | 1996 Ill. Laws, P.A. 632 |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Ill. Laws, P.A. 610, Sec. 10-22.6e |
| | | 1996 Ill. Laws, P.A. 622 |
| | | 1996 Ill. Laws, P.A. 632 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Prevention** | **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-238 (HB 1294)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Retail** | **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-355 (HB 155)** |
| | | **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-432 (HB 679)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-9 (SB 1101)** |
| | | 1995 Ill. Laws, P.A. 89-181 |
| | Tobacco—Education | 1996 Ill. Laws, P.A. HR 104 |
| | **Violence Prevention** | **1997 Ill. Laws, P.A. 90-79 (HB 723)** |
| | | 1996 Ill. Laws, P.A. 498 |
| | | 1996 Ill. Laws, P.A. 610 |
| | | 1996 Ill. Laws, P.A. 622 |
| **Indiana** | **Insurance** | **1997 Ind. Acts, P.L. 24 (HB 1921)** |
| | **Medicaid** | **1997 Ind. Acts, P.L. 24 (HB 1921)** |
| | | 1994 Ind. Acts, P.L. 80 |
| | Mental Health | 1996 Ind. Acts, SCR 39 |
| | | 1995 Ind. Acts, P.L. 6 |
| | | 1994 Ind. Acts, P.L. 40 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Ind. Acts, P.L. 46 |
| | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1994 Ind. Acts, P.L. 80 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Ind. Acts ,P.L. 62 |
| | Substance Abuse—Blood Alcohol Concentration | 1996 Ind. Acts, P.L. 92 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Other Misused Substances** | **1997 Ind. Acts, P.L. 218 (SB 500)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Ind. Acts, P.L. 65 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Retail** | **1997 Ind. Acts, P.L. 77 (SB 179)** |
| | **Tattooing/Body Piercing** | **1997 Ind. Acts, P.L. 181 (SB 13)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Ind. Acts, P.L. 256-1996 veto overridden (SB 0106)** |

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| **Iowa** | **Abortion** | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 173 (HB 121)** |
| | | 1996 Iowa Acts, Chap. 1011 |
| | | 1996 Iowa Acts, Chap. 1174 |
| | **Abstinence/Sexuality Education/Pregnancy Prevention** | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 208 (HB 715)** |
| | **Community Health** | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 208 (HB 715)** |
| | | 1996 Iowa Acts, Chap. 204 |
| | | 1992 Iowa Acts, Chap. 1241, Sec. 11 |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1995 Iowa Acts, Chap. 53 |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 208 (HB 715)** |
| | Mental Health | 1995 Iowa Acts, Chap. 82 |
| | | 1992 Iowa Acts, Chap. 1241, Sec. 11 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Iowa Acts, Chap. 53 |
| | | 1994 Iowa Acts, Chap. 1186 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 208 (HB 715)** |
| | | 1996 Iowa Acts, Chap. 109, Sec. 18 |
| | | 1996 Iowa Acts, Chap. 204, Sec. 41-47 |
| | | 1996 Iowa Acts, Chap. 1011 |
| | | 1996 Iowa Acts, Chap. 1174 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 126 (SB 515)** |
| | **Sexually Transmitted Diseases** | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 208 (HB 715)** |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Iowa Acts, Chap. 6 |
| | | 1995 Iowa Acts, Chap. 48 |
| | | 1995 Iowa Acts, Chap. 143 |
| | | 1994 Iowa Acts, Chap. 1105 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 95 (SB 497)** |
| | | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 78 (HB 449)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Education | 1996 Iowa Acts, Chap. 1216 |
| | Substance Abuse—License Revocation/Suspension | 1996 Iowa Acts, Chap. 38 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Other Misused Substances** | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 39 (SB 457)** |
| | | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 77 (HB 384)** |
| | | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 125 (SB 503)** |
| | | 1996 Iowa Acts, Chap. 161 |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Iowa Acts, Chap. 161 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Prevention** | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 126 (SB 515)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 74 (SB 499)** |
| | | **1997 Iowa Acts, Chap. 136 (SB 163)** |
| | | 1994 Iowa Acts, Chap. 1105 |
| **Kansas** | **Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 117 (HB 2255)** |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 192 (HB 2576)** |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 190 (SB 204)** |
| | **Medicaid** | **1997 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 123 (HB 2160)** |
| | Mental Health | 1996 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 60 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1994 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 265 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 123 (HB 2160)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Blood Alcohol Concentration | 1996 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 216 |
| | Substance Abuse—License Revocation/Suspension | 1996 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 216 |
| | | 1996 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 219 |
| | Substance Abuse—Prevention | 1996 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 229 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 214 |
| | Tobacco—School Policy | 1996 Kan. Sess. Laws, Chap. 214 |
| **Kentucky** | | **Legislative session was not held in 1997** |
| | Abortion | 1994 Ky. Acts, Chap. 253 |
| | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1994 Ky. Acts, Chap. 194 |
| | Medicaid | 1994 Ky. Acts, Chap. 498 |
| | | 1994 Ky. Acts, Chap. 376 |
| | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1994 Ky. Acts, Chap. 98 |
| | | 1994 Ky. Acts, Chap. 280 |
| | | 1994 Ky. Acts, Chap. 376 |
| | Tobacco | 1992 Ky. Acts, Chap. 164 |
| | | 1994 Ky. Acts, Chap. 480 |
| | Tobacco—Prevention | 1996 Ky. Acts, Chap. 38 |
| | Tobacco—Prevention | 1996 Ky. Acts, SR 137 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 Ky. Acts, Chap. 38 |
| **Louisiana** | **Abortion** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 933 (SB 1558)** |
| | | 1995 La. Act 1254 |
| | **Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 18 (HB 1)** |
| | | 1995 La. Act 798 |
| | | 1995 La. Act 988 |
| | | 1995 La. Act 1101 |
| | **Community Health** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 18 (HB 1)** |
| | | 1996 La. Act, HCR 18 |

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| **Louisiana cont'd.** | Contraception/Family Planning | 1995 La. Act 1168 |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 18 (HB 1)** |
| | | **1997 La. Acts, SCR 28** |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 974 (HB 1314)** |
| | | 1995 La. Act 236 |
| | | 1995 La. Act 707 |
| | Medicaid | 1995 La. Act 998 |
| | | 1992 La. Act 790 |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 166 (HB 1044)** |
| | | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 985 (HB 1534)** |
| | | 1995 La. Act 1287 |
| | | 1994 La. Act, House Study Request 6, Third Extra Session |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 La. SCR 61 |
| | | 1993 La. Act 736 |
| | | 1992 La. Act 578 |
| | | 1992 La. Act 790 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 18 (HB 1)** |
| | | **1997 La. Acts, SCR 28** |
| | | **1997 La. Acts, HCR 205** |
| | | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 510 (HB 774)** |
| | | 1996 La. Act, SCR 23 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 18 (HB 1)** |
| | | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 974 (HB 1314)** |
| | | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 1267 (SB 793)** |
| | | 1996 La. Act, HCR 18 |
| | | 1996 La. Act, P.A. 37, First Extraordinary Session |
| | | 1996 La. Act, SCR 40 |
| | | 1995 La. Act 39 |
| | | 1995 La. HCR 191 |
| | | 1994 La. Act 27 |
| | **Sexually Transmitted Diseases** | **1997 La. Acts, SCR 28** |
| | | 1995 La. HCR 191 |
| | **Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 18 (HB 1)** |
| | | 1995 La. Act 80 |
| | | 1995 La. HR 100 |
| | | 1995 La. Act 520 |
| | | 1995 La. Act 639 |
| | | 1995 La. Act 1287 |
| | | 1994 La. Act 18, Third Extra Session |
| | | 1994 La. Act 27 |
| | | 1994 La. Act HCR 3 |
| | | 1993 La. Act 736 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 1191 (SB 29)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 1296 (HB 520)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Education | 1996 La. Act, P.A. 48 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Other Misused Substances** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 659 (SB 54)** |
| | | 1996 La. Act, HCR 118 |
| | Substance Abuse—Prevention | 1996 La. Act, P.A. 78 |
| | | 1996 La. Act, HCR 118 |
| | **Tattooing/Body Piercing** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 684 (SB 940)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 1010 (HB 76)** |
| | | **1997 La. Acts, P.A. 370 (SB 1547)** |
| | | 1994 La. Act, P.A. 64, Third Extra Session |
| | Tobacco—Education | 1996 La. Act, P.A. 48 |
| | Tobacco—Prevention | 1996 La. Act, P.A. 48 |
| **Maine** | **Insurance** | **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 530 (SB 671)** |
| | | **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 560 (HB 1357)** |
| | **Medicaid** | **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 530 (SB 671)** |
| | Mental Health | 1995 Me. Laws, Chap. 301 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Me. Laws, Chap. 418 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 530 (SB 671)** |
| | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1995 Me. Laws, Chap. 338 |
| | **Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 382 (HB 1262)** |
| | | 1995 Me. Laws, Chap. 25 |
| | | 1995 Me. Laws, Chap. 26 |
| | Substance Abuse—Blood Alcohol Concentration | 1996 Me. Laws, Chap. 679 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 487 (SB 603)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 305 (SB 133)** |
| | | **1997 Me. Laws, Chap. 560 (HB 1357)** |
| | | 1995 Me. Laws, Chap. 470 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 Me. Laws, Chap. 593 |

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| **Maryland** | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Md. Laws, Chap. 473 |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1995 Md. Laws, Chap. 473 |
| | | 1995 Md. Laws, Chap. 491 |
| | | 1994 Md. Laws, Chap. 440 |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 256 (HB 729)** |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 130 (SB 80)** |
| | | 1995 Md. Laws, Chap. 178 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Md. Laws, Chap. 473 |
| | | 1995 Md. Laws, Chap. 491 |
| | | 1993 Md. Laws, Chap. 432 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 258 (HB 746)** |
| | | **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 358 (SB 452) & (HB 701)** |
| | | **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 504 (HB 971)** |
| | Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1995 Md. Laws, Chap. 473 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Md. Laws, Chap. 381 |
| | | 1995 Md. Laws, Chap. 473 |
| | | 1994 Md. Laws, Chap. 175 |
| | | 1994 Md. Laws, Chap. 483 |
| | | 1992 Md. Laws, Chaps. 494 and 495 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 451 (HB 505)** |
| | Substance Abuse—License Revocation/Suspension | 1996 Md. Laws, Chap. 372 |
| | | 1996 Md. Laws, Chap. 610 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Other Misused Substances** | **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 504 (HB 971)** |
| | | 1996 Md. Laws, Chap. 22 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Penalties** | **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 451 (HB 505)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Md. Laws, Chap. 22 |
| | | 1996 Md. Laws, Chap. 441 |
| | Substance Abuse—Retail | 1996 Md. Laws, Chap. 128 |
| | | 1996 Md. Laws, Chap. 158 |
| | | 1996 Md. Laws, Chap. 217 |
| | Tobacco | 1994 Md. Laws, Chap. 110 |
| | **Violence Prevention** | **1997 Md. Laws, Chap. 258 (HB 746)** |
| **Massachusetts** | Abstinence/Sexuality Education | 1996 Mass. Acts, Chap. 291 |
| | **Community Health** | **1997 Mass. Acts, Chap. 88 (HB 4900)** |
| | | **1997 Mass. Acts, Chap. 88 (HB 4900)** |
| | | 1996 Mass. Acts, Chap. 147 |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 Mass. Acts, Chap. 43 (HB 4700)** |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Mass. Acts, Chap. 170 (SB 2015)** |
| | Insurance and Medicaid | 1996 Mass. Acts, Chap. 203 |
| | Mental Health | 1993 Mass. Acts, Chap. 71 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Mass. Acts, Chap. 5, Sec. 126 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Mass. Acts, Chap. 88 (HB 4900)** |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Mass. Acts, Chap. 88 (HB 4900)** |
| | | 1993 Mass. Acts, Chap. 71 |
| | **Sexually Transmitted Diseases** | **1997 Mass. Acts, Chap. 43 (HB 4700)** |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1993 Mass. Acts, Chap. 71 |
| | | 1992 Mass. Acts, Chap. 110 |
| | Tobacco | 1995 Mass. Acts, Chap. 245 |
| | | 1993 Mass. Acts, Chap. 71 |
| | | 1992 Mass. Acts, Chap. 254 |
| **Michigan** | Abortion | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 352, Sec. 1302 |
| | Abstinence/Sexuality Education | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 352, Sec. 1038 |
| | | 1993 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 174, Sec. 1124 |
| | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 223 |
| | | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 228 |
| | | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 304 |
| | | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 412, Sec. 4d and 4e |
| | Community Health Services | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 352, Sec. 1038 |
| | | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 399, Sec. 1177 |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1993 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 174, Sec. 1103 |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 94 (HB 4306)** |
| | | 1994 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 201, Sec. 403 |
| | HIV/AIDS and Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 352, Sec. 1038 |
| | Insurance and Medicaid | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 352, Sec. 1615 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1993 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 174, Sec. 1115 |
| | | 1993 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 174, Sec. 1124 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 352, Sec. 1038 |

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| **Michigan cont'd.** | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 287<br>1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 304<br>1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 352, Sec. 1203<br>1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 399, Sec. 1177<br>1993 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 174, Sec. 1103<br>1993 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 174, Sec. 1104 |
| | Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1995 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 122<br>1993 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 174, Sec. 1115 |
| | Substance Abuse—License Revocation/Suspension | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 176 |
| | Substance Abuse—Public Awareness | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, HCR 247 |
| | Tobacco | 1995 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 121 |
| | Tobacco—Prevention | 1996 Mich. Pub. Acts, Act 352, Sec. 1209 |
| **Minnesota** | Abstinence/Sexuality Education | 1995 Minn. Laws, Chap. 257, Art. 4, Sec. 1<br>1994 Minn. Laws, Chap. 647, Art. 8, Sec. 44 |
| | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Minn. Laws, Chap. 207, Art. 4, Sec. 2, Subd. 1 |
| | Community Health Services | 1996 Minn. Laws, Chap. 412<br>1995 Minn. Laws, Chap. 3, Art. 3, Sec. 4<br>1995 Minn. Laws, Chap. 3, Art. 16, Sec. 1-5<br>1995 Minn. Laws, Chap. 226, Art. 3, Sec. 44<br>1995 Minn. Laws, Chap. 226, Art. 4, Sec. 4 |
| | Insurance and Medicaid | 1996 Minn. Laws, Chap. 451 |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Minn. Laws, Chap. 203 (SB 1908) First Special Session**<br>1995 Minn. Laws, Chap. 207, Art. 8, Sec. 4<br>1995 Minn. Laws, Chap. 207, Art. 8, Sec. 8<br>1995 Minn. Laws, Chap. 207, Art. 8, Sec. 12<br>1994 Minn. Laws, Chap. 576, Sec. 4 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Minn. Laws, Chap. 178, Art. 2, Sec. 4<br>1995 Minn. Laws, Chap. 178, Art. 2, Sec. 12<br>1995 Minn. Laws, Chap. 257, Art. 4, Sec. 1<br>1994 Minn. Laws, Chap. 636, Art. 1, Sec. 10<br>1994 Minn. Laws, Chap. 647, Art. 8, Sec. 24<br>1993 Minn. Laws, Chap. 1, First Special Session |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning | 1996 Minn. Laws, Chap. 412 |
| | Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1993 Minn. Laws, Chap. 167 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1994 Minn. Laws, Chap. 576, Sec. 4<br>1994 Minn. Laws, Chap. 636, Art. 4, Sec. 29<br>1992 Minn. Laws, Chap. 499, Art. 7, Sec. 11 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 Minn. Laws, Chap. 2 (SB 1) for the 1997 First Special Session**<br>1996 Minn. Laws, Chap. 442 |
| | Substance Abuse—Education | 1996 Minn. Laws, Chap. 412 |
| | Substance Abuse—License Revocation/Suspension | 1996 Minn. Laws, Chap. 396<br>1996 Minn. Laws, Chap. 442 |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Minn. Laws, Chap. 227 (HB 117)**<br>1994 Minn. Laws, Chap. 636, Art. 2, Sec. 44<br>1992 Minn. Laws, Chap. 576 |
| | Violence Prevention | 1996 Minn. Laws, Chap. 412 |
| **Mississippi** | Abortion | 1996 Miss. Laws, Chap. 442 |
| | **Community Health** | **1997 Miss. Laws, Chap. 926 (SB 3241)** |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Miss. Laws, Chap. 926 (SB 3241)**<br>1995 Miss. Laws, Chap. 528<br>1993 Miss. Laws, Chap. 388 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1994 Miss. Laws, Chap. 582 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Miss. Laws, Chap. 316 (HB 766)** |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Miss. Laws, Chap. 926 (SB 3241)**<br>1996 Miss. Laws, Chap. 440<br>1994 Miss. Laws, Chap. 632 |
| | Substance Abuse—Blood Alcohol Concentration | 1996 Miss. Laws, Chap. 527, Sec. 2, 10 and 12 |
| | Substance Abuse—Education | 1996 Miss. Laws, Chap. 905 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Prevention** | **1997 Miss. Laws, Chap. 926 (SB 3241)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Public Awareness | 1996 Miss. Laws, SCR 566 |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Miss. Laws, Chap. 575 (HB 1389)**<br>1994 Miss. Laws, Chap. 486 |
| **Missouri** | Abortion | 1995 Mo. Laws, SB 279 |
| | Abstinence/Sexuality Education | 1994 Mo. Laws, HBs 1547 and 961 |
| | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Mo. Laws, HB 178 |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1993 Mo. Laws, HB 564 |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 Mo. Laws, SB 347** |
| | Medicaid | 1993 Mo. Laws, HB 564 |
| | Mental Health | 1995 Mo. Laws, HBs 174, 325, 326, Sec. 11 |

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| **Missouri cont'd.** | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Mo. Laws, SB 279 |
| | | 1994 Mo. Laws, HBs 1547 and 961 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Mo. Laws, HB 20** |
| | | 1994 Mo. Laws, HBs 1547 and 961 |
| | | 1993 Mo. Laws, HB 564 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Mo. Laws, HBs 174, 325 and 526 |
| | Substance Abuse—Blood Alcohol Concentration | 1996 Mo. Laws, p. 126 |
| | Substance Abuse—License Revocation/Suspension | 1996 Mo. Laws, p. 126 |
| | Substance Abuse—Prevention | 1996 Mo. Laws, p. 72 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Retail** | **1997 Mo. Laws, HB 63** |
| | Violence Prevention | 1996 Mo. Laws, p. 72 |
| **Montana** | Abstinence/Sexuality Education | 1993 Mont. Laws, SJR 23 |
| | Abortion | 1995 Mont. Laws, Chap. 174 |
| | | 1995 Mont. Laws, Chap. 321 |
| | | 1995 Mont. Laws, Chap. 469 |
| | | 1995 Mont. Laws, Chap. 566 |
| | Medicaid | 1995 Mont. Laws, Chap. 544 |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 490 (HB 502)** |
| | | **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 550 (SB 48)** |
| | | 1995 Mont. Laws, Chap. 436 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1993 Mont. Laws, SJR 23 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 450 (HB 264)** |
| | Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1993 Mont. Laws, SJR 23 |
| | **Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 450 (HB 264)** |
| | | **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 550 (SB 48)** |
| | | 1995 Mont. Laws, Chap. 386 |
| | | 1995 Mont. Laws, Chap. 481 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 520 (HB 339)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Other Misused Substances** | **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 103 (SB 8)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Prevention** | **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 182 (HB 577)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 518 (HB 331)** |
| | | **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 550 (SB 48)** |
| | | 1995 Mont. Laws, Chap. 376 |
| | **Violence Prevention** | **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 450 (HB 264)** |
| | | **1997 Mont. Laws, Chap. 550 (SB 48)** |
| **Nebraska** | HIV/AIDS | 1994 Neb. Laws, L.B. 819 |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Neb. Laws, L.B. 622** |
| | | **1997 Neb. Laws, L.B. 788** |
| | | 1994 Neb. Laws, L.B. 988 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Neb. Laws, L.B. 455 |
| | | 1994 Neb. Laws, L.B. 1224 |
| | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1996 Neb. Laws, L.B. 1155, Sec. 31 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1994 Neb. Laws, L.B. 988 |
| | | 1995 Neb. Laws, L.B. 371 |
| **Nevada** | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Nev. Stats., Chap. 721 |
| | Community Health Services | 1995 Nev. Stats., Chap. 721 |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1995 Nev. Stats., Chap. 721 |
| | | 1993 Nev. ACR 37 |
| | Medicaid | 1993 Nev. ACR 37 |
| | Mental Health | 1995 Nev. Stats., Chap. 632 |
| | | 1995 Nev. Stats., Chap. 721 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Nev. Stats., Chap. 721 |
| | | 1993 Nev. Stats., Chap. 215 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 93 (ACR 36)** |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 353 (AB 515)** |
| | | **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 473 (SB 482)** |
| | | 1995 Nev. Stats., Chap. 304 |
| | **Sexual Conduct** | **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 455 (AB 280)** |
| | | **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 529 (SB 122)** |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Nev. Stats, ACR 2 |
| | | 1995 Nev. Stats., Chap. 258 |
| | | 1995 Nev. Stats., Chap. 555 |
| | | 1995 Nev. Stats., Chap. 504 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 226 (AB 176)** |
| | | **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 605 (AB 584)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Penalties** | **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 226 (AB 176)** |

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| **Nevada cont'd.** | Tobacco | 1995 Nev. Stats., Chap. 682 |
| | **Violence Prevention** | **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 353 (AB 515)** |
| | | **1997 Nev. Stats., Chap. 386 (AB 518)** |
| **New Hampshire** | **Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 N.H. Laws, Chap. 293 (HB 472)** |
| | | 1995 N.H. Laws, Chap. 258 |
| | HIV/AIDS and Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1996 N.H. Laws, Chap. 277 |
| | Medicaid | 1994 N.H. Laws, Chap. 409 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1994 N.H. Laws, Chap. 409 |
| | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1996 N.H. Laws, Chap. 277 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 N.H. Laws, Chap. 64 |
| | | 1994 N.H. Laws, Chap. 410 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 N.H. Laws, Chap. 121 (HB 672)** |
| | | **1997 N.H. Laws, Chap. 323 (HB 462)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 N.H. Laws, Chap. 338 (HB 599)** |
| | | 1995 N.H. Laws, Chap. 258 |
| **New Jersey** | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 N.J. Laws, Chap. 131 (AB 3000)** |
| | Insurance and Medicaid | 1996 N.J. Laws, Chap. 42 |
| | Mental Health | 1995 N.J. Laws, AJR 31 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 N.J. Laws, Chap. 31 |
| | | 1993 N.J. Laws, Chap. 70 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 N.J. Laws, Chap. 193 (SB 1772)** |
| | | **1997 N.J. Laws, Chap. 194 (AB 2725)** |
| | Tobacco | 1995 N.J. Laws, Chap. 304 |
| | | 1995 N.J. Laws, Chap. 320 |
| **New Mexico** | | **relevant 1997 legislation was not identified** |
| | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1995 N.M. Laws, Chap. 116 |
| | | 1995 N.M. Laws, Chap. 182 |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1994 N.M. Laws, Chap. 147 |
| | Insurance and Medicaid | 1996 N.M. Laws, HJM 2 |
| | Mental Health | 1995 N.M. Laws, Chap. 207 |
| | | 1992 N.M. Laws, Chap. 60 |
| | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1996 N.M. Laws, HJM 2 |
| | | 1996 N.M. Laws, Chap. 62 |
| | | 1995 N.M. Laws, Chap. 151 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1993 N.M. Laws, Chap. 77, Sec. 48 |
| | Tobacco | 1993 N.M. Laws, Chap. 244 |
| **New York** | **Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 402 (SB 1373-a)** |
| | | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 434 (SB 5783)** |
| | | 1996 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 16 |
| | | 1995 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 516 |
| | **Community Health** | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 53 (SB 705)** |
| | | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 437 (SB 5792)** |
| | | 1994 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 170 |
| | | 1993 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 723 |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 53 (SB 705)** |
| | | 1995 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 76 |
| | Insurance | 1994 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 170 |
| | | 1994 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 731 |
| | | 1992 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 337 |
| | Medicaid | 1994 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 170 |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 53 (SB 705)** |
| | | 1995 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 516 |
| | | 1994 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 170 |
| | | 1994 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 461 |
| | | 1993 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 135 |
| | | 1993 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 723 |
| | | 1992 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 150 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1994 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 645 |
| | | 1993 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 148 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 53 (SB 705)** |
| | | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 434 (SB 5783)** |
| | | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 437 (SB 5792)** |
| | | 1996 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 974 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 53 (SB 705)** |
| | | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 153 (AB 6780)** |
| | | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 402 (SB 1373-a)** |
| | | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 434 (SB 5783)** |
| | | 1994 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 170 |
| | | 1993 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 104 |

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| **New York cont'd.** | **Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 53 (SB 705)** |
| | | 1994 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 230 |
| | | 1994 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 407 |
| | | 1992 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 356 |
| | Substance Abuse—Blood Alcohol Concentration | 1996 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 196 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 635 (SB 324)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Prevention | 1996 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 356 |
| | | 1996 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 478 |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 433 (SB 5773)** |
| | | 1994 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 493 |
| | | 1994 N.Y. Laws, Chaps. 565 and 691 |
| | | 1992 N.Y. Laws, Chap. 799 |
| **North Carolina** | Abortion | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 462 |
| | | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 534 |
| | Abstinence/Sexuality Education | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 507, Sec. 26.5A |
| | | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 534 |
| | Community Health Services | 1994 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 769 |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 534 |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 443 (SB 352)** |
| | | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 534 |
| | | 1994 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 769 |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap.433** |
| | | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 63 |
| | | 1994 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 716 |
| | Medicaid | 1992 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 900, Secs. 143 and 145 |
| | Mental Health | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 249 |
| | | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 336 |
| | | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 534 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 534 |
| | | 1992 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 900 |
| | | 1992 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 900, Sec. 168 |
| | | 1992 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 900, Secs. 143 and 145 |
| | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 534 |
| | | 1992 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 900, Sec. 168 |
| | Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 534 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 336 |
| | | 1993 N.C. Sess. Laws, Resolution 27 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 501 (HB 1132)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 18 |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 434 (SB 143)** |
| | | 1995 N.C. Sess. Laws, Chap. 241 |
| **North Dakota** | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1995 N.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 255 |
| | Insurance | 1995 N.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 246 |
| | **Medicaid** | **1997 N.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 406 (HB 1036)** |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 N.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 406 (HB 1036)** |
| | | 1995 N.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 152 |
| | | 1995 N.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 300 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 N.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 299 |
| | Substance Abuse—Blood Alcohol Concentration | 1995 N.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 299 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 N.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 123 (SB 2285)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 N.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 334 (HB 1111)** |
| | Substance Abuse—License Revocation/Suspension | 1995 N.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 299 |
| **Northern Mariana Islands** | | **relevant 1997 legislation was not identified** |
| **Ohio** | Abortion | Vol. 146, 1995 Ohio Laws, H. 135 |
| | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | Vol. 146, 1995 Ohio Laws, H. 167 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | Vol. 146, 1995 Ohio Laws, H. 167 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | Vol. 145, 1994 Ohio Laws, S. 209 |
| | | Vol. 145, 1994 Ohio Laws, H. 391 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 Ohio Laws, HB 32** |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | Vol. 146, 1996 Ohio Laws, H. 162 |
| | **Tattooing/Body Piercing** | **1997 Ohio Laws, HB 25** |
| **Oklahoma** | **Abstinence/Sexuality Education/Pregnancy Prevention** | **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 414 (HB 2170)** |
| | | 1996 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 1045 |
| | | 1995 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 298 |
| | | 1994 Okla. Sess. Laws, HJR 1078 |
| | | 1994 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 170 |
| | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 137 |
| | **Community Health—Immunizations** | **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 75 (SB 277)** |
| | HIV/AIDS | 1994 Okla. Sess. Laws, HJR 1078 |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 421 (SB 639)** |

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| **Oklahoma cont'd.** | **Medicaid** | **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 421 (SB 639)** |
| | | 1995 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 261 |
| | | 1993 Okla. Sess. Laws, HJR 1001 |
| | Mental Health | 1995 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 231 |
| | | 1993 Okla. Sess. Laws, HJR 1001 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 346 |
| | | 1994 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 170 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 75 (SB 277)** |
| | | 1996 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 1045 |
| | | 1995 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 231 |
| | Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1994 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 170 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 274 |
| | | 1995 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 313 |
| | | 1993 Okla. Sess. Laws, HJR 1001 |
| | | 1992 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 5 |
| | Substance Abuse—Blood Alcohol Concentration | 1996 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 309 |
| | Substance Abuse—License Revocation/Suspension | 1996 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 254 |
| | Substance Abuse—Education | 1996 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 162 |
| | | 1996 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 309 |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 252 |
| | Substance Abuse—Prevention | 1996 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 252 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Retail** | **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 364 (HB 1118)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 171 (SB 619)** |
| | | 1994 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 137 |
| | Tobacco—Prevention | 1996 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 144 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 144 |
| | Violence Prevention | 1996 Okla. Sess. Laws, Chap. 252 |
| | | 1993 Or. Laws, Chap. 775 |
| **Oregon** | Abstinence/Sexuality Education | 1995 Or. Laws, SJR 22 |
| | **Abstinence/Sexuality Education/Pregnancy Prevention** | **1997 Or. Laws, SJR 33** |
| | **Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 Or. Laws, Chap. 714 (SB 1129)** |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1993 Or. Laws, Chap. 775 |
| | Medicaid | 1995 Or. Laws, Chap. 816 |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Or. Laws, Chap. 714 (SB 1129)** |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Or. Laws, Chap. 816 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Or. Laws, SJR 33** |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Or. Laws, Chap. 613 (HB 3544)** |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Or. Laws, Chap. 250 |
| | | 1995 Or. Laws, Chap. 756 |
| | | 1993 Or. Laws, Chap. 421 |
| | **Tattooing/Body Piercing** | **1997 Or. Laws, Chap. 690 (HB 5052)** |
| | **Violence Prevention** | **1997 Or. Laws, Chap. 613 (HB 3544)** |
| **Pennsylvania** | **Abstinence/Sexuality Education/Pregnancy Prevention** | **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 33 & HR 122** |
| | | **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 43** |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 0004 (HB 847)** |
| | HIV/AIDS and Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1996 Pa. Laws, Act 15 |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 7 (HB 134)** |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Pa. Laws, HR 94 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 33 & HR 122** |
| | | **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 43** |
| | | 1996 Pa. Laws, Act 35 |
| | | 1996 Pa. Laws, SR 103 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Pa. Laws, HR 52** |
| | | 1996 Pa. Laws, Act 15 |
| | **Sexually Transmitted Diseases** | **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 33 & HR 122** |
| | | **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 43** |
| | Substance Abuse—Blood Alcohol Concentration | 1996 Pa. Laws, Act 93 and Act 115 |
| | | 1996 Pa. Laws, Act 149, Sec. 3731 a.1ii |
| | **Substance Abuse—Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 65 (HB 1125)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 46 & HR 172** |
| | | **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 49 (SB 55)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Other Misused Substances** | **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 8 (HB 152)** |
| | | **1997 Pa. Laws, SR 25** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Prevention** | **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 240 (SB 1259)** |
| | | **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 53 (HB 679)** |
| | | **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 52 (HR 52)** |
| | | 1996 Pa. Laws, Act 199, Sec. 495 c-f |
| | Substance Abuse—Public Awareness | 1996 Pa. Laws, SR 29 and HR 90 |
| | | 1996 Pa. Laws, SR 149 and HR 444 |
| | Substance Abuse—Retail | 1996 Pa. Laws, Act 199, Sec. 495 c-f |

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| **Pennsylvania cont'd.** | **Tobacco** | **1997 Pa. Laws, Act 7 (HB 134)** |
| | | **1997 Pa. Laws, HR 52** |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 Pa. Laws, Act 145 |
| | Tobacco—School Policy | 1996 Pa. Laws, Act 145 |
| **Puerto Rico** | | **relevant 1997 legislation was not identified** |
| | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1994 Puerto Rico Laws, Act 86 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1994 Puerto Rico Laws, Act 118 |
| | | 1993 Puerto Rico Laws, Act 128 |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Puerto Rico Laws, PC 1603 |
| | Tobacco | 1993 Puerto Rico Laws, Act 62 |
| | | 1993 Puerto Rico Laws, Act 128 |
| **Rhode Island** | **Abortion** | **1997 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 76 (HB 5159)** |
| | **Abstinence/Sexuality Education/Pregnancy Prevention** | **1997 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 176 (SB 771) & 160 (HB 5961)** |
| | | 1996 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 400 |
| | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1996 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 163 |
| | HIV/AIDS | 1995 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 105 |
| | HIV/AIDS and Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1996 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 400 |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 73 (SB 709)** |
| | | 1995 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 122 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1993 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 216 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 176 (SB 771) & 160 (HB 5961)** |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 176 (SB 771) & 160 (HB 5961)** |
| | | 1996 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 324 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 217 |
| | | 1993 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 216 |
| | Substance Abuse—Education | 1996 R.I. Pub. Laws, SCR 31 |
| | | 1996 R.I. Pub. Laws, SCR 60 |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 282 |
| | Substance Abuse—Public Awareness | 1996 R.I. Pub. Laws, SCR 31 |
| | | 1996 R.I. Pub. Laws, SCR 60 |
| | Tobacco | 1995 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 77 |
| | Tobacco—Prevention | 1996 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 321 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 R.I. Pub. Laws, Chap. 321 |
| **South Carolina** | **Abortion** | **1997 S.C. Acts, Act 0011 (HB 3502)** |
| | | 1995 S.C. Acts, Act 102 |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1995 S.C. Acts, Act 102 |
| | | 1994 S.C. Acts, Act 471 |
| | Medicaid | 1995 S.C. Acts, Act 102 |
| | Mental Health | 1994 S.C. Acts, Act 570 |
| | | 1993 S.C. Acts, Act 39 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1993 S.C. Acts, Act 165 |
| | | 1993 S.C. Acts, SJR 404 |
| | | 1995 S.C. Acts, Act 102 |
| | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1994 S.C. Acts, Act 441 |
| | | 1994 S.C. Acts, Act 570 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 S.C. Acts, Act 102 |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 S.C. Acts, Act 290 |
| | Tobacco—Education | 1996 S.C. Acts, Act 45 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 S.C. Acts, Act 321 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 S.C. Acts, Act 445 |
| | Tobacco—School Policy | 1996 S.C. Acts, Act 445 |
| **South Dakota** | **Abortion** | **1997 S.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 129 (HB 1088)** |
| | | **1997 S.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 204 (HB 1087)** |
| | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1994 S.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 293 |
| | Mental Health | 1994 S.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 225 |
| | | 1992 S.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 195 |
| | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1995 S.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 87 |
| | | 1994 S.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 293 |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 S.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 120 |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 S.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 206 (HB 1182)** |
| | | 1994 S.D. Sess. Laws, Chap. 280 |
| **Tennessee** | Abortion | 1995 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 458 |
| | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 1079 |
| | | 1995 Tenn. Pub. Acts, HR 141 |
| | **Community Health** | **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 21 (SB 415)** |
| | **Community Health—Immunizations** | **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 6 (SB 980)** |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1993 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 255 |
| | **HIV/AIDS** | **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 21 (SB 415)** |
| | HIV/AIDS and Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, HJR 431 |
| | Medicaid | 1993 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 255 |

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| **Tennessee cont'd.** | Mental Health | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, HJR 431 |
| | | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 1079 |
| | | 1995 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 411 |
| | | 1994 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 917 |
| | | 1993 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 283 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 317 |
| | | 1995 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 516 |
| | | 1992 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 990 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 842 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 6 (SB 980)** |
| | | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 894 |
| | | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 979 |
| | **Sexually Transmitted Diseases** | **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 6 (SB 980)** |
| | **Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 326 (SB 1341)** |
| | | 1995 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 123 |
| | | 1995 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 515 |
| | | 1995 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 515 |
| | | 1994 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 607 |
| | | 1994 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 783 |
| | | 1994 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 872 |
| | | 1993 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 280 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 17 (HB 603)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Penalties** | **1997 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 5 (SB 1822)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 888 |
| | Substance Abuse—Prevention | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, HJR 431 |
| | | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 888 |
| | Substance Abuse—Treatment | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 1079 |
| | Tobacco | 1995 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 455 |
| | | 1995 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 470 |
| | | 1992 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 700 |
| | Violence Prevention | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 888 |
| | | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 891 |
| | | 1996 Tenn. Pub. Acts, Chap. 988 |
| **Texas** | **Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 1124 (HB 2984)** |
| | | 1995 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 386 |
| | **Community Health—Immunizations** | **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 900 (HB 3054)** |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 501 (SB 1165)** |
| | | **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 550 (HB 3)** |
| | | 1995 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 1919 |
| | **Medicaid** | **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 501 (SB 1165)** |
| | | 1995 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 191 |
| | Mental Health | 1995 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 393 |
| | | 1993 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 573 |
| | | 1993 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 705 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1993 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 830 |
| | | 1993 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 907 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 1285 (SB 162)** |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 615 |
| | | 1993 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 705 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 1013 (SB 035)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Prevention** | **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, SCR 54** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Prevention** | **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 1139 (HB 3441)** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Retail** | **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 1138 (HB 3440)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Tex. Gen. Laws, Chap. 671 (SB 55)** |
| **Utah** | Insurance | 1995 Utah Laws, Chap. 137 |
| | | 1994 Utah Laws, Chap. 314 |
| | Medicaid | 1994 Utah Laws, Chap. 314 |
| | Mental Health | 1996 Utah Laws, Chap. 234 |
| | | 1995 Utah Laws, Chap. 142 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning | 1996 Utah Laws, Chap. 185 |
| | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1996 Utah Laws, Chap. 4 |
| | | 1996 Utah Laws, Chap. 229 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1994 Utah Laws, Chap. 168 |
| | Substance Abuse—License Revocation/Suspension | 1996 Utah Laws, Chap. 188 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Retail** | **1997 Utah Laws, Chap. 40 (HB 204)** |
| | | **1997 Utah Laws, Chap. 94 (SB 112)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Utah Laws, Chap. 279 (HB 27)** |
| | | 1994 Utah Laws, Chap. 168 |

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| **Vermont** | Mental Health | 1996 Vt. Acts, Act 137 |
| | | 1994 Vt. Acts, Act 203 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1994 Vt. Acts, Act 150 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Drinking & Driving/Blood Alcohol Content** | **1997 Vt. Acts, Act 57 (HB 7)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Vt. Acts, Act 58 (SB 156)** |
| | | 1995 Vt. Acts, Act 52 |
| **Virginia** | **Abortion** | **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 708 (SB 1148)** |
| | Community Health Services | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 781 |
| | | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 864 |
| | | **1997 Va. Acts, SJR 298** |
| | | **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 679 (HB 2682)** |
| | Insurance and Medicaid | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 864 |
| | | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 864 |
| | | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 967 |
| | Mental Health | 1994 Va. Acts, HJR 235 |
| | | 1994 Va. Acts, Chap. 760 |
| | | 1994 Va. Acts, Chap. 761 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Va. Acts, Chap. 450 |
| | | 1995 Va. Acts, Chap. 852 |
| | | 1994 Va. Acts, Chap. 760 |
| | | 1994 Va. Acts, Chap. 761 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 781 |
| | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 784 (SB 862)** |
| | | **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 924 (HB 1600)** |
| | | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 410 |
| | | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 864 |
| | | 1995 Va. Acts, Chap. 852 |
| | | 1994 Va. Acts, HJR 165 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Va. Acts, Chap. 31 |
| | | 1995 Va. Acts, Chap. 374 |
| | | 1995 Va. Acts, Chap. 675 |
| | | 1994 Va. Acts, Chap. 480 |
| | | 1994 Va. Acts, Chap. 760 |
| | | 1994 Va. Acts, Chap. 761 |
| | | 1994 Va. Acts, Chap. 844 |
| | | 1993 Va. Acts, Chaps. 819 and 856 |
| | | 1992 Va. Acts, Chap. 708 |
| | Substance Abuse—Blood Alcohol Concentration | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 631 |
| | **Substance Abuse— Date Rape Drugs** | **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 595 (HB 1926)** |
| | Substance Abuse—License Revocation/Suspension | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 509 |
| | | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 626 |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 190 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Prevention** | **1997 Va. Acts, HJR 613** |
| | **Substance Abuse—Retail** | **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 487 (HB 2130)** |
| | | **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 784 (SB 862)** |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 812 (SB 1162)** |
| | | **1997 Va. Acts, Chap. 882 (HB 2530)** |
| | | 1995 Va. Acts, Chap. 675 |
| | | 1994 Va. Acts, Chap. 305 |
| | | 1993 Va. Acts, Chap. 631 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 509 |
| | Tobacco—Retail/Penalties | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 517 |
| | Violence Prevention | 1996 Va. Acts, Chap. 190 |
| **Virgin Islands** | | **relevant 1997 legislation was not identified** |
| | Violence Prevention | 1996 V.I. Laws, Act 6108 |
| **Washington** | **Abstinence/Sexuality Education/Pregnancy Prevention** | **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 58 (HB 3901)** |
| | | **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 149 (SB 6062)** |
| | | 1994 Wash. Laws, Chap. 299 |
| | | 1993 Wash. Laws, Chap. 407 |
| | **Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous)** | **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 23 (SB 5132)** |
| | | 1995 Wash. Laws, Chap. 132 |
| | Community Health Services | 1993 Wash. Laws, Chap. 407 |
| | Contraception/Family Planning | 1994 Wash. Laws, Chap. 299 |
| | | 1993 Wash. Laws, Chap. 407 |
| | Insurance | 1994 Wash. Laws, Chap. 246 |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 146 (SB 5578)** |
| | | 1996 Wash. Laws, Chap. 133 Sec. 5-6, 34 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1994 Wash. Laws, Chap. 299 |
| | | 1993 Wash. Laws, Chap. 407 |
| | **Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning** | **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 58 (HB 3901)** |
| | | **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 149 (SB 6062)** |

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| **Washington cont'd.** | **School Health/School-Based Health Services** | **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 9 (HB 1081)** |
| | | **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 23 (SB 5132)** |
| | | **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 149 (SB 6062)** |
| | | **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 149 (SB 6062)** |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Wash. Laws, Chap. 100 |
| | | 1995 Wash. Laws, Chap. 312 |
| | | 1992 Wash. Laws, Chap. 205, Sec. 306 |
| | Substance Abuse—Other Misused Substances | 1996 Wash. Laws, Chap. 205 |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Wash. Laws, Chap. 205 |
| | **Substance Abuse—Prevention** | **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 23 (SB 5132)** |
| | Substance Abuse—Treatment | 1996 Wash. Laws, Chap. 133, Sec. 5-6, 34 |
| | **Tobacco** | **1997 Wash. Laws, Chap. 9 (HB 1081)** |
| | | 1994 Wash. Laws, Chap. 202 |
| **West Virginia** | Medicaid | 1992 W. Va. Acts, Chap. 57 |
| | **Mental Health** | **1997 W. Va. Acts, Chap. 52 (HB 2885)** |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning | 1996 W. Va. Acts, Chap. 9 |
| | School Health/School-Based Health Services | 1994 W. Va. Acts, Chap. 24 |
| | | 1992 W. Va. Acts, Chap. 57 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1994 W. Va. Acts, Chap. 24 |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 W. Va. Acts, Chap. 17 |
| | Tobacco | 1994 W. Va. Acts, Chap. 68 |
| **Wisconsin** | Abortion | 1996 Wis. Laws, Act 309 |
| | Adolescent Health (Miscellaneous) | 1996 Wis. Laws, Act 169 |
| | **Insurance** | **1997 Wis. Laws, Act 27 (AB 100)** |
| | **Medicaid** | **1997 Wis. Laws, Act 27 (AB 100)** |
| | Mental Health | 1995 Wis. Laws, Act 27 |
| | | 1994 Wis. Laws, Act 446 |
| | | 1993 Wis. Laws, Act 16, Secs. 868 and 869 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Wis. Laws, Act 27 |
| | | 1993 Wis. Laws, Act 16, Sec. 153 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Wis. Laws, Act 27 |
| | | 1994 Wis. Laws, Act 446 |
| | | 1992 Wis. Laws, Act 171 |
| | Substance Abuse—Penalties/School Policy | 1996 Wis. Laws, Act 327 |
| | Tobacco | 1994 Wis. Laws, Act 210 |
| **Wyoming** | | **relevant 1997 legislation was not identified** |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting | 1995 Wyo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 131 |
| | Pregnancy/Parenting/Contraception/Family Planning | 1996 Wyo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 111 |
| | Substance Abuse (Miscellaneous) | 1995 Wyo. Sess. Laws, Chap. 71 |

# APPENDIX B
# RESOURCE DIRECTORY

## ABSTINENCE

Americans for a Sound AIDS/HIV Policy
P.O. Box 17433
Washington, D.C. 20041-0433
phone: (703) 471-7350
fax: (703) 471-8409

National Coalition for Abstinence Education
P. O. Box 536
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80901-0536
phone: (719) 531-3388
fax: (719) 531-3385

## ADOLESCENT HEALTH

Advocates for Youth
(formerly Center for Population Options)
1025 Vermont Avenue, N.W., Suite 200
Washington, D.C. 20005
phone: (202) 347-5700
fax: (202) 347-2263

American Medical Association
515 North State Street
Chicago, Illinois 60610
phone: (312) 464-5530
fax: (312) 464-5842

Association of Maternal and Child Health Programs
1220 19th Street, N.W., Suite 801
Washington, D.C. 20036
phone: (202) 775-0436
fax: (202) 775-0061

Association of State and Territorial Health Officials
1275 K Street, N.W., Suite 800
Washington, D.C. 20005
phone: (202) 371-9090
fax: (202) 371-9797

Center for Continuing Education in Adolescent Health
Division of Adolescent Medicine
Children's Hospital Medical Center
3333 Burnet Avenue
Cincinnati, Ohio 45229
phone: (513) 636-4681
fax: (513) 636-7844

Center on Budget and Policy Priorities
820 First Street, N.E., Suite 510
Washington, D.C. 20002
phone: (202) 408-1080
fax: (202) 408-1056

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion
Division of Adolescent and School Health (DASH)
4770 Buford Highway N.E., MS/K-31
Atlanta, Georgia 30341-3724
phone: (770) 488-3196
fax: (770) 488-3111

Children's Defense Fund
25 E Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001
phone: (202) 628-8787
fax: (202) 662-3510

Family Health Council Inc.
The Adolescent Resource Network
960 Penn Avenue
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15222
phone: (412) 288-2139
fax: (412) 288-9036

## ADOLESCENT HEALTH, CONTINUED

Institute for Health Policy Studies
1388 Sutter Street, 11th Floor
San Francisco, California 94109
phone: (415) 476-4921
fax: (415) 476-0705

Institute for Youth Development
P. O. Box 16560
Washington, D.C. 20041
phone: (703) 471-8750
fax: (703) 471-8409

Maternal and Child Health Bureau
Adolescent Health Branch
Parklawn Building, Room 18A-39
5600 Fishers Lane
Rockville, Maryland 20857
phone: (301) 443-4026
fax: (301) 443-1296

National Teen Pregnancy Prevention
Resource Center
Box 721
420 Delaware Street, S.E.
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55455
phone: (612) 624-8644
fax: (612) 626-2134

National Coalition of Advocates for Youth
100 Boylston Street, Suite 737
Boston, Massachusetts 02116
phone: (617) 357-8507
fax: (617) 357-9549

National Governors' Association
444 North Capitol Street, Suite 267
Washington, D.C. 20001-1512
phone: (202) 624-5300
fax: (202) 624-5313

National Network for Youth
1319 F Street, N.W., Suite 401
Washington, D.C. 20004
phone: (202) 783-7949
fax: (202) 783-7955
nn4youth@aol.com

## COMMUNITY HEALTH

National Association of Community Health Centers
1330 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20036
phone: (202) 659-8008
fax: (202) 659-8519

Association of State and Territorial Health Officials
415 Second Street, N.E., Suite 200
Washington, D.C. 20002
phone: (202) 546-5400
fax: (202) 544-9349

## FAMILY PLANNING

The Alan Guttmacher Institute
120 Wall Street
New York, New York 10005
phone: (212) 248-1111
fax: (212) 248-1951

Center for Health Training
State Family Planning Administrators
1809 Seventh Avenue, Suite 400
Seattle, Washington 98101
phone: (206) 447-9538
fax: (206) 447-9539

The Center for Reproductive Law and Policy
120 Wall Street, 18th Floor
New York, New York 10005
phone: (212) 514-5534
fax: (212) 514-5538

National Family Planning and Reproductive
Health Association
122 C Street, N.W., Suite 380
Washington, D.C. 20001-2109
phone: (202) 628-3535
fax: (202) 737-2690

### FAMILY PLANNING, CONTINUED

National Organization on Adolescent Pregnancy, Parenting and Prevention
1319 F Street, N.W., Suite 400
Washington, D.C. 20004
phone: (202) 783-5770
fax: (202) 783-5775

Office of Population Affairs Clearinghouse
P.O. Box 30686
Bethesda, Maryland 20824-0686
phone: (301) 654-6190
fax: (301) 215-7731

Office of Population Affairs
East-West Towers, Suite 200 West
4350 East-West Highway
Bethesda, Maryland 20814
phone: (301) 594-4000
fax: (301) 594-5980

Planned Parenthood Federation of America
810 Seventh Avenue
New York, New York 10019
phone: (212) 541-7800
fax: (212) 245-1845

### GAY, LESBIAN, BISEXUAL AND TRANSGENDER YOUTH

American Civil Liberties Union Foundation
National Headquarters
Lesbian and Gay Rights/AIDS Project
132 West 43rd Street
New York, New York 10036
phone: (212) 944-9800 x545
fax: (212) 869-9061

American Psychological Association
Lesbian and Gay Concerns
750 First Street, N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002-4242
phone: (202) 336-6037
fax: (202) 336-6040

National Advocacy Coalition on Youth and Sexual Orientation
1711 Connecticut Avenue, N.W., Suite 206
Washington, D.C. 20009
phone: (202) 319-7596
fax: (202) 319-7365

National Gay and Lesbian Task Force and Policy Institute
2320 17th Street, N.W.,
Washington, D.C. 20009
phone: (202) 332-6483
fax: (202) 332-0207

### HIV/AIDS/STDs

American Civil Liberties Union Foundation
National Headquarters
Lesbian and Gay Rights/AIDS Project
132 West 43rd Street
New York, New York 10036
phone: (212) 944-9800 x545
fax: (212) 869-9061

American Academy of Pediatrics
Department of Government Liaison
Pediatric AIDS Coalition
601 13th Street, N.W., Suite 400 North
North Washington, D.C. 20005
phone: (202) 347-8600
fax: (202) 393-6137

American Bar Association
AIDS Coordinating Committee
740 15th Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20005
phone: (202) 662-1025
fax: (202) 662-1032

American Foundation for AIDS Research
Public Policy Office
1828 L Street, N.W., Suite 802
Washington, D.C. 20036
phone: (202) 331-8600
fax: (202) 331-8606

## HIV/AIDS/STDs, CONTINUED

American Institute for Teen AIDS Prevention
P.O. Box 136116
Fort Worth, Texas 76136
phone: (817) 237-0230
fax: (817) 238-2048

American Red Cross, National Headquarters
Office of HIV/AIDS Educational Development
8111 Gatehouse Road
Falls Church, Virginia 22042
phone: (703) 206-7130
fax: (703) 206-7754

American Social Health Association
311 Massachusetts Avenue, N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
phone: (202) 543-9129
fax: (202) 543-5327
National STD Hotline: (800) 227-8922

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
National AIDS Hotline
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Spanish service: (SIDA) (800) 344-7432
Deaf service: (TDD) (800) 243-7889
Clearinghouse: (800) 458-5231
STD Hotline: (800) 227-8922

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
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National Resource Center on Women and AIDS
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Making the Grade: State and Local Partnerships to Establish School-Based Health Centers
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National Association of State Boards of Education
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National Center for Health Education
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Institute for Educational Leadership
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National School Boards Association
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Office of School Health
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## SEXUALITY EDUCATION

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fax: (617) 969-5979

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New York, New York 10036
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fax: (212) 819-9776

## SUBSTANCE ABUSE

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Drug Strategies
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Washington, D.C. 20037
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National Association of State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Directors
808 Seventeenth Street, N.W., Suite 410
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fax: (202) 293-1250

National Clearinghouse for Alcohol and Drug Information
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Rockville, Maryland 20847-2345
phone: (800) 729-6686
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## SUICIDE

American Association of Suicidology
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fax: (202) 237-2282

Death With Dignity National Center
520 South El Camino Real, Suite 710
San Mateo, California 94402
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## TOBACCO

Americans for Nonsmokers Rights
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Berkeley, California 94702
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American Lung Association
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Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids
National Center for Tobacco-Free Kids
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Washington, D.C. 20036
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Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
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Atlanta Georgia 30341-3724
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Fax: (910) 741-4401

Tobacco Institute
1875 I Street, N.W., Suite 800
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fax: (202) 457-9350

Tobacco Product Liability Project
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United States Tobacco (UST)
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